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CONTINENTAL POOL RENEWED SAYS OFFICIAL

Steamship Companies' Conference Adjourns Until March 17 as Announcement Is Made of an Agreement for Year

HERR HEINEKEN TALKS

Managing Director of Norddeutscher-Lloyd Tells of 15-Year Compact Between His Line and Hamburg-Amerika

Special Cable to the Monitor from its European Bureau

LONDON—A conference of the north Atlantic shipping companies held here has been adjourned till March 17, when it will be resumed in Berlin. Adjournment was, it is stated, necessitated owing to the absence of sufficient information to deal finally with the various questions under discussion.

Meanwhile the agreement arranged for until the end of the present month will be continued until after the Berlin meeting. Meantime Herr Heineken, managing director of the Norddeutscher Lloyd, stated in an interview with a representative of the Times that an agreement had been reached between his company and the Hamburg-Amerika line on the subject of North Alantic trade for 15 years.

This agreement, the statement continues, covers all the matters connected with the North Atlantic services, but does not affect other trades.

The interview further sets forth that the continental pool, including, in addition to the German lines, the Holland-America and Red Star, has been renewed for one year definitely. This, Herr Heineken explained, was important as meaning that no disturbance of continental arrangement would occur, whatever might be the result of present negotiations.

SIGN TAXATION IS ADVOCATED AT STATE HOUSE

Before the committee on taxation at the State House on Wednesday Senator Charles A. Dean's bill for the taxation of bonds to the corporation which issues them rather than to the holders of those bonds, was postponed to March 4.

On the bills to provide for the taxation of electric signs and bill boards, Amos Weston of Boston, and Senator Malcolm E. Nichols of Boston, both favored the proposition and none opposed.

On the taxation of seats in the stock exchange, Representative William F. Doyle spoke for the legislation proposed. He said one has sold for $42,000.

Former First Asst. Atty.-Gen. Frederick P. Greenhalge made his first appearance as legislative counsel in opposition to this bill. Hearing closed.

FOURTH-CLASS TESTS ANNOUNCED

WASHINGTON—The postoffice department announces that examinations for fourth-class postmasters will be held April 4 and 18 in Massachusetts, and April 18 in Connecticut and Rhode Island.

ARMY AEROPLANES SEEN AS VITAL BY BRITISH WAR HEAD

Special Cable to the Monitor from its European Bureau

LONDON—Colonel Seely, secretary for war, made an interesting announcement on the question of military aeronautics in the House of Commons yesterday. The war office had 161 aeroplanes, he stated, but for the purpose of completing the proposed eight squadrons before the end of the year 250 aeroplanes were required.

The aeroplanes would, he stated, be manufactured in this country, and he hoped an all-British-made engine would soon be available.

Dealing with the necessity of aeroplanes for use with the army he maintained that an army without aeroplanes was doomed if opposed by forces provided with them.

OXFORD-CAMBRIDGE MEN PLAN JOINT RECEPTION IN BOSTON

Arrangements for a reception and dinner open to all residents of the United States and Canada who at any time have been resident students at either Oxford or Cambridge universities in England are being perfected by a volunteer committee. The gathering will be at the Hotel Somerset, Boston, Saturday night, May 2. Sir Arthur Cecil Spring-Rice, British ambassador to the United States, is chairman of the committee and will preside at the dinner.

The purpose of the assembly will be to unite the American students of the two universities. It will be the first such reunion ever held on this side of the Atlantic. It is thought that an effort may be made to have regular reunions of the students of the English universities. At present there is no American organization and at the meeting in May proposals to organize are likely to be considered.

In attendance will be delegations from Canada, New England, New York and probably from the diplomatic corps at Washington. Plans are being made for more than 150 guests.

Richard C. Maclaurin, president of Massachusetts Institute of Technology, is a member of the committee. President Maclaurin is a graduate of St. Johns College, Cambridge. Other members of the committee are: J. L. Coolidge, Balliol College, Oxford; H. Nollond, Trinity College, Cambridge; R. M. Johnston, Pembroke College, Cambridge; R. B. Merriman, Balliol College, Oxford; Bishop Parker, Keble College, Oxford; C. P. Parker, Balliol College, Oxford; the Rev. Endicott Peabody, Trinity College, Cambridge; W. Peterson, Corpus College, Oxford; Bishop Rhinelander, Christ church, Oxford; W. N. Shepardson, Balliol College, Oxford; the Rev. Anson P. Stokes, Oxford; C. N. C. Wright, Trinity College, Oxford. Applications are being received by the secretaries of the committee in charge, F. Schenck, 52 Brattle street, Cambridge, Mass., and I. T. Rule of Newburyport, Mass.

INQUIRY INTO THE BURNING OF SOUTH AFRICAN PAPERS URGED

Special Cable to the Monitor from its European Bureau

LONDON—General Smuts yesterday moved a resolution in the South African Parliament for the appointment of a select committee to inquire into the burning of certain official papers and especially to report as to information obtained by Mr. Creswell. The latter has, however, refused to answer any questions relating to the matter.

During the committee stage of the indemnity bill, the second reading of which was carried, General Hertzog spoke on the proposed amendment providing for a special court of appeal in which actions against the government could be heard. General Smuts repeated the statement that a proclamation withdrawing martial law should be issued the moment the bill was passed.

PARLIAMENT VISIT FOR DEPORTED MEN PLAN FOR TODAY

Special Cable to the Monitor from its European Bureau

LONDON—The deported South African labor leaders are to visit the House of Commons this afternoon and will be entertained at dinner tonight with Ramsay Macdonald in the chair. No official statements will, however, be made before the public demonstration taking place at the London opera house tomorrow.

STEAMSHIP IN A FUEL EXPERIMENT



Danish vessel Maryland on first of coal vs. oil tests

FRENCH INCOME TAX IS PROBABLE BEFORE ELECTIONS

Defeat of M. Perchot's Motion Regarded as Favorable to Ultimate Passage of the Bill

Special Cable to the Monitor from its European Bureau

PARIS—M. Perchot, a supporter of the government, brought forward a motion yesterday which aimed at substituting a direct tax upon incomes for the existing taxes on houses and other property. A majority was defeated in the Senate by the narrow margin of 140 votes to 136. M. Perchot's motion was an amendment to alternative proposals of the Senate's committee.

The defeat of the motion renders the passing of the income tax bill before the elections probable. Since, however, the question of a conference had not been put, the defeat of M. Perchot's motion will not, it is expected, have any immediate consequences.

WABASH RAILROAD RECEIVER RESIGNS

ST. LOUIS—W. K. Bixby today wired his resignation as receiver of the Wabash railroad to Federal Circuit Judge Elmer B. Adams. Inability to perform the duties of his office was assigned as reason.

DANISH LINER IN MOTIVE POWER TEST IS IN PORT

Steamship Maryland, Being Operated With Sister Vessel Which Uses Oil for Fuel, to Show Comparative Merits

DISCHARGING CARGO

Relative efficiency of oil-burning motorships and coal-burning steamships in the transatlantic service is being determined by tests conducted on two Danish vessels, one of which, the steamship Maryland, is now tied up at pier 50, Mystic docks, Charlestown, after completing her initial crossing from Copenhagen. The Maryland is sister ship to the motor-driven California which was here on her first trip last October.

On the behavior of the steamer probably will depend the future of the oil-burning ships built for the United Steamship Company of Copenhagen, owners of the two vessels. The careers of each type of craft will be watched closely and recorded. They were built especially for the experiment.

Should the tests prove the Maryland to be better fitted for conditions at sea than is the California, it is probable that the oil-burning internal combustion motor will be forsaken by this company and the coal burners retained.

The Maryland is 414 feet in length, 55¾ feet beam and 33 feet depth of hold and is the product of a German shipyard from which she was but recently delivered. She is a steel vessel, equipped with many modern improvements in marine architecture. Her engines are of the triple expansion type, developing 2500 horsepower. The vessel has a cargo-carrying capacity for 8200 tons dead weight.

The California is propelled by twin engines of 1300 horsepower, each of which developed an average speed of 11½ knots per hour on her first voyage here. The engines and eight cylinder and of the Diesel type, operating on crude oil. Each cylinder is 31¼x28½ inches.

On the opening of the Panama canal the Maryland probably will be assigned to the new service between Copenhagen and the west coast of South America which the owners are to establish. On her trip to Boston the liner encountered adverse conditions at sea, delaying her four days. On Feb. 12 she was obliged to remain hove-to all day. Capt. B. Orsted, who has been running in the Boston-Copenhagen route for many years, commands the new steamship. At Mystic docks the Maryland is discharging a general cargo of 5400 tons.

LOWELL WANTS RIVER BETTERED

WASHINGTON—The Lowell Motor Boat Club, through Walter S. Shaw, secretary, is making an appeal for improvement of the Merrimac river above Lowell. The rivers and harbors bill provides for a survey up to Manchester.

COMMISSIONER O'HEARN QUALIFIES

Patrick O'Hearn, the newly appointed building commissioner, qualified today and assumed his duties which have been under the direction of John M. Minton, the election commissioner, since Arthur G. Everett was dismissed.

SCHOOLCHILDREN HEAR JAPANESE TOYS DESCRIBED

Miss Clara Blattner Tells Stories of Customs and Manners of People of That Country

Public school children are visiting the exhibition of Japanese toys in the lecture room of the Boston Museum of Fine Arts today, and Miss Clara Blattner of St. Louis, Mo., who is now in Boston is telling the story of the toys. Miss Blattner has resided in Japan and studied the manners and customs of the Japanese people.

Among the curious customs cited to the interested group of listeners this morning was the description of the old-fashioned fire department of Japan in which little hand pumps are used. A miniature fire department is among the toys. Another queer toy is the bath tub with its tiny stove which Miss Blattner said was placed in the water, filled with coals and lighted. As the stove warms, the water around it gradually heats. She explained how the Japanese women washed their clothes ripping them to pieces first.

These talks will be given every day this week, two or three times a day.

B. & A. WILLING TO SELL BACK BAY LAND, SAYS MAYOR

Strips Between Boylston Street and Huntington Avenue May Be Opened to Development

Announcement that the Boston & Albany railroad is willing to sell for development purposes strips of land 70 feet in depth running the entire length of the yards on Boylston street, and from the Hotel Lenox to Huntington avenue, comes from Mayor Curley, who believes that this is wide enough for business houses to build on.

In a conference with railroad officials yesterday relative to the proposed development of the road's car storage and freight yards off Boylston street, the mayor presented a $50,000,000 scheme to use these yards as the site for a big central terminal for railroads entering Boston.

The mayor stated that the scheme has not been given his approval as yet, but is the work of Walter S. Kelly, a consulting engineer of Brookline.

The officials in conference with Mayor Curley were H. M. Biscoe and R. Van Unnersen.

BOSTON OPPOSES BILL FOR NEW QUINCY BRIDGE

John A. Sullivan, Corporation Counsel, Urges Committee Not to Favor the Proposed Law

Corporation Counsel John A. Sullivan of the city of Boston appeared before the committee on roads and bridges at the State House this morning to record the city's protest against the bill providing for the construction of a new bridge between Boston and Quincy. Mr. Sullivan said that the city cannot afford the expense. He said that the city is willing to construct a wider draw in the present structure.

Mr. Sullivan said that the city favored the other bills which would make state highways of North Beacon street and Concord avenue.

Representative Herbert A. Wilson and Representative Martin Hays favored the bill to make North Beacon street a state highway. The street was described as the principal artery from Marlboro and the adjacent towns to Boston.

According to the estimate of the state highway commission, the construction of a new roadway 80 feet wide from Boston to Watertown would cost $848,000, inclusive of all damages. Representative Wilson said that the city of Boston and the town of Watertown are ready to assume all damages incurred.

William F. Gilman said that in view of the state policy of economy he desired to have his petition for widening Metropolitan avenue in Hyde Park referred to the next General Court.

The petition of the mayor of Cambridge for the state to develop and improve Concord avenue in Cambridge was continued with the understanding that a new draft would be submitted.

Attorney James F. Jackson for the Bay State Street Railway Company opposed the Boston-Quincy bridge bill.

AURORA DUE TO REACH AUSTRALIA FROM ANTARCTIC

Special Cable to the Monitor from its European Bureau

LONDON—The Aurora, with Dr. Mawson's Antarctic expedition on Board, is due at Port Adelaide, Australia, this morning.

The Aurora left England for Australia in 1911, the expedition starting for the Antarctic regions in December of the same year on an exploration trip, which it is understood has been most successful.

B. & M.-HAMPDEN DEAL POSTPONED WITHOUT DATE

Chairman Frederick J. Macleod of State Public Service Board Says Stockholders of Neither Road Were Consulted

MAY AWAIT TRUSTEES

Arguments Advanced by Counsel for Both Companies—Financial Bar to Plan of Corporations Is Alleged to Exist

Because neither road had got the sanction of its stockholders, apparently, Frederick J. MacLeod, chairman of the public service commission, postponed until an indefinite date, the hearing today on the operating agreement of the Boston & Maine and the Hampden railroads. Just before the hearing was closed, Edgar J. Rich, counsel for the former, asked approval of the lease on the ground that refusal may give the Grand Trunk an opportunity to use the road.

Mr. Macleod also pointed out that putting back the hearing some time would give the proposed B. & M. trustees opportunity to act in the question provided they were appointed before it was decided.

Franklin T. Hammond, special counsel for the public service commission, at the hearing declared the Boston & Maine had enough to do with its money toward improvements without entering into any new projects such as this agreement involved. He said the agreement meant an expenditure of $165,000 to the Boston & Maine.

The Hampden road was represented by Edgar L. Gillett, president; Oren E. Parks, general manager, and Henry W. Ely, general solicitor; the Boston & Maine by Edgar J. Rich; the Old Colony Trust Company and the National Shawmut Bank by Frederick E. Snow. These banks provided the loan of $1,400,000 to build the Hampden road, which extends from Springfield to Bondsville.

Bernard J. Rothwell, former president of the Boston Chamber of Commerce, appeared as an interested citizen.

Mr. Rich, who represented the Boston & Maine, declared that the question at issue was whether the Hampden road should be operated under the agreement or under a lease. He said it would be necessary to get the sanction of the

(Continued on page ten, column one)

MR. BYRNES WIRES BOARD OFFER TO TESTIFY IN MAY

Timothy E. Byrnes, former vice-president of the New Haven railroad, has telegraphed from Riverside, Cal., to the Massachusetts public service commission offering to appear before them to give any information he has on the "other expenses" of the road, after May 1 when he will be in this city.

In answer to the "delayed letter 10th" received by Mr. Byrnes from the commission he states that he has no report of the proceedings before the commission since December and is not sufficiently informed to make any request of that body. Frederick J. Macleod, chairman of the commission, said today that the telegram would be acted upon in executive session today to determine whether the subject would be kept open long enough to include the testimony of Mr. Byrnes.

BARBER EXAMINER BILL IS REPORTED

The committee on public health in the House today reported a bill providing for a state board of barber examiners and for registration of all barbers in the state.

Favorable report was made on the bill to erect a tablet or monument costing not more than $2500 at some prominent location in Porto Rico in commemoration of the services of the sixth Massachusetts volunteers during the Spanish-American war.

NEW CHAIRMAN OF FINANCE BOARD TAKES UP DUTIES

John R. Murphy Visits Mayor and Rooms of the Commission in the Tremont Building

John R. Murphy, the newly-appointed chairman of the Boston finance commission, today visited Mayor Curley at city hall, and after being congratulated was asked to take under consideration soon the law regarding water assessments which provides that, unless metered, no matter how high the assessed valuation of a residence may be, it will not have a water tax imposed on it for a valuation above $25,000. The mayor believes that while one half of the city is taxed by meter, much loss results through the assessed valuation plan.



(Photo by Conlin)
JOHN R. MURPHY

The appointment of Mr. Murphy was made yesterday during an executive session and was confirmed by the council within 10 minutes. Mr. Murphy succeeds John A. Sullivan, appointed corporation counsel by Mayor Curley.

The new chairman has had a long career as a leader in Democratic politics. He went to the Legislature in 1883, '84 and '85, and to the Senate in 1886. For three years he was prominent in the committee on public charitable institutions, and in the Senate was chairman of the committee on printing.

In 1886 Mayor O'Brien made Mr. Murphy fire commissioner. He served until the office of commissioner of wires was created, when he was given that appointment.

During the last city campaign Mr. Murphy was a candidate for mayor, but withdrew. As an attorney he is rated highly.

VANDERBILT RUN IS STARTED

SANTA MONICA, Cal.—The Vanderbilt cup race started at 10:05 a. m. today on the Santa Monica course, when Harry Grant was sent away. The other cars in the race were sent away at intervals of 15 seconds.

LEXINGTON GETS NEW CARRIER

WASHINGTON—Representative F. S. Deitrick has secured an additional carrier for the Lexington postoffice.

MUSIC TEACHER REGISTRATION BILL IS ARGUED

Examination of Instructors and Licensing Them by State Board as Proposed in Measure Is Opposed Before Committee

MR. SEAMAN FAVORS

One Speaker Appears to Ask Lawmakers to Recommend That Legislature Inaugurate New Restriction in State

Registration of all teachers of music by a state board to be made for this purpose was opposed by nearly all who spoke on this subject at a public hearing today before the legislative committee on education at the State House.

It was urged that such a board of registration would tend to restrict the teaching of music to some particular school or schools and legislate many youthful teachers out of a vocation.

Claude E. Hackelton of Boston, on whose petition the bill, House bill 1274, was presented, did not appear before the committee during the hearing although he was present before it was opened and asked to be heard later in favor of the measure.

Robert Seaman of Boston, the only speaker for the bill, said he favored that portion which requires teachers of music to be examined by a state board before they publicly can announce themselves as music teachers. Otherwise, he said, persons unfit for teaching might give pupils a wrong start and hinder their work afterwards.

In opposition to the measure Joseph Gregory of Boston, a vocal teacher, said that he especially was opposed to that provision in the bill which read that of the five members of the proposed state music board, three should be graduates of some legally chartered conservatory or school of music empowered to grant degrees. This was putting the power of granting licenses to teach music too much in the hands of a few persons who adhered to the teachings of some particular school of music, he said.

E. H. Borrows of Somerville opposed the bill and specified the section requiring teachers to be 21 as being particularly harmful. This section, he said, would operate against many students who are teaching the elementary branches of music as a means of getting funds for use in obtaining an education.

Representative George F. Morse of Lancaster, chairman of the Lancaster school committee, recorded himself in opposition to the bill as a whole.

L. E. Lasalle of Boston, a publisher of piano music, William R. Newhall of Lynn and E. A. Thomas of Marshfield opposed the bill as being unnecessarily restrictive and impractical. The hearing was then closed.

SUM OF £2,500,000 MORE ASKED FOR BRITISH BUDGET

Special Cable to the Monitor from its European Bureau

LONDON—A white paper was issued last night giving an estimate of the additional sum of £2,500,000 required to be voted for the government for the year ending March 31.

MRS. PANKHURST ASKS KING TO GRANT WOMEN AN AUDIENCE

Writes Letter Requesting That Deputation May Submit in Person Claim to Parliamentary Vote Regarding Alleged Social and Industrial Wrongs

Special Cable to the Monitor from its European Bureau

LONDON—A letter was despatched yesterday by Mrs. Pankhurst to the King begging His Majesty to grant an audience to a deputation representing the Women's Social and Political Union, who were anxious to submit in person their claim to a Parliamentary vote, which they maintain is the only protection against the industrial and social wrongs from which women suffer.

The deputation, the letter explained, wished further to lay before the King complaints of the medieval and barbarous methods of torture resorted to in the effort to repress the women's revolt against deprivation of citizens' rights.

SUFFRAGISTS IN LONDON RELEASED BUT ONE IS FINED

Special Cable to the Monitor from its European Bureau

LONDON—Four men and two women, arrested for holding a meeting in Parliament square, were brought up at the Bow street police court yesterday. H. W. Nevinson was bound over in his own recognizances to keep the peace for six months, whilst Francis Meynell was ordered to pay a fine of 40s. or undergo seven days' imprisonment.

The other accused were treated the same as Mr. Nevinson, but all refused to be bound over. After luncheon adjournment, the five who had been ordered to be bound over were addressed by the magistrate and ultimately released.

"Chicago Homes With History," an article published on page 4 of the Monitor of February 25th, is filled with historical and personal interest to many who live in or know America's second largest city. If a friend is interested in Chicago news an article like that is of great interest—particularly if contained in marked copy sent by you.

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Eastern Bengal Sees Maneuvers of British Troops

COLUMN MORE THAN TWO MILES LONG IN MARCH

Impressive Operations Said to Have Been Attended by Gratifying Success so Far as Effect on Public is Concerned

HOUSE TOPS FILLED

(Special to the Monitor)

CALCUTTA, India—Military maneuvers have been taking place in eastern Bengal in which some 30,000 troops, British and Indian, participated. The maneuvers commenced by a march in column through Dacca of the greater part of the troops participating in the maneuvers.

Dacca is the ancient Muhammadan capital of Bengal, and is still the center of the most turbulent element in this part of India. The operations appear to have been attended by gratifying success, so far as the effect produced on the public is concerned. The route chosen for the march past ran close to the musjid, or mosque, past the walls which were laid low by the naval brigade in 1857 and 1858. The column was more than two miles long.

The rampart of the wall formed a spacious grandstand for Europeans and leading Indian spectators. General Scallon commanding the Lucknow district, who is in chief command, took the salute. The order of the march was as follows: The column was led by the superintendent of police, accompanied by the officer commanding the East Surrey regiment and his orderly officer. Immediately after them came the divisional signaling company, followed by the Boy Scouts. Then came the lieutenant-general commanding the eighth division, followed by his headquarters staff. He was followed by the sanitary section and a half company of sappers and miners.

The officer commanding the mounted troops followed surrounded by his staff, and behind these a squadron of the seventeenth cavalry and fourth brigade Royal Field Artillery. Thirty paces in rear of these came the general officer commanding infantry and staff, followed by four and a half battalions of infantry, the machine gun detachment and the band and pipes of the second and tenth Gurkhas. The section of the British field hospital brought up the rear.

The march past is described as having been a thrilling sight, all the troops being in field service order, and the force thus looking more real and workmanlike than when dressed for ceremonial parade. The house tops on either side of the streets were crowded with people, as were also the chabootras, or raised platforms which surround the larger dwelling places. There were, says one account, a few isolated cries of "Hip, hip, hurrah," with the accent on the first syllable, and an occasional attempt at decoration with bunting, but otherwise there was no demonstration. The troops were under arms for four hours.

The reason for this demonstration was avowedly to impress the people of eastern Bengal with some idea of the armed might of Britain. It is stated that white troops have never before been seen in many of the regions in which the operations took place, and it is certain that the troops roused an immense amount of interest on the part of the denizens of eastern Bengal.

The Black Watch, for example, the celebrated highland regiment, marched from Barisal to Dacca through many villages where the face of the white man is unknown. At the first report that the terrible Scottish soldiers were coming, the timid peasantry fled from their villages, and, but for the exertions of the magistrates of the districts, the Black Watch would have passed through a deserted country.

The district authorities, however, caused it to be announced by beat of drum that the white soldiers were not coming with any intention of oppressing or "looting" the villagers, but only of showing them how efficiently they were able to defend their lives and property. Reassured by these statements the villagers returned, and the Black Watch as it passed through village after village was received with enthusiasm, passed under triumphal arches, and was regaled with oranges.

It has been stated, in fact, that these ceremonial receptions have been rather overdone. The conduct of the men has, however, been without reproach, and the effect of their passage through eastern Bengal has undoubtedly been to show the Indians that British soldiers are civilized men, and not the barbarians they have been taught to believe them.

AT THE THEATERS

BOSTON

BOSTON—"Way Down East," 8:10.
CASTLE—Farce, daily, 2:30, 8:10.
COLONIAL—"The Doll Girl," 8.
COURT—"When Dreams Come True," 8:15.
HOLLIS—"The New Henrietta," 8.
KEITH'S—Vaudeville, daily, 2, 7:45.
MAJESTIC—"Within the Law," 8:10.
PARK—"The Argyle Case," 8.
PLYMOUTH—"Under Cover," 8:05.
SHUBERT—Miss Grace George, 8:10.
TREMONT—Raymond Hitchcock, 8.

Boston Opera House

Friday, 8 p. m., "Otello."
Saturday, 2 p. m., "Monna Vanna"; 8 p. m., "Traviata."
Sunday, 8 p. m., concert by opera artists, Mme. Maria Gay, principal soloist.

Concerts

Friday, Symphony hall, 2:30 p. m., sixteenth public rehearsal, Boston Symphony orchestra.
Saturday, Symphony hall, 2:30 p. m., recital by Mme. Schumann-Heink, contralto, and Miss Nina Fletcher, violinist; 8 p. m., sixteenth concert, Boston Symphony orchestra.
Sunday, Symphony hall, 3:30 p. m., concert by Mme. Elisabeth van Endert and orchestra of Symphony men, Otto Urack, conductor.

Other Entertainments

Public library—Talk on the housing question, by Walter H. Kilham, 8.
Tremont Temple—Captain Scott's South pole pictures, daily, 2, 8.
Twentieth Century Club—English bell ringers, 8.

NEW YORK

ASTOR—"Seven Keys to Baldpate."
BELASCO—Miss Frances Starr.
BOOTH—"Omar."
COHAN—"Potash and Perlmutter."
COMEDY—"Kitty Mackay."
CORT—"Peg o' My Heart."
ELLIOTT—"Help Wanted."
EMPIRE—Miss Maude Adams.
FAIRY—"Along Came Ruth."
GRAND—Chauncey Olcott.
HUDSON—William Collier.
LIBERTY—"Sari."
LITTLE—"The Philanderer."
LONGACRE—"Maria Rosa."
LYCEUM—Miss Billie Burke.
MANHATTAN—"The Whip."
PLAYHOUSE—"Things That Count."
SHUBERTS—"A Thousand Years Ago."
THIRTY-NINTH—"Too Many Cooks."
WALLACKS—Cyril Maude in "Grumpy."

CHICAGO

AUDITORIUM—Weber and Fields.
BLACKSTONE—Ethel Barrymore, "Taute."
FINE ARTS—Irish Players.
GRAND—"Seven Keys to Baldpate."
ILLINOIS—Miss Christie Macdonald.
OLYMPIC—"Trail of Lonesome Pine."
POWERS—"Young Wisdom."
STUDEBAKER—"The Speckled Band."

WORK OF LONDON CADET CORPS TOLD AT NORTHAMPTON

(Special to the Monitor)

NORTHAMPTON, England—Douglas Halliday Macartney, chairman of the London Cadet Corps, which has lately been established, recently delivered an address on the objects and works of the Corps at the Northampton Polytechnic Institute.

The movement, Mr. Macartney said, had already secured the patronage of the Duke of Argyll, the Duke of Westminster, Lord Methuen, Walter Long, Lord Cheylesmore, Lord Northampton and others. Every British boy, irrespective of class, should be liable to registration for cadet service at the age of 12.

From 12 to 14 the primary aim should be physical development and the formation of character. At 14, in addition to a more advanced course of physical instruction, military training should be introduced and this service should be compulsory until 18. The hours to be assigned to military instruction should be not less than 1½ hours a week, and 15 minutes daily should be the minimum for physical training.

Shooting should be encouraged and route-marching and signalling included in the curriculum. There was need of a central cadet organization and of local cadet committees, upon which there should be representatives from each corp and officers commanding local territorial units.

SEAL IS SEEN IN RIVER HUMBER

(Special to the Monitor)

HULL, England—It is reported that quite recently a large seal swam into the river Humber and at Hull endeavored to effect a landing on the sloping embankment near the docks. It was only prevented from doing this by the shouts of the crowd.

FRANCE SEEKS TO REMOVE THE SCHOOLS FROM POLITICS

(Special to the Monitor)

PARIS—An important question relating to French education has been settled by the Chamber, who have decided by a large majority that in future the teachers of public elementary schools shall be nominated, transferred and dismissed by a newly constituted educational committee instead of as hitherto by the prefect of the arrondissement.

The minister of education was opposed to this plan and supported the old regime, which forms part of the political system of the radical party, and which brings all "fonctionneurs" within the jurisdiction of political patronage so as to maintain political authority throughout the country.

The effect of this decision is generally regarded as favorable to the cause of education, since it lifts the public school teacher entirely above the arena of politics, and makes his career in future entirely independent of political influence of any kind.

Apart from the effect upon public school teachers as a body, it also throws considerable light on the attitude of a large proportion of the Chamber towards the power now possessed by the prefects, and towards the system which has biased all departmental administration by political considerations. The vote is the more significant coming as it does on the near approach of the general elections, for it would seem to indicate some determination to liberate the regular administration of the country from its hitherto baneful political rule.

BELGIUM TO HAVE AVIATOR SCOUTS

(Special to the Monitor)

GHENT, Belgium—The minister of war has decided to organize a special corps of officers who will be known as aviator scouts. The officers selected for this service are to be recruited from the general staff as well as from the line. The main posts of observation have been actually established in the localities of Antwerp, Namur, Mons, Hasselt and Bruges.

MANY PROBLEMS CONFRONT ITALY'S PARLIAMENT SESSION

Libyan Question Said to Have Raised Many Others That Are Not Domestic, But It Is Hoped They Will Be Solved With Display of Good Sense and Temper

(Special correspondence of the Monitor)

FLORENCE, Italy—Parliament assembled on Feb. 3, after the recess, and found that it had almost more than enough work to do. Much of its time must be taken up in debating and settling Libyan questions and for the moment the Socialists seem to be occupied in thinking in which direction they shall hit hardest.

It must be remembered that the Libyan question raises many others which are not domestic, and that Italy has become involved to a certain extent in negotiations that at times seem to be discouraging. The question of the occupation of the Dodecanese is still under discussion at the time of writing, and will doubtless be settled by good sense and good temper.

It is above all to be hoped that diplomatic questions such as this will not be subjected to the noisy and seldom straight-forward process of parliamentary discussion.

In the mean time, the congress of the Radical party came to an end, and its results showed, among other things, two resolutions against the present ministry. One of these, in as many words, accused government of having winked at infractions of the law of religious congregations and their inability to hold property. The other urged that Radicals, as members of a party, should withdraw their support from the ministry, while there was a large number who declined to be bound in Parliament by this caucus action.

The interest in these events lies in the fact that it makes more uncertainty in the parliamentary struggle. Signor Giolitti is said to have referred to the Radicals as "the indefinable party." By this it must be presumed that he meant a party uncertain in its aims and loose in its organization.

The judgment of so shrewd a man must always carry weight, but the observer of Italian politics will ask, What is the opinion among the men whom such a party represents? No one can say that that opinion does not turn more or less in the direction of improvement and more light, and away from politics which are rapidly proving themselves unwholesome to a state.

POLICY OF UNITED STATES IN AMERICAN CONTINENT IS TOLD

(Special correspondence of the Monitor)

NEWCASTLE, Eng.—The United States ambassador was the guest lately of the Newcastle and Gateshead Chamber of Commerce at a banquet given in Tilley's rooms, Market street, Newcastle.

In the course of a speech his excellency said it might interest them if he explained to them a little matter that touched trade, that touched international politics, that touched civilization—he meant the relations of the United States with the turbulent states to the south of it, taking Mexico simply as an example.

The United States did not want any more territory. That was not a mere expression of the usual American modesty. It was a sincere declaration of a great economic fact, for which there were several reasons. One reason was that self-government happened to be the one thing upon which every man, woman and child in the United States had no difference.

A second reason was that a man who afterwards became President of the United States had announced 70 years ago that it would be considered an unfriendly act to the United States if any European government acquired more territory on the American continent. Thanks to British cooperation, that was truer today than it was then. The reason was not in the slightest any hostility to European powers, but because the United States had dedicated, so far as they could, the American continent to the principle of self-government by the people who lived there.

Proceeding, his excellency referred to the granting of self-government to Cuba and prophesied similar treatment of the Philippines and Costa Rica. The one fundamental and unalterable fact that lay as the cornerstone of the United States republic and clinched it as a keystone, was that people must govern themselves and there was no receding from that.

MUCH WORK DONE FOR PARLIAMENT OPENING



(Copyright by Sport and General)

Dusting seats on treasury bench in preparation for the opening of the British Parliament

AUSTRALIA SHOWS DROP IN CUSTOMS

(Special to the Monitor)

MELBOURNE, Australia—For the financial year ending June 30, 1914, a decrease in the Commonwealth customs revenue was estimated at £653,000. For the six months ended Dec. 31 last, the actual decrease amounted to £466,493, as compared with the corresponding period in 1912.

The postal revenue was expected to show an increase of £323,084 for the year 1913-1914, and during the six months ended Dec. 31 last the increase over the corresponding period of the preceding year has amounted to £153,673.

SOUTH SEA TRADE VESSELS ORDERED

(Special to the Monitor)

HOBART, Tasmania—Some time ago Messrs. Finlayson Brothers of Devonport, Tasmania, received an order from Messrs. Burns, Philp & Co. of Sydney, for the construction of three vessels for trading between the New Hebrides, New Guinea, and the South Sea islands, where the company have a number of large depots or stores.

The vessels are for the use of island traders in running to and from the different islands. The vessels, which will be mainly built of Tasmanian timbers, will be ketch rigged, and fitted with an auxiliary engine of 35 horsepower.

THREE NEW BISHOPRICS ARE FILLED BY KING OF ENGLAND

(Special to the Monitor)

LONDON—It is announced that the King has been pleased to approve the following appointments: To be Bishop of Sheffield, the Right Rev. L. H. Burrows, Bishop Suffragan of Lewes. To be Bishop of Chelmsford, the Rev. J. E. Watts-Ditchfield, vicar of St. James-the-Less, Bethnal Green. To be Bishop of St. Edmonsbury and Ipswich: the Venerable H. B. Hodgson, Archdeacon of Lindisfarne. The three bishoprics thus filled were constituted under a recent act of Parliament and were formally proclaimed by his majesty at the last meeting of the privy council.

The new Bishop of Sheffield was educated at Charterhouse and New College, Oxford, where he took his M. A. degree in 1884. He was vicar of Wrecclesham, Surrey, from 1886 to 1888, and of Godalming from 1888 till 1904. From 1904 till 1909 he was vicar and rural dean of Croydon and in 1909 became Bishop Suffragan of Lewes. The Bishop of Chelmsford was educated at Victoria University, Manchester, and at the London College of Divinity. In 1897 he became vicar of St. James-the-Less, Bethnal Green. He was select preacher at Cambridge University in 1909 and 1913, and was lecturer in paatoral theology there in 1912-13.

Mr. Watts-Ditchfield has been a member of the Bethnal Green board of guardians since 1899. Among his published works are "Fishers of Men" and "Here and Hereafter." The Venerable H. B. Hodgson, who is now Bishop of St. Edmonsbury and Ipswich, was educated at Shrewsbury and Oxford, where he took a first class in Moderations in 1876, and a first in Literae Humaniores in 1878 while in 1881 he took his M. A. degree. From 1885 to 1886 he was headmaster of Birkenhead school. He was vicar of Staverton, Northants, from 1881 to 1885 and of Thornbury, Gloucestershire, from 1886 till 1897, when he became vicar of Berwick-on-Tweed. In 1904 he became Archdeacon of Lindisfarne.

PEACE CONVENTION PLANS UNSETTLED

(Special to the Monitor)

AMSTERDAM, Holland—The reported invitation of the United States to the powers for the holding of a peace conference at The Hague in 1915 is contradicted. The Netherlands government is taking measures for the formation of an international committee for the settlement of the program of the third peace conference, but it is not probable that the conference will be held in 1915.

(Special to the Monitor)

LONDON—Many picturesque ceremonies attach to the opening of Parliament but the preparations for the return of the members also involve much laborious work. The House of Commons and the House of Lords have both to be cleaned out, the seats dusted and other necessary work done, all of which takes up a good deal of time.

PARTY REPRESENTATION IN BRITISH CABINET PROPOSED

(Special to the Monitor)

LONDON—Sydney Low, in the third lecture on "The Governance of the British Empire" which he delivered at King's College recently dealt with the cabinet system, which he described as the most interesting and distinctive feature of the British political system.

Indeed, he said, it might be described as a British invention in contrast to the parliamentary institutions which were common to many races and many ages. Barely 100 years old it had grown silently and secretly, a fact which Mr. Low illustrated by mentioning that the word cabinet did not appear on any official notice paper of the House of Commons until Dec. 10, 1900, when an amendment to the address was moved with reference to the appointment of the then prime minister, of members of his family to "offices in the cabinet."

So, too, the first mention of the words prime minister in a legal document was in the treaty of Berlin of 1878, when Lord Beaconsfield, one of the English plenipotentiaries, was described as "The First Lord of his Majesty's Treasury and Prime Minister of England." On Dec. 2, 1905, the prime minister received further official mention when a proclamation was issued by King Edward in which he was given precedence after the Archbishop of York, and he had also been recognized as the official president of the colonial conferences.

As to the party character of the cabinet, Mr. Low pointed out that though the advantages of the system under which the members of the cabinet were exclusively drawn from one party were apparent, yet it might perhaps some day be found better to return to the earlier theory under which it was held that the cabinet should be constituted from various parties. That idea was likely to receive more serious discussion in the years that lay ahead, particularly from the imperial point of view.

When they were dealing with the affairs of the empire they were getting away from the party lines and party divisions, more or less artificial, which prevailed in this country, and if parties existed in the future they would probably be less rigid, less closely defined, and would be formed upon a different plan from that which existed at present.

If the affairs of the empire were to be administered as a whole by some central executive body representative of the entire realm, one could hardly conceive it possible that the old party divisions would remain, or that they would exercise that great and, to some extent, useful influence which they had brought to bear upon British politics in the past.

SHIPYARDS HAVE LARGE ORDERS

(Special to the Monitor)

MELBOURNE, Australia—The Victorian state shipbuilding yards at Williamstown, employing 300 hands, have orders in hand representing about £250,000, covering a period of three years' work. The vessels at present under construction are small craft, lighters, dredges and tugs required by the ports and harbors department.

M. MAETERLINCK CALLS PAPAL EDICT "A TRIVIAL AFFAIR"

(Special to the Monitor)

PARIS, France—In reply to an inquiry by the Temps on his opinion of the action of the papal authorities in placing his works on the Index, M. Maeterlinck answered as follows: "Why invest with importance a trivial affair by commenting upon it? You would not advise me to complain of or discuss a condemnation which came from Lhassa or Timbuctoo. Rome, it is true, is nearer in matter of distance, but it is still a very long way from, Yours cordially, Maeterlinck."

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New Islam Revolt in Progress Along Peace Lines

GREAT CHANGES SEEN IN LAST THIRTY YEARS

Education Is Called Chief Factor in the Increasing Acceptance of Doctrines of Cooperation Which Are Advocated in India

WORLD IS INTERESTED

(Special to the Monitor)

LONDON—One of the most important factors in the external relations of those countries bordering upon the Muhammadan belt, or owning possessions within this belt is the question of Islam. For many years past, but especially within the last two years, this question has presented itself in various phases for serious consideration.

Italy has come in contact with it and is still faced with it in Tripoli and Cyrenaica; France has been grappling with it for the last 70 years in Algiers and Tunis, and in that vast land which stretches south through the Sahara and beyond.

Germany is learning something of its meaning as she develops her influence on the Turco-Persian frontier, and pushes her line on the road to Bagdad; and England now for nearly 200 years has doggedly worked away at its solution in her great dependency of India and in her protectorate of Egypt.

For centuries Europe barely held its own against Islam in arms.

In the fifteenth century it called for all the courage of the Great White Knight of Hungary and his vast hosts of Christian followers of all lands, to prevent the Muhammadan flood from sweeping Europe. Toward the close of the seventeenth century, however, Islam, as a great fighting factor, began to decay, and gradually the face of things changed. Islam no longer was found the aggressor. It acted more and more on the defensive, and finally, in Europe at any rate, lapsed into that position, still occupied by the Turkish empire, which owes its preservation so largely to the fact that the Christian powers see no prospect of agreeing amongst themselves as to how it shall be partitioned.

During the last two years Islam has received many hard blows. By the Franco-German agreement of 1911, Morocco passed, in everything but name, under the Christian domination of France; by the treaty of Lausanne of October, 1912, Tripoli passed absolutely to the Christian power of Italy; and by the treaty of Bucharest the empire of Turkey-in-Europe was reduced to insignificant dimensions. Such events have not passed unnoticed in the Muhammadan world.

Again and again during this time efforts have been made to raise the cry of "Islam in danger!" and rally the faithful to engage in a Jehad against the victorious onward march of the infidel. But whilst this has made the thoughtful statesman think more deeply, nevertheless the very failure of the efforts would seem to prove conclusively that a change has come over the habit of Islam.

Again and again the Jehad has come to naught, and again and again the flood has threatened its embankments but has surged back again into its accustomed channels. In Tripoli during the Turco-Italian war it was the Muhammadan Arabs who rallied round Enver Pasha and who really held their own against Italy at almost all points. It was generally conceded at the time that this was due to the preaching of a holy war, and to the influence of the Senussi tribe which hides its strength in the heart of the Sahara and spreads its influence over the whole of North Africa.

The unrest has taken a very similar form in Morocco and there can be little doubt that it was the old rallying cry of "Islam in danger!" which instilled into the disordered and beaten hosts within the lines of Chataldja, 15 months ago, a new spark of courage and determination. In Egypt and in India, however, it has taken on a different form. It is the same unrest, the same resentment of infidel dominance, and the same desire to regain for Islam its former pride of place.

The Muhammadan of India and of Egypt, however, has come more into line with western ideas. He fights less and less with the sword and more and more with the pen, and the present forward movement within the ranks of the All India Moslem League, the growth of societies such as the Society of the Servants of Caaba, shows the tendency of this age-long antagonism as it emerges on to a higher plane.

Everywhere one looks, therefore, from Calcutta to Agadir, and up to the shores of the Ionian sea there are evidences of a widespread unrest, here manifested in open resort to arms and there in the more modern method of agitation. If this were all there was to be said on the question, the outlook would be gloomy indeed, but side by side with this rapidly developing antagonism there is growing a school of thought which aims at reconciliation.

The work of the Aga Khan in India and of the more enlightened Muhammadans in Egypt is steadily bearing fruit, and an ever larger number of Muhammadans are finding it possible to subscribe to the doctrine of that great Indian reformer, Sir Saiyid Ahmad, who insisted that so long as Muhammadans could preach the unity of God in perfect peace no Muhammadan could, according to his religion, wage war against the rulers of the country which secured to him this freedom.

The fact of the matter is that in the Muhammadan world, as elsewhere, the influence of that great regenerating force, education, is at last beginning to be felt. The world, in fact, is faced with a new Islam, with an old problem in an entirely new form. West can no longer speak to east as master to servant, they must speak with each other in the gate.

Thirty years ago, or even less, education in anything approaching a western sense was utterly unknown in Islam. The professional letter writer was to be found everywhere. In the village Medhesseths a few boys singled out from their fellows for large privileges, were taught to repeat the Fatihah and other portions from the Koran by the village Iman, but education as it is known in the west, was never even thought of, let alone attempted.

Today all this is changed. Everywhere universities, schools and educational societies are springing up, books in every language of the east are flooding the land and newspapers are springing up in all directions. All this is bringing about a deep and fundamental change. Whilst its first effort would seem to be a growth of independence and the creating of impatience of rule, it cannot be doubted that it also makes for that broader enlightenment which results in an increasing acceptance of those doctrines of cooperation which the Aga Khan and his supporters so earnestly advocate in India, and which have already borne such good fruit in Egypt.

The revolt of Islam is unquestionably in progress: it manifests itself in many devious ways, but there is evidence to show that the old methods, although infused with a seeming activity, are fast giving way to newer methods and newer ideas, and that the revolt will be peaceable, and result in a higher level being won for a vast section of the human race.

SCOTTISH MOTOR SHOW EXHIBITS ABOUT 70 TYPES

(Special to the Monitor)

EDINBURGH, Scotland—The seventeenth annual Scottish motor show, recently held in Edinburgh, proved to be one of exceptional interest. One notable feature peculiar to this season, was the abundance of light, cheap cars on view. The various makes of cars this year constituted a record.

There were about 70 different types, most of them represented by several cars, and they were the work of seven countries, Scotland, England, France, Germany, Belgium, Italy and the United States. One car which attracted universal admiration was a 45 horse power special Daimler, similar in every respect to the one supplied to Queen Mary, which was exhibited at the Olympia show. This car is perfect in every detail. It is upholstered with beautiful cloth and laces, the fittings are of silver, while dashboard, roof, and interior are all of fine Cuban mahogany.

But the pride of the Scottish show, from the national viewpoint, is the quality of the coachmaking, which has this year reached a very high standard of excellence.

BISHOP OF ZANZIBAR HAS NO STATEMENT ON KIKUYU AFFAIR



(Copyright by Newspaper Illustrations)

Arrival of the Bishop of Zanzibar at Charing Cross

(Special to the Monitor)

LONDON—The Bishop of Zanzibar, Dr. Weston, has arrived in London in connection with the Kikuyu controversy, the outcome of his action in accusing the Bishops of Mombasa and Uganda with having failed to grasp the meaning and value of episcopacy. Dr. Weston subsequently requested that the whole matter might be laid before the ecclesiastical provincial court.

On arriving in London the Bishop, who was met by the Bishop of Nyasaland and the secretary of the Universities Mission to Central Africa, was asked by a press representative to make some statement with regard to his attitude in the Kikuyu affair, but this he declined to do.

WOMEN GAINING RECOGNITION IN TURKISH EMPIRE

Government Decides That They Shall Henceforth Be Admitted to Constantinople University Where Lectures Are Given

PLANS OF PANKHURSTS

(Special correspondence of the Monitor)

LONDON—The women's movement can lay claim to an important victory in Turkey. The government, conscious of the necessity for internal reform, has decided that women shall henceforth be admitted to the Constantinople University, where a series of lectures will be delivered for their special benefit. This step is an admission on the part of Turkey that thorough civilization cannot be effected in a country where the women are undeveloped intellectually.

As announced in a Monitor cable despatch at the time, Miss Sylvia Pankhurst, Mrs. Pankhurst's second daughter, has, with the full consent and approval of Mrs. and Miss Christabel Pankhurst, the leaders of the Women's Social and Political Union, taken entire charge of the East London Federation of the Union. The movement in the east end of London, which has always been directed by Miss Sylvia Pankhurst, will continue on the same lines as heretofore, namely in conjunction with the Labor and Socialist forces of the district.

The announcement of what was termed by the press the secession of Miss Sylvia Pankhurst from the Union at once gave rise to innumerable statements to the effect that a split had occurred in the Union and among its leaders. These statements were absolutely without foundation, as the Monitor was informed by cable at the time. They were instrumental, however, in the issue of an extremely concise and clear explanation of the situation by Miss Christabel Pankhurst.

It was as follows: "Kindly allow me to correct the fanciful statements which have appeared concerning the relations between Miss Sylvia Pankhurst and the Women's Social and Political Union. The true position is that since the Women's Social and Political Union does not exist for the mere purpose of propaganda, but is a fighting organization, it must have only one policy, one program, and one command. The Women's Social and Political Union policy and the program are framed and the word of command is given by Mrs. Pankhurst and myself.

"From the very beginning of the militant movement this has been the case. Consequently those who wish to give an independent lead or to carry out either a program or policy which differ from those laid down by the Women's Social and Political Union must necessarily have an independent organization of their own. The announcement recently made that Miss Sylvia Pankhurst's organization is independent of and distinct from the Women's Social and Political Union marks no change in the situation, because her work has for a long time past been conducted on independent lines.

"In order to avoid confusion in the minds of the public it has now been decided to make a public and formal statement of the existing fact. Statements that the policy of the Women's Social and Political Union has been or is to be changed are entirely untrue. The Women's Social and Political Union policy will continue to be as strong as ever, though the proviso that human life shall be respected will, as it has been in the past, be observed."

BERGSON LECTURES DRAWING INCREASING PARIS AUDIENCES

(Special to the Monitor)

PARIS, France—M. Bergson's lectures on philosophy at the College de France are drawing very large audiences, composed to a large extent of fashionable people. So much is this the case that the actual students of philosophy have been turned away for lack of room.

M. Bergson has endeavored to remedy this inconvenience by altering the time of the delivery of his lectures to 2 o'clock, the general luncheon hour in Paris. But this has proved totally unavailing, and so large have been the crowds waiting for admittance that it has been necessary to open the doors at 1:30.

The Journal des Debats, commenting on this influx of the public into philosophy class rooms, finds fault with the lack of accommodation at the College de France. M. Bergson is not the first to have been inconvenienced in this manner it states.

Without going back so far as to the days of Michelet, it is well known that MM. Maurice Croiset and Gaston Boissier have found the class rooms allocated to their use insufficient to accommodate their audiences. The endeavor, in order to meet the difficulty, to discourage the public from attending the lectures, the Journal considers as ill judged.

The College de France, being an institution founded for the purpose of spreading knowledge, it is certainly contrary to its purpose to circumscribe its lectures to a few privileged persons. To say that the public attending M. Bergson's lectures is drawn to them by snobbishness is not only a superficial statement, but it is totally inexact. Why should it be considered an astonishing thing that many of M. Bergson's listeners are women, when it is a known fact that the list of women who take university degrees lengthens every year?

MANCHESTER AND LIVERPOOL HAVE DIRECT PHONE LINE

(Special to the Monitor)

LIVERPOOL, England—The improved telephonic communication between Liverpool and Manchester, which came into force recently, has proved very successful. The short experience of this greatly simplified method goes to prove that it is, and will be, highly appreciated by the public, and especially by the commercial and business houses, the principals of which have expressed their entire satisfaction with the method.

Under the new system the delay and waste of time invariably experienced on the trunk lines between Liverpool and Manchester are obviated. The central exchanges in Liverpool are now connected by direct lines with the central and city exchanges of Manchester, and all calls from the exchanges of one area to the exchanges of the other area are effected by means of these lines, and not, as hitherto, by the lines connecting the trunk exchanges of the two cities.

Liverpool subscribers are now able to effect a communication with Manchester subscribers in the same way as a local junction call, and when giving a number in at either exchange it is not necessary to leave the telephone box.

SOUTH AFRICAN DEPORTATION IS SAID TO BE WITH PRECEDENT

(Special to the Monitor)

LONDON—Speaking to the members of the Atlantic Union of the British Empire Club recently, R. C. Hawkin, brother-in-law of General Botha, referred to the deportation of the labor leaders from South Africa.

The Labor party, he pointed out, had urged the deportation of Indians. The government of South Africa, founded on the Roman Dutch law, was determined to remain supreme, and he reminded them that six months ago the strikers had secured almost complete control of Johannesburg for a short time.

He declared the object of the new strike was to upset the railway board created by the constitution, and the leaders became guilty of sedition, as defined by the imperial government in laws imposed on the Transvaal and as yet unrepealed.

Proceeding, Mr. Hawkin said deportation raised very serious questions, but had been upheld by the privy council, and during the recent troubles in India deportation was the method adopted. Lord Morley had admitted in the House of Lords that the Bengalis were being summarily deported, without trial and without charge, and without intention to try or charge. It would, therefore, be seen that the law authorizing martial law was made in England. The regulations under martial law were enforced by a decision of the judicial committee, and the sentences of deportation were on the lines adopted by the present government a few years ago, except that the South African leaders were not imprisoned, but only sent home.

OLD STAMPS TO BE WITHDRAWN

(Special to the Monitor)

CAPE TOWN, South Africa—It is notified in the Government Gazette that in view of the recent issues of revenue stamps of the Union the prior issues of the provinces will after April 1 be withdrawn from circulation and treated as valueless

LORD DERBY'S BOOTLE ESTATE IN CONTROVERSY

Baron de Forest's Acceptance of Offer to Sell Accompanied by Conditions Which Owner Calls Evasion of the Issue Raised

DETAILS MADE KNOWN

(Special correspondence of the Monitor)

LONDON—In the course of a speech recently Lord Derby referred to Baron de Forest's estimate, published in the land inquiry committee's report, of the profit which the Derby family estate had derived from the purchase of land in Bootle by the tenth Lord Derby.

Baron de Forest had declared that the capital value of the land could not be less at the present time than from £3,000,000 to £4,000,000, but Lord Derby stated that if Baron de Forest would "put down £1,500,000 for the property he should have it. That was a firm offer, and if it were not accepted people could judge accordingly."

In reply Baron de Forest wrote to Lord Derby accepting the offer. He stated that his remarks in the land inquiry committee's report were in no way ambiguous. They meant what they said—that the Derby estate had been increased by some £3,000,000 to £4,000,000 from the increment in value of the sites acquired by the tenth Lord Derby.

"I take it," Baron de Forest continued, "that your offer is equally clear. The only meaning that can be attached to it is that you are willing to sell me for £1,500,000 the property which you complain that I have overestimated at from £3,000,000 to £4,000,000. I accept your offer. In cases where by sales, fines or mortgages the value of portions of the sites in question may have been already converted into cash, and the increment thus realized, you will, of course, transfer to me the equivalent of the value thus added to your estate, which is clearly part of the property in question."

This reply of Baron de Forest was described by Lord Derby as an evasion of the issue between them. The memorandum upon which his offer was based, he declared, stated in the clearest possible words that £100,000 per annum was a conservative estimate of the annual income of the Derby estate from the Bootle land today, and that its capital value was between £3,000,000 and £4,000,000. His offer was equally clear, namely, to sell this estate for £1,500,000.

Baron de Forest now put a meaning on the memorandum that would not be put upon it by any ordinary person who understood the English language, and said the capital value referred to was the capital value of the total land in the borough of Bootle, whether it still formed part of the Derby estate or not. Baron de Forest's acceptance of his offer was illusory, conditioned as it was by Lord Derby's agreeing to hand over with the present Derby estate in Bootle every sum received by his predecessors or himself from sales, fines or mortgages for the last 200 years.

Baron de Forest, however, in his final letter declared that neither the sense nor the wording of the memorandum could bear the construction Lord Derby had put upon it, a construction only made possible by the suppression of the words, "The site of the borough was bought in 1724 for £7000." Lord Derby had suppressed these words both in his speech and in his letter, and the omission, Baron de Forest thought, could hardly have been inadvertent.

It would have been more seemly, he added, if instead of making an "offer," which in view of Lord Derby's explanations, was entirely pointless, he had explained to his audience that, as a result of the investment of some £7000 in land, his estate had made £3,000,000 or £4,000,000 profit out of the increment in the value of the sites bought by the tenth Lord Derby, and that a large proportion of this profit had already been converted into cash by sales, fines or mortgages.

NEW TURKISH STAMP BEARS HEAD OF THE PRESENT SULTAN



(Reproduced by permission of William S. Lincoln, 2 Holles street, London)

One of the series recently issued by Ottoman government

(Special to the Monitor)

LONDON—A new stamp has lately been issued by the Ottoman government which presents the head of the Sultan, Muhammad V. This stamp is of unique interest, inasmuch as it is the first stamp issued in a Muhammadan country having engraved upon it the representation of any living thing. The stamp is much in demand with collectors.

BRITISH MEMBER OF PARLIAMENT TO CHANGE DISTRICT

Austen Chamberlain Issues Farewell Address to the Electors of East Worcestershire

(Special to the Monitor)

BIRMINGHAM, England—In the farewell address which Austen Chamberlain has issued to the electors of East Worcestershire he refers to the fact that East Worcestershire first introduced him to Parliament 22 years ago. Since then it had reelected him at six general elections, not to speak of the by-elections necessitated by his acceptance of office.

He had been proud to be their representative and was deeply grateful for all their kindness. He had hoped that he might continue to represent them as long as he was able to do work in Parliament, and that an association, which he ventured to think was almost as dear to the constituency as to himself, might have continued throughout his public life. But the invitation from West Birmingham brought a call of duty which could not be neglected.

The city of Birmingham, and the division of it in particular, had special claims upon all his family, he continued. They had asked him to accept the great responsibility of endeavoring as the future member for his own constituency to uphold the ideals for which his father fought, and to carry on his work. His father himself had joined in that appeal.

In the circumstances he felt that he had to comply with their request. But in finally announcing his decision he wished once again to thank them all for the kindness and consideration they had shown to him.

MAYOR RECEIVES AMERICAN BOYS AT MELBOURNE

(Special to the Monitor)

SYDNEY, New South Wales—A large gathering at the Central station, Melbourne, awaited the coming of Major Peixotto's contingent of Columbia Park boys from San Francisco, and gave them a hearty welcome. At the city hall they were tendered a public reception, and the American consul, J. P. Bray, introduced them to the lord mayor, who greeted them in well chosen remarks. Sir George Reid also spoke, and Major Peixotto suitably replied.

The boys will no doubt return to their country with a great deal of knowledge gained from their travels over the Australian continent. They go on to Brisbane from Melbourne and thence to Manila, Hongkong, and so on.

WORK OF FINNISH LEADER DESCRIBED IN LONDON PAPER

(Special to the Monitor)

LONDON—In a letter to the editor of the Morning Post, Arthur Reade, lecturer in English at the University of Helsingfors, corrects certain statements made in that paper with reference to the famous Finnish statesman, Leo Mechelin. He says: "It is said that Mechelin 'devoted his life to the cause of separatism.' This is absolutely untrue. He merely defended Finland's historical rights, which Russia has been trying to curtail in spite of the solemn oath taken by Nicholas II. and his predecessors since Alexander I. to preserve them intact.

"Again it is said that like Parnell whom he closely resembled in his methods' he 'earned the title of uncrowned king.' It is quite true that Mechelin's enemies in Russia called him the uncrowned king of Finland, but there the resemblance ends. To compare the methods of Parnell and Mechelin is utterly misleading. When one hears of Parnell's methods one thinks of the land league, parliamentary obstruction, violence. Nothing could be farther from the quiet, constitutional methods of Mechelin.

"And the difference is natural," the writer concludes, "for Parnell worked to secure something that his country desired to obtain, while Mechelin worked to defend what his country already possessed."

IRELAND'S LORD CHIEF JUSTICE AUTHOR OF WORK

(Special to the Monitor)

DUBLIN, Ireland—The Rt. Hon. Richard Cherry has been appointed lord chief justice of Ireland in succession to Lord O'Brien, who resigned a short time ago.

The new lord chief justice was educated at Dublin University, where he distinguished himself in philosophy and law. He was called to the Irish bar in 1881 and took silk in 1896. He was appointed attorney-general for Ireland in December, 1905, and a few weeks afterward successfully contested the Exchange division of Liverpool, for which he sat in Parliament until 1909, when he was raised to the court of appeal.

Lord Justice Cherry is the author of the standard work on the Irish land acts.

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Millions for Flood Prevention in Ohio

Plans Being Worked Out for System of Dry Reservoirs for Protection of Eight Principal Cities of the Flood District

DAYTON WORK CENTER

Project Growing Out of Experiences of Last Year Unites Dozen Organizations in Movement Covering Miami Valley

DAYTON, O.—Comprehensive plans to prevent floods in this vicinity by a system of dry reservoirs at a cost of $12,000,000 are being worked out by the citizens of Dayton. Eight principal cities will be protected by the reservoirs—Sidney, Piqua, Troy, Dayton, Miamisburg, Middletown, Franklin and Hamilton. Their aggregate population is about 200,000 and they represent approximately $250,000,000 in property valuation.

It was while the flood of last March was at its height that Gov. James M. Cox, who is a Daytonian, appointed five prominent men of the city to be the citizens relief committee. This organization was clothed with authority to control and systematize the chaos of those days and to superintend the distribution of relief, which came from all



Miami river watershed, where flood control is proposed



(Photo by Mayfield & Kremer, Dayton, O.)
ARTHUR E. MORGAN
Chief engineer flood prevention plans

parts of the country. The members were John H. Patterson, president of the National Cash Register Company; J. R. Flotron, mill owner and now one of the five city commissioners; Edward Philips, then mayor; Adam Schantz, a man of diversified interests, and Col. Frank T. Huffman, a sewing machine manufacturer. This committee directed the task of emergency rehabilitation for the month immediately after the flood. It impressed alike citizens and visitors of all classes and stations of life into the service of removing mud and debris and aiding the flood-impoverished and homeless. On April 20 a mass meeting was held at the Dayton Club and 25 citizens selected to assist the original appointees in their work of rehabilitation. From these 25 men five subcommittees were formed, each composed of five of the new members, with one of the old members as chairman. The subcommittees were designated flood prevention, finance, public works, sanitation and traffic. To each committee was delegated complete authority to proceed with the duties that its name implied. John H. Patterson was chairman of the flood prevention committee. Its first step was to call to Dayton Arthur E. Morgan, head of the Morgan Engineering Company at Memphis, Tenn., and formerly in the government service as supervisor of drainage investigations, who looked over the situation.

Preliminary Work

On May 5 the contract was closed with the Morgan company, which put a force of men in the field, and the investigation and preparation of flood protection plans were begun. At this time there were about a dozen emergency and flood prevention organizations in the Great Miami valley, and it was evident that if proper results were to be secured there must be cooperation between them. At the request of the Dayton committee representatives for 10 counties met here on May 15 and organized the Miami valley flood prevention committee. Then the Dayton committee undertook a campaign for funds which culminated on May 25 with the announcement that the pledges had reached and exceeded the $2,000,000 mark.

Until this time the Dayton flood prevention committee and its parent organization, the Dayton citizens relief committee, were not bodies with legal standing in a court of law, but on June 25 the Dayton Citizens Relief Committee, the name being slightly changed from the original, was incorporated under the laws of Ohio. Then followed months of routine work. Finally on Oct. 4 the engineers announced that they were able to say definitely that a system of flood control by means of six or seven "dry" reservoirs would be the most economical and serve to best purpose the needs of the Miami valley. They had made a survey of the flooded area of the city and the valley for more than 40 miles above and below Dayton. Since then the report has received the unanimous approval of three consulting engineers of national reputation.

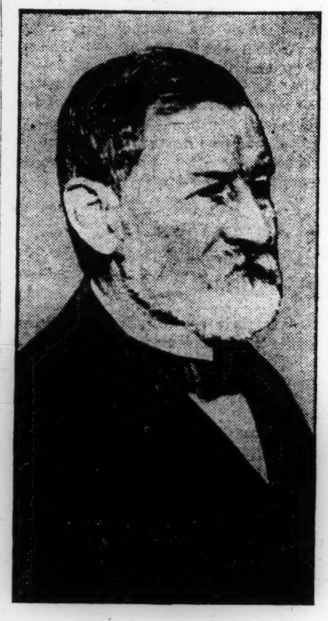
But at that time there was no law upon the statutes of Ohio which would permit of a comprehensive plan of protection. Realizing this, the flood prevention committee tried to draft a law meeting the requirements of the Great Miami valley and also those of the other flood affected districts within the state. This draft, in which were provisions by Engineer Morgan, was brought by John A. McMahon, dean of the Ohio bar, into shape to fit the restrictions of the state constitution. It was then gone over by the bond attorneys from the financial side. Finally the committee went before the Legislature at this winter's special session, and the latter has just passed the conservancy act, with an emergency clause attached, which put the law in force at once.

Act's General Provisions

The act provides for the organization of a conservancy district upon petition from 500 freeholders residing within the district. The boundaries of the district are to be given without regard to county and township lines. After the filing of the petition with the court of common pleas of one of the counties within the district, a public hearing is held. Judges, one from each county affected, sit as the court. If they decide favorably, a decree is issued and three directors appointed for the administration of the district. They can appoint engineers, attorneys and other agents. The preparation of plans follows. These plans, if approved by the directors, are given another public hearing by the representative court, which may reject the engineers' plans and remand them to the directors if not satisfactory. Funds for preliminary expenses are derived from a tax of not more than three-tenths of a mill on the property within the district.

When the plan is approved it is called the official plan. The directors then appoint appraisers to fix benefits or damages accruing to property through the work. Each property owner is given an opportunity to protest before the directors if not satisfied, and may appeal to the court of common pleas if the appraisal is not altered. An open hearing follows. If the decision of the court is not satisfactory to him he may have a jury trial in his own county by filing a bond for $200 under the condition that if the verdict is unfavorable to him he will pay the costs of trial. The directors are allowed to file a bond with the court covering the amount of damages claimed and then proceed with the work.

The Miami valley is slightly ahead of the usual course of proceedings as outlined in the conservancy law, because it has already secured plans that promise adequate protection for the cities and farms along the Great Miami river. The plans will, of course, go through the prescribed routine of public hearings as soon as the district is organized, but it is confidently asserted that their adoption is a certainty.



JOHN A. M'MAHON
Co-Author of Conservancy act

The "dry" reservoir plan is simple. Its fundamental idea is to impound the excess waters of a flood and retard their flow until the crest of the high water has passed. The engineers' computations show that about 55,000,000,000 cubic feet of water fell over the Miami watershed above Dayton in the storm of March, 1913. Huge earthen dams, from 40 to 70 feet high and built across the valley from hill to hill at favorable locations, have been designed to hold back 40,000,000,000 cubic feet of water. Through the bottom of these dams will be placed several reenforced concrete outlet tunnels. The tunnels will be of a size to allow the normal flow of the river to pass down stream without obstruction. When the river above is in flood stage the flood waters will be retarded by the dams and only an amount that may be safely carried by the river channel below will find its way through the tunnels.

Capacity Thought Ample

It has been determined that the stream channel will carry 8,000,000,000 cubic feet per day without damage to property along the banks. Thus the capacity of the reservoirs, plus the volume that will be safely carried away daily, is ample to afford protection during a storm greater than that of last year, which lasted five days. The farm lands that will be inundated by the back water in the reservoirs will not be taken out of cultivation except possibly for two weeks in the early spring at intervals of from 25 to 50 years. Great floods are not considered probable at more frequent periods. At such times fertile silt will be deposited upon the land, doing much to enrich the soil.

The dams as designed are of enormous width, to discount any likelihood of failure. They will be 20 feet wide on top and slope gradually upstream and downstream. The upstream face will be paved with reenforced concrete. A huge spillway of reenforced concrete will be constructed through the natural hills at one end of each dam, where it will act as an overflow pipe when the reservoir has reached its full capacity. This is anticipated only at rare intervals.

The $12,000,000 estimate of the cost includes not only the actual expense of construction, but also the cost of condemned land, damages, revisions of railroads and highways, and flood easements over the areas within the reservoirs.

MONITORIALS

By NIXON WATERMAN

EASY TIME

The eight-day clock would esteem it but fun
And have sixteen hours for play
Could it join with the big labor unions and run
Say only eight hours a day.

The movement for the state-wide development of Maine's latent possibilities is to be commended, but the residents of "the Pine Tree state" will not overlook the fact that "the summer boarder business" will still stay as one of Maine's main mainstays.

WHO WILL PULL TOGETHER

It's the ones who are to Congress sent
That make our laws, and hence,
If we want a stable government
Let's choose men with horse sense.

Naturally business in the vicinity of the City of Mexico must be nearly at a standstill. Commerce is not likely to boom until the cannon cease to do so.

PECULIAR

It's the men who work actively, day after day,
That, when they've a duty, go to it.
The less any man has to do, so they say,
The less likely it is that he'll do it.

While the truly wonderful warships which some of the powers are building appear to be admirable in their way, they necessarily serve to make much of their old-time fighting craft look like toy boats fitted with popguns.

ARMY AND NAVY NEWS

Army Orders

WASHINGTON—Lieut.-Col. E. T. Wilson, C. A. C., canal commission, to W. Reed hospital, D. C.

First Lieut. J. S. Hatcher, ordnance department, visit Bethlehem Steel Works.

Maj. E. D. Bricker, ordnance department, four visits to General Electric Company, Schnectady, N. Y.

Capt. W. M. Craigie, Q. M. C., to Hot Springs, Ark., A. & N. hospital.

Capt. C. Deems, Jr., first field artillery, Letterman hospital, San Francisco, to regiment.

First Lieut. R. D. La Garde, to ninth infantry.

Leaves — First Lieut. D. Whiting, twenty-fourth infantry, one month extension, then to W. Reed hospital.

Navy Orders

Lieut. W. W. Smith, resignation accepted, to take effect Feb. 21, 1914.

Passed Assistant Surgeoen R. F. Sheehan, detached advance base brigade, Atlantic fleet; to home, wait orders.

Passed Assistant Surgeon J. P. Haynes, to naval training station, Great lakes, Ill.

Passed Assistant Surgeon E. L. Woods, detached naval proving ground, Indian Head, Md.; to wait orders.

Chaplain J. M. F. McGinty, detached the Tennessee; to the Minnesota.

Paymaster's Clerk W. D. Chace, appointed; to the Ozark.

Marine Corps Orders

Capt. Harry Lee, to duty with second advance base regiment.

First Lieut. H. M. Smith; detached duty Philippines; to the Galveston.

Movement of Vessels

Patuxent, Guantanamo to Port au Prince.

Celtic, Guacanayabo bay to Guantanamo.

Arethusa, arrived at Port Arthur, Tex.

Mayflower, Norfolk to Veracruz.

Orion, arrived at Hampton Roads.

California, San Diego to Mazatlan.

New Orleans, arrived at Acapulco.

Marietta, now at Hoboken, N. J., ordered to New York yard for a month for repairs.

ACTIVITIES SPEAK FOR LINCOLN, ILL.

Patriot, Later President, Played Prominent Though Modest Part in History of Place Now Thriving and Progressive City

ANECDOTES RECALLED

LINCOLN, Ill.—A new postoffice recently erected at a cost of $75,000, the holding of an industrial exhibition in which 17 factories were represented, and the installation of a system of cluster street lights in the business district—these are some of the recent accomplishments that speak eloquently of the growth and development of this city, which was named for the patriot who became a President.

Beautiful trees which line its streets have caused Lincoln to become known as the Forest city. The population numbers about 12,000. Lincoln is the geographical center of the state and the county seat of Logan county.

The coming of the railroad to this county in 1853 was the immediate cause of the platting of the city of Lincoln. Prior to that time the village had been called Postville. The documents for the new town were drawn up by Abraham Lincoln, who asked the owners of the land what was to be the name of the new town. Col. R. B. Latham proposed that it be named for Mr. Lincoln. The latter replied, "You'd better not do that, for I never knew anything named Lincoln that amounted to much."

On the day of the sale of lots Mr. Lincoln was present and at the noon hour he purchased two watermelons and remarked, "Now we will christen the new town."

The old court house in Postville was erected in 1839, and Mr. Lincoln began attending court here when he was about 32 years old, riding from Springfield on horseback. The old court house is still standing and is the most historic building in the county. It was purchased recently by T. T. Beach to preserve it to posterity.

Lincoln Chautauqua Association, organized 12 years ago, owns the largest and most beautiful grounds in the state, consisting of 140 acres of virgin forest, and is diversified by hills, valleys, and rugged ravines.



(Photo by Venard Studio, Lincoln, Ill.)

Court house building and its attractively laid out grounds

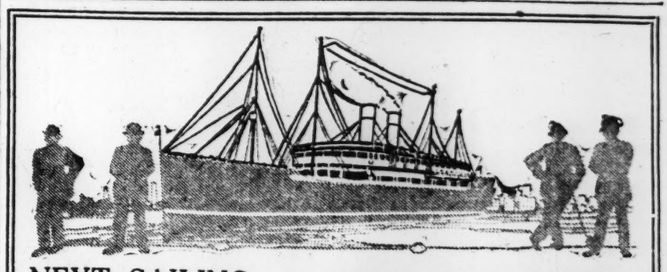
The Auditorium building is of steel construction and circular in form, 160 feet in diameter and seats 5000 people. The sides are open to the free circulation of air and the building is lighted brilliantly. A fine administration building, a woman's building, and 75 cottages have been built, and during the session there are over 100 tents on the grounds.

There are eight public schools, a college and business college in Lincoln. The college has a beautiful campus of 11 acres, good buildings, well equipped, and an efficient faculty. The public library was incorporated in 1874. In 1897 Miss Isabel Nash, a former librarian, bequeathed the site of her little home for library purposes. To this was added donations by citizens. In 1901 the building was erected at a cost of $30,000. Twenty-five thousand dollars of this amount was given by Andrew Carnegie. The library is finely furnished and contains over 20,000 volumes. The state Odd Fellows orphans' home is one of the beauty spots of the city. It is situated on 150 acres of fine farming land with the buildings within the city limits. It is the home of 170 children. The state school and colony located here is known as the largest institution of its kind in the world. Lincoln has 18 church organizations and most of them have new and modern buildings.

The Commercial Club of 250 members has proved itself to be an active organization by locating another factory here recently; and it successfully conducted the industrial exhibit and was instrumental in installing the cluster light system.

Three coal mines employing several hundred men are successfully operated here. Being in the center of the "Corn Belt," Lincoln is a large shipping point for produce and grain of all kinds.

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NEW MEXICO EDUCATION ADVANCES

Complete School System Now Is Established in State—Teaching Both English and Spanish-Speaking Races Aim in View

UNIVERSITY IS FACTOR

LAS VEGAS, N. M.—Public education, though of comparatively recent origin in New Mexico, has been marked by rapid growth. After the creation by the Legislature of an educational system in 1891, upon recommendation of Gov. L. B. Prince, the original act was amended at subsequent sessions until now a complete school system exists. When Philander P. Claxton, national commissioner of education, addressed the New Mexico Education Association, he declared that, "No other state has been able to show so much progress in three years after admission as this great commonwealth."

After the treaty of Guadalupe-Hidalgo the national government had failed to take any interest in the education of its new wards. The New Mexico territorial Legislature, at its session of 1854-5, passed a law providing for a public school system, which on a referendum was defeated by a vote of 5016 to 37. The system of peonage then prevalent had much to do with this vote. Education made slow progress and in 1860 there were only 600 pupils and 33 teachers. Protestant missionaries established small schools in various parts of the territory. Immigration from the states finally accelerated the demand for an adequate education of the youth of the territory and in 1891, the Legislature created a public school system under the direction of a board of education and a superintendent of public instruction, who was a member of the board. The Governor appointed Amado Chaves as superintendent of public instruction and under his direction educational foundations were firmly and securely laid.

The state board of education is composed of the Governor, W. C. McDonald; the state superintendent, Alvan N. White, and five appointed members. Each county has a county superintendent of schools; and the local schools are controlled by school boards in towns and cities, and by directors in rural districts.

Industrial education has its place in the system and Superintendent White has appointed Miss Manette Myers as director of industrial education. She has general supervision of industrial work in the rural schools. Graduates of New Mexico high schools and academies go to the best institutions in America and maintain high standing.

This state has several educational institutions, the largest of which is the New Mexico Normal University, located in this city, which is known as the intellectual capital of the state, and occupying a handsome building. Its auditorium, decorated by the recent graduating classes and Charles Ilfeld, senior member of the board of regents, is considered highly artistic. This institution is practically the youngest in New Mexico, having opened its doors in 1899. A department of manual training was opened in 1900 and one of household arts in 1908. In its practise school, industrial work is introduced as rapidly as circumstances permit. Students in the seventh and eighth grades have an opportunity to study typewriting. This school has had a phenomenal growth in recent years, as shown by the following table:

1909-10—295 students, 10.9 per cent gain.
1910-11—350 students, 18.6 per cent gain.
1911-12—423 students, 20.0 per cent gain.
1912-13—483 students, 14.1 per cent gain.
1913-14—614 students, 27.0 per cent gain.

New Mexico has to educate two races—English-speaking and Spanish-speaking. The Normal University, because of its strategic location, is serving both races well, and San Miguel county, where Las Vegas is located, and the surrounding counties are composed of people from the states and of native people who live pleasantly together.

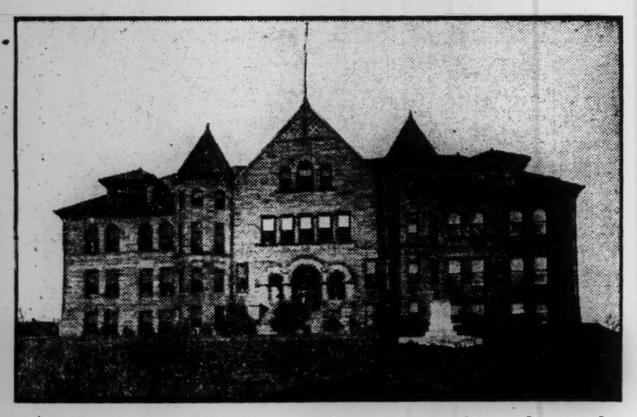
Students of the situation regard the problem as social rather than pedagogical. The world abroad may think that the native people are lacking in intellectual quality. A teacher in a neighboring state insists that the Spanish-American is a good student until he reaches the fourth or fifth grade and then he fails because of lack of ability. This man sees the "Mexican" in an unfavorable environment and perhaps does not realize that the child is under a social pressure of race antagonism that drives him from the schools. When his environment is kind and appreciative, it has been found, he averages with children of other races. At the Normal University, where there is equality of race, records show that in the class of bookkeeping there are seven Spanish-Americans whose grades average 89, and 13 Americans with an average of 87. In the beginners' algebra class the Spanish-Americans average 82 and the others 83. At the commencement of 1913, six prizes for highest scholarship were awarded to four Americans and two Spanish-Americans, although the Spanish-Americans number but 25 per cent of the school. Aurora Lucero, daughter of Antonio Lucero, secretary of state, while a high school student in the Normal, wrote an oration that has attracted the attention of scholars and statesmen in various nations.



FRANK H. H. ROBERTS, PH. D.
President of Normal University

Dr. Frank H. H. Roberts, president of the New Mexico Normal University, began his duties in the fall of 1910. He came to the school from the University of Denver, where he occupied the chair of history and was one of the acknowledged leaders of the faculty. He is still a member of the Denver University faculty as extra mural professor of history, but has been granted a leave of absence.

Immediately upon taking office, Dr. Roberts began a campaign for the upbuilding of the school, a campaign that has resulted, as may be seen by the figures already cited, in a large increase in the attendance. Formerly students were recruited largely from Las Vegas and the immediately surrounding country; now they come from every county in the state and from several other states. He has improved the courses and increased interest so that the students striving for the higher certificates and degrees are in the majority among all students above the training school. When Dr. Roberts came here the majority of the students took the shorter courses. The community has gained such interest in the Normal University that the Commercial Club has frequently assisted him in his efforts to bring students here and to accommodate them and entertain them after their arrival.



Building of Normal University where two peoples study together

NATIONAL ART BUREAU PLAN IS CONSIDERED

Committee Is Now Studying Conditions in Other Countries in Effort to Raise Standard in United States by Broad Step

FOR CENTRAL MUSEUM

Further development of a public taste for art, better architecture and decoration for the public buildings of the nation, and establishment of a national fine arts museum are among the possible results of the formation of a national department or bureau of fine arts, which is now being considered by a committee of five appointed by Robert W. de Forest, president of the American Federation of Fine Arts, to make investigations of the bureaus in other countries and report at the next annual convention of the federation in Chicago in May.

The committee consists of Walter Gilman Page of Boston, a member of the Massachusetts state art commission, Paul Bartlett, an American artist now living in France, Edwin H. Blashfield, a mural decorator of New York; Glenn Brown of Washington, D. C., and Cass Gilbert, a New York architect.

This committee represents all associations of the United States interested in art lines through the American Federation of Arts, including artists, sculptors, directors of museums, architects, arts and crafts workers, commissions on city planning, art commissions and directors of art schools.

It is understood that this is not the first time the plan has been recommended, steps having been taken about a year ago by the American Institute of Architects at its convention in New Orleans under the direction of its president, R. Clipston Sturgis.

It is probable that the two organizations will cooperate in the work of investigations and the assistance of as many others as may be interested in the project will be welcomed by the committee.

At the convention of the American Federation of Arts in Washington last year, a resolution was introduced by Mr. Page asking for the appointment of a committee to prepare a report looking to the creation of a bureau of fine arts. The committee was immediately appointed. It was learned afterwards that the Institute of Architects had the subject under consideration.

The committee is now at work studying the relation art bears to the governments of France, Germany, Italy and other countries which have already adopted the plan. In France exhibitions are planned by the government, masterpieces purchased and distributed about the country in the different museums. An appropriation is made each year for the support of the Louvre, and everything done to bring art close to the people.

Mr. Page said that whereas art work in America is now done in a haphazard manner, vaguely understood and art works little purchased except by millionaires for their individual galleries, the creation of an art bureau by the nation would raise the standard of the fine arts to one of dignity which would command the respect of the people.

Interests along commercial lines are so great in America that its art may naturally have a tendency towards the industrial, for the industrial arts would be more likely to center in everyone's life; but should this be so there is a vast field for development in the industrial art life of the country, said Mr. Page.

Cyrus Dallin, sculptor, speaking of the creation of a national department, said that it must eventually result in the appointment of a minister of fine arts, and that it would make the art products of the country a recognized economic feature of the government.

Arthur Fairbanks, director of the Boston Museum of Fine Arts, expressed sympathy with the idea. The department might consist of one expert of recognized ability, who would hold somewhat the same position as the minister of fine arts in France, with such changes in power and work as might be necessitated by the difference in the government of the two countries.

Paine's Removal Sale OF Oriental Rugs

Added to Paine's great stock and included in this sale is the collection of Antique Oriental Rugs recently taken over from I. E. Ul-Khouri, whose shop at 361 Boylston Street was favorably known to many Boston rug collectors.

This partial list of room size Oriental rugs shows the decided markdowns:

PERSIAN HERATI, for halls, about 13 ft. by 3 ft. 4 in., marked from $60 to $40.

PERSIAN MOUSOUL, for halls, old gold, red and blue, 12 ft. 2 in. by 3 ft. 2 in., marked from $60 to $40.

PERSIAN KERMANSHAH, 12 ft. 5 in. by 8 ft. 9 in., medallion centre, all-over inlaid figures in ivory, old rose and blue, multiple borders, marked from $500 to $375.

TURKEY KERMAN, 10 ft. by 13 ft. 3 in. Indian red and green, marked from $225 to $160.

PERSIAN SAVALAN, 13 ft. 8 in. by 10 ft. 9 in., soft red ground, with all-over design, handsome border, marked from $225 to $160.

AFGHAN BOKHARA, 8 ft. 7 in. by 7 ft. 8 in., a fine heavy rug, marked from $120 to $88.

FINE AFGHAN BOKHARA, 8 ft. by 9 ft. 2 in., marked from $140 to $110.



PERSIAN MAHAL, 9 ft. by 12 ft. 3 in., red ground with all-over figures, blue border, marked from $350 to $225.

PERSIAN KERMANSHAH, 12 ft. 7 in. by 8 ft. 10 in., medallion centre, field covered, ecru ground with red and blue shades, marked from $575 to $375.

PERSIAN SAVALAN, 12 ft. 6 in. by 9 ft. 6 in., a fine Herati design on old red ground, a very heavy, fine piece, marked from $225 to $145.

TURKEY KERMAN, 14 ft. by 10 ft. 6 in., shades of olive green, old rose and ivory, marked from $260 to $150.

PERSIAN HAMADAN, 9 ft. by 12 ft., camel ground, detached medallions and handsome border, old rose and blues, marked from $350 to $235.

TURKISH GOREVAN, 15 ft. 5 in. by 11 ft. 9 in., old reds and greens, very heavy, marked from $400 to $290.

In this removal sale, and at all times, we personally guarantee the truthfulness of our advertisements

Paine Furniture Company
Canal Street

CHICAGO WOMEN REVIEW PRIMARY VOTING RESULTS

Two Nominees Intend to Take Active Part in City Elections and Leaders Aim to Raise Registry to 300,000

REFORM PLANS AIDED

CHICAGO—Following the aldermanic primary and the making known of its results on the basis of initially exercised woman suffrage, the fact is pointed to by leaders in their movement that as large a percentage of women as men voted. Their going to the polls, too, was against the advice given by suffragist leaders not to vote except in places where contests were on. The first voting gives proof that two women of Chicago intend to take an active part in municipal elections. The leaders are already at work to secure a larger registration on the second day, March 17, than on the first and hope that 300,000 women will participate in the election April 7.

It is probable that a number of independent candidates will be nominated by petition to oppose aldermen who were successful in securing party renomination. It was for the purpose of keeping the women free to sign such petitions that the suffragist leaders were opposed to participation in the primaries except under certain conditions. Under the Illinois law, a voter taking part in the primary must declare his or her party affiliation and cannot vote for the nomination of a member of any other party until two years thereafter.

There were 453,624 men and 158,524 women on the registry lists entitled to vote at the primaries, and 127,786 men and 45,997 women exercised this right, the total vote being 173,783 in a possible 632,148. Hence, of the men 29.47 per cent voted; of the women 29.14 per cent voted.

The party vote at the primaries, the larger size of the Democratic vote being due to numerous contests, was as follows: Democratic men, 95,906; women, 32,617; Republican men, 26,327; women, 9723; Progressive men, 4189; women, 3098; Socialist men 1355; women, 557. There were few contests among the Republicans and practically none among the Progressives and Socialists.

Registered women voters of Chicago are credited in this primary with a large share in retiring 10 of the present aldermen, nine of whom were declared against by the Municipal Voters League. These aldermen were candidates for renomination, but failed to be chosen by their respective parties.

Seven women were nominated: Miss Marion H. Drake, Progressive, ward 1; Mrs. Josephine Kaneko, Socialist, ward 6; Mrs. Lida E. McDermut, Socialist, ward 7; Mrs. B. Napieralski, Progressive, ward 12, her name being written upon the ballots; Mrs. Gertrude R. Dubin, Socialist, ward 20; Mrs. Julia Agnew, Progressive, and Mrs. Maude J. Ball, Socialist, ward 31.

Miss Dake will endeavor to defeat Alderman John J. Coughlin, Democrat, for many years the city councilman from ward 1, who was renominated. Miss Sarah Hopkins was defeated for the Democratic nomination in ward 2. Mrs. Marie Gerhardt was defeated for the Democratic nomination in ward 23. Suffragist leaders express their pleasure at the intelligence displayed by women voters.

NEW ADMIRAL AT SAN DIEGO

SAN DIEGO, Cal.—Admiral T. B. Howard, Washington, D. C., has arrived in San Diego to relieve Admiral W. C. Cowles, at present in command of the Pacific fleet off the west coast of Mexico, according to the Union. The fleet will probably come to San Diego for the ceremony of transferring the command from Admiral Cowles to Admiral Howard.

ABERDEEN (WASH.) CLUB DROPS VEAL

ABERDEEN, Wash.—Owing to the diminution of the beef supply of the country, due to the demand of the American people for veal, the Aberdeen Commercial Club has adopted a resolution to the effect that in the future no veal or calves' liver shall be served in its dining room, or placed upon any of the menus of the club, the News says.

COMMITTEE'S REPORT FAVORS EQUAL SUFFRAGE

At Same Time Governor Walsh's Proposal of Constitutional Convention Is Not Favored

At an executive session of the legislative committee on constitutional amendments late yesterday, the eight members who were present of the committee of 11 voted to report to the Legislature unfavorably on Governor Walsh's proposal to call a constitutional convention to amend the state constitution.

Votes of these eight members on the woman suffrage resolves confirmed what has been unofficially said previously that the committee's report on this subject would be a favorable one. Six of the members, an exact majority of the committee, voted in favor of equal suffrage and two members were opposed.

The voting was as follows:

In favor—Senator Clarence W. Hobbs of Worcester and Representatives Sanford Bates of Boston, John W. Churchill of Plymouth, Alfred E. McCleary of Maynard, James J. Twohig of Boston and William O. Souther, Jr., of Cohasset.

Against — Representatives Frederick W. Hurlburt of Worcester and Clifford B. Sanborn of Norwood.

Not recorded—Senators F. R. Langelier of Quincy and Philip J. McGonagle of Boston and Representative Edward P. Murphy of Boston.

When informed of the adverse action of the committee on the constitutional amendment proposition, Governor Walsh made no comment other than to say that he would watch with interest how the Progressive party members voted on the measure, since last year it was favored by the Progressive legislative bureau and is supported by some of the members this year.

PUBLISHER GOVERNOR ASPIRANT

TOPEKA, Kan.—Arthur Capper, publisher of the Topeka Daily Capital, made formal announcement Wednesday of his candidacy for the Republican nomination for Governor of Kansas.

CONG. PLUMLEY TO RETIRE

MONTPELIER, Vt. — Congressman Frank Plumley has announced that he will not be a candidate for reelection in the second congressional district.

SIX ARE AFTER MAYOR'S SEAT IN CONGRESS

Papers for nomination to a place on the primary ballot for Congress in the twelfth district for the vacancy made by Mayor Curley's resignation are being circulated on behalf of six aspirants. As yet former Councilman Charles T. Harding is the only Republican to take out papers. Five Democrats, including Senator Redmond S. Fitzgerald, Carlton L. Brett, and Daniel T. O'Connell of ward 20, former Senator James F. Powers, and Street Commissioner James A. Gallivan of ward 13 are already actively in the field, and it is expected others will enter the contest soon.

Others mentioned as possible candidates are Assistant District Attorney Thomas D. Lavelle, John F. Cusick, Maj. P. F. O'Keefe, Councilor Walter L. Collins and former Congressman McEttrick.

NEW SENATOR IS NAMED

ATLANTA, Ga.—W. S. West of Valdosta has been appointed by Governor Slayton, to succeed the late A. O. Bacon as United States senator from Georgia. Mr. West will serve until next November, when a state election will be held.

CHICAGO IN ELECTION LAWS IS FAVORED BY CITY COUNCIL

Members Support Legislative Bill to Eliminate Jurats From Nomination Papers and to Reduce Number of Signatures From 5000 to 2500

City council went on record yesterday as favoring measures in the Legislature eliminating jurats from nomination papers and reducing the number of signatures necessary for nomination from 5000 to 2500. Also it is for changing the date of city elections from January to April. Aside from these council opposed all other proposed changes in the charter. The resolution was offered by Councilman Walter Ballantyne and adopted by council.

Councilman John A. Coulthurst secured the adoption of a resolution approving of the bill in the Legislature reducing the fare to Hyde Park to five cents.

An order providing for the change of the name of Park square to Abraham Lincoln square passed by the executive committee was referred back to the committee for a public hearing.

On the reading of the opinion of Corporation Counsel John A. Sullivan that the members of the city council as county commissioners had the right to investigate any county prison or penal institution the council voted to investigate the Charles street jail. This action was taken to inquire into the charges made by Councilman James A. Watson.

Favoring the bill in the Legislature providing for a central control of penal institutions by the state, Chairman Randall of the state prison commission appeared before council yesterday. Council, however, refused to entertain the proposition, as it entailed the relinquishment of control of county jails by city council, and according to Commissioner Fred S. Gore of the penal institutions department, would be an expense to the city of $47,000.

COAST FARES TO ADVANCE

NEW YORK—O. H. Taylor, passenger traffic manager, announced at a conference on Wednesday that the Eastern Steamship Corporation will advance all first class passenger rates on lines east of Boston on May 1, and on that date discontinue the sale of second class tickets.

BIDDEFORD NAMES CANDIDATE

BIDDEFORD, Me. — Dr. Charles E. Hussey has been nominated for mayor at the Republican caucus.

CHICAGO MAYOR TAKES APPEAL IN SCHOOL CASE

CHICAGO—Mayor Harrison appealed on Wednesday for the city from the ruling of Superior Judge Foell, who on Tuesday virtually reinstated the four public school trustees removed from office a few months ago by the mayor. The four ousted trustees, whose opposition to Mrs. Ella Flagg Young as superintendent of schools caused protest in the school board, will not be able to resume their seats, it was said, because an appeal to the supreme court could not be decided before their terms of office expire in July.

MR. MALONE SEES PRESIDENT WILSON

WASHINGTON — Dudley Field Malone, collector of the port of New York, conferred with President Wilson here Wednesday on the New York state political situation. He reiterated his recent public statement that under no circumstances should there be any compromise with Charles F. Murphy in New York city.

Here's a Real "Home Made" Cake



Plain Cake.

Same choice ingredients you would buy. All their goodness retained in the baking. Every loaf perfect. Be sure that DRAKE'S is on bottom of each piece. Varieties: Raisin, Citron, Marble, Lady, Nut, Oriental Fruit and Wedding Fruit.

DRAKE'S PURE FOOD CAKE

At your grocers—by the pound.

FASHIONS AND THE HOUSEHOLD

WHY NOT HAVE A TWINE BOX?

Of course one has a twine bag somewhere in the kitchen, to catch the grocery string, butcher string and strings from the hundred and one parcels coming to the house. These strings will do for ordinary occasions, such as tying up brother's lunch; but for packages that the eldest sister or some other person is to carry, a ball of new string should be hung in a convenient place. If the string is placed in a drawer, it usually becomes entangled with the rest of the contents, so a string box should be hung in a place convenient but unobtrusive, says the Philadelphia North American.

Procure a square pasteboard box into which the ball of string will fit loosely. Cover it with a dark, heavy fabric that will not soil quickly. Cut one long strip of the fabric to go about the sides of the box, and a square about a quarter of an inch larger than the bottom of the box itself, to go on the bottom after the side strip has been put about the box. The side strip should be an inch wider than the actual height of the box. Spread a thin layer of paste on the fabric and more paste on the box. Stretch the strip about the box so that a half inch of the material projects above and a half inch below the box. When the sides have been tightly stretched and smoothed, these half inches are turned in at the top and under the box.

The square piece of fabric is then turned in at the edge and a little hem pasted in it. This "hemmed" square is then pasted upon the bottom of the box, giving it a very neat appearance. Dark tapes or ribbons are sewed to all four corners of the covered box and joined into a securely knotted bow at the top. When the pasteboard on the box is dry, a tiny hole, just large enough for an end of the string to come through, is punched in the bottom of the box. Now hang it up and the string is at hand to tie up the "particular" parcels.

Either use photographer's paste or the following when covering the box: One cup of whole-wheat flour, one cup of cold water; add two cups of boiling water. Boil five minutes. One teaspoonful powdered alum (dissolved in water); strain through cheesecloth. Place in uncovered jar. This paste will keep sweet for 10 days.

ECONOMY IN HOUSE PAINTING

Importance of using proper materials

In the economy and philosophy of house painting one should remember that the exterior of the house is painted both for protection and decoration. Exposed woodwork or metal will deteriorate rapidly if not painted, and as these materials cost more than paint, money spent in painting them is money saved.

The exterior paint recommended by the leading painters consists of 75 to 80 per cent white lead and 20 to 25 per cent zinc oxide. This forms what is known as the "white base," which is tinted, as required, with oil colors. A light tint is mostly white base, while a dark shade may contain no white at all.

This white base may contain also a moderate percentage of inert material without injury. Most authorities insist that its presence helps the wear of the paint. If a good painter is employed he will use a formula along those lines. If he does not, it is because he is not up to date.

You can apply the paint yourself, but it will not pay you. If you decide to try it, use a good prepared paint. It will save trouble and is quite as satisfactory.

The chief general points to be observed is to make the first, or priming coat, thin and brush it well into the wood; to apply three coats, allowing each five days to dry; to paint only when the material and the weather are dry, and to use plenty of elbow grease in applying the paint.

Copper needs no paint, but a coat of raw linseed oil will hasten the development of the dark green surface, which makes this metal decorative.

Paint will not adhere to galvanized iron; but if the surface be first treated with a solution of six ounces of acetate of copper in a gallon of water it will roughen the surface so that the paint will hold.

Tin roofs should be painted, two coats, then one coat, every three years. Shingles should be painted to preserve them, to prevent warping and to resist fire.

Interior decoration depends largely on individual taste and on the use to which each room is adapted. Modern flat wall paint is by far the most pleasing as well as the most sanitary coating for walls, and in the end it is about as cheap as wall paper. Its chief advantage, besides its beauty, is that it can be kept clean, which is not so of paper.

It is sold in every possible variety of tint and shade, and for ceilings, where indirect lighting is used, is almost the only satisfactory material. It can be applied directly over the old wall paper, but this is not recommended. All old paper should be removed before painting, and before repapering, too.

The prevailing tints should be light, especially in rooms where the eyes are habitually used. For such rooms the luminous tints should be selected—very pale yellows, greens and reds. Grays and blues are permissible only if extremely pale.

Bathrooms, if not tiled, should be enameled. The flat wall paint makes an excellent and economical under coat for enamels. A solid foundation may be obtained with two or three coats of the flat paint and finished with two coats of a good ready-made enamel. The white pigment in the flat wall paint is lithophone and zinc; that in the enamel pure zinc. These are the only white pigments that will hold their color in interiors.

You might do this work yourself, but not well, and it does not pay to try it if a painter can be hired, according to a writer for the Philadelphia Ledger.

Woodwork finished to show its natural grain by filling and varnishing is always pleasing. This effect is commonly known as "hardwood finish," whether the wood be hard or soft. Such woods as oak, ash, chestnut, etc., require filling before varnishing, while close-grained woods, like pine, maple, poplar, birch, etc., should have a very thin coat of shellac to prevent the varnish from discoloring them. These woods take stains beautifully and are capable of exquisite effects by skilful treatment at the hands of an expert.

Hardwood finish requires clean new wood. If the woodwork has been discolored or painted, there is nothing for it but to paint or repaint. If the old paint is badly broken or scaled, it should be removed before repainting. This may be done with the usual paint and varnish removers, which soften the paint so that it can be scraped off with a putty knife. These removers usually contain wood alcohol and the room in which they are used should be well ventilated during use.

FAREWELL TO HOOKS AND EYES

Wardrobe full of gowns made without them

Let husbands rejoice, and wives be glad, for the day of emancipation is at hand; hooks and eyes are no longer a necessity, declares a New York Press writer.

Mrs. Nina Wilcox Putnam, she who "set society in Gotham by the ears" early last spring by appearing in a "monopiece" gown, fastening via loop and button in the front, has an entire wardrobe full of gowns for all occasions and never a hook nor an eye!

"Now please do not say I go in for dress reform,"—this as she got up to show her latest street costume, "that is not my business. I am a writer. I do not ask any woman to wear these clothes. I designed them for myself, and they suit me. But I do wish to impress upon women their right to ignore fashion—the right to express themselves through their clothing."

The suit Mrs. Putnam was wearing was of a gray eponge "all wool"—she impressed that upon you—material. The one-piece dress was cut after her basis pattern, straight lines, on a double fold of the goods, no shoulder seams, and kimono sleeves, neck "V" back and front, caught up in two tiny plaits in front to form a drapery, and slashed at the left side of the skirt to bring it still more up to date. The waistless waist, for Mrs. Putnam makes a point of the uncorseted figure, was caught in with a two-story velvet belt, of gray and something between an orange and a cerise. She got into it, she explained, by sticking her head through the "V" in the top, and at the same time putting her arms through the big loose sleeves.

But it was the coat to this two-piece suit that was the work of art. It was a sort of cut straight-on-the bias affair. When analyzed you found Mrs. Putnam had taken a square of goods, folded it on the bias, cut out a hole for her head, slit it down the front fold, turned back the points at either end for cuffs, seamed it up a few inches beneath the lower edge of the cuffs, gathered it into semi-belts, back and front, cut the extra goods left over from the hole in the neck, into a pointed collar, sewed it on, fastened the whole with a button and a loop, and behold! A coat of the day, a mixture of French points, Russian blouse, Japanese sleeves and American design!

"It goes against my sense of humor," says Mrs. Putnam, "to buy yards and yards of beautiful material and then cut it up in dozens of impossible pieces. With my patterns there is no waste, and my gowns never cost me over $5, nor do they take over two hours to make. I do all the work by hand, too. I never wear a gown that cannot go in the tub and be washed."

"But these satin brocades?" was asked, as Mrs. Putnam slipped into a yellow garment of that material.

"They wash just like the rest," she replied, "just in a tub with soap and water. It does not hurt them a bit. Nearly all my house gowns are brocade.

"As a matter of fact, you know," continued Mrs. Putnam, getting into her "latest" opera cloak, "the woman who ignores the fashion is always the most fashionable. Any garment which really serves its purpose is beautiful.

"The slightest change in fashion means thousands of dollars to the manufacturers. Have you noticed the number of lace houses that have gone out of business since lingerie went out of style? It was perfectly ridiculous the yards and yards of lace women used to trim their petticoats.

"That is what I mean when I say women are being coerced into fashion by men and why I argue for their right to ignore fashion. It is my belief that nine tenths of the overstimulus in the textile industries and sister industries is directly traceable to the woman of fashion. The woman half of the population is being played upon like so much stock on the market. What happened when voiles were worn? Designers made them up in plaited skirts. In that instance the style did not last, but it helped sell the voile in larger quantities.

"Textiles are made too rapidly to last. If our fashions did not change so frequently, and women were not coerced into them, manufacturers would have to make better textiles."

WORTH KNOWING

In mixing flour gravy, use a silver fork and the gravy will never be lumpy.

* * *

Keep a marble in the kettle to prevent it from purring.

* * *

Wash all flatirons with soda and water before putting them over the fire to heat.

* * *

Mix a little paraffin in the blacking to increase the brightness of the polish.

* * *

If a pancake griddle must be kept hot for late comers, slip it into the oven, close the door, and when the griddle is needed it is hot.

* * *

Brasses that are lacquered should never be touched with anything but a soft rag dampened with tepid, soapy water. But unlacquered brass, brushed free from dust, should be rubbed with vinegar and salt and polished with dry whiting.—Western Christian Advocate.

QUICK EMBROIDERY

Here is an easy way to pad embroidery, says a contributor to Modern Priscilla. Take a spool of darning cotton and fasten one end to the work and let the spool run in making scallops on children's dresses and other fancy work, such as simple doilies, centerpieces or scarf covers. The work just flies as one holds the darning cotton down and buttonholes over it all at one time.

BREAD IS KEPT FROM DRYING

Cutting the bread at the table is an economy in the home, as the practise saves many slices from becoming stale. A breadboard to use on the table may be purchased or made. The loaf is placed on it, with a bread knife. Another economical way to prevent the loaf from drying is to cut it in halves at first, and then cut as many slices as may be needed from one half, or an equal number from each half, pressing the halves together when putting the loaf away in the bread box.—Ladies Home Journal.

SEWING NOW MADE AGREEABLE

Change in methods in teaching children

Present methods for teaching children to sew vary as widely from those of a generation ago as the methods used in teaching the A, B, Cs or in any other line of education. The practical mother of today sees the necessity of teaching her little daughter to sew just as much as did the one of 25 or 50 years ago, but today she realizes that there are "royal roads to learning" this useful art and that it may be made to appear to the little seamstress more in the light of play than work.

The old-fashioned way of setting a "stint" of just so long a seam, or a half hour's work, has been passed entirely by the wise mother, and she sees to it that the little girl does not become weary of her task. Memory recalls the block of the quilt that the ambitious mother required the child to piece every day, as it was thought that this methodical way of teaching sewing would also teach her to be ambitious as well. In too many cases this method did not instil in the child a love for sewing, but rather made her feel that it was an unpleasant duty that should be gotten over as soon as possible. To have pieced a large quilt of the "flat-iron" pattern, before one was seven years old was thought to be a feat to boast of by both the mother and child, although it was many times the last one that the little girl ever wanted to make, but it served its purpose in teaching her to place the stitches correctly.

By the new methods, where work and education are made so attractive that they are looked upon as play by the little students, there usually remains a sense of childish delight in the labor which was only too often looked upon with dislike when taught by the old-fashioned methods. The wise mother of today takes an interest in teaching the little daughter how to sew, and, instead of the large quilt, the very proportions of which made the work appear a mountainous task, it is easy to help the child to desire a quilt for the latest addition to the family dolls, whether it be little "Polly Pinkney" or "Miss Penelope Linkenfelter." This new favorite must, of course, have her quilt made just as nicely and the stitches as dainty as can be done, so mother is asked to cut the little squares or "flat-irons" of gingham and percale and she usually bastes them together, or at least the first ones, turns back the edges evenly and explains just how the needle should be held to sew "over and over," the stitches placed and the thread drawn closely enough to hold the seam firmly but not so tight that it will draw the cloth. If there is any lagging of interest in the work, the mother will lend a helping hand so that it may not last so long as to become distasteful.

After learning to sew over and over, and the quilt is finished, for a new piece of work is never begun until another has been completed, there are little petticoats and other garments to be made for Miss Dolly on which the child may learn to run seams, back stitch, hem and shir. Not only may the actual sewing be learned, but the use of paper patterns, for all pattern companies sell dolls' patterns, and the cutting and fitting of garments in dolly's wardrobe is intensely interesting. With the cutting of the garments is also taught the lesson of care and saving of material and how the entire dress must be planned before it is cut.

It is not so long a step from the making of dolls' clothes to those in the wardrobe of the little girl herself, and as she reaches young womanhood and possibly has a home of her own, she realizes that she has an accomplishment which is worth a great amount of money to her in the saving of dressmakers' bills, aside from the convenience which it is to any woman to know how to sew, whether she ever does the actual work or not.

BLOUSE WITH RAGLAN SLEEVES

Pretty for a variety of materials

This blouse with the raglan sleeves is new and interesting. It is pretty for a variety of materials, too, for it makes up charmingly in crepe de chine, tub silk and the like and it is perfectly adapted to cotton voile, marquisette, lawn, batiste and similar fabrics.

As it is shown here, it is plain with only stitched edges, but a very dainty effect can be obtained by embroidering the collar and cuffs and the plain spaces at each side of the front. This treatment is a good one whether the blouse is used with the odd skirt or tailored suit or made with skirt to match. The stitched tucks serve the double purpose of giving weight to the material and giving a trimming effect.

For the medium size, the blouse will



require 3⅝ yards of material 27, 2⅜ yards 36, 1⅞ yards 44 inches wide.

The pattern (8132) is cut in sizes from 34 to 44 inches bust measure. It can be bought at any May Manton agency, or will be sent by mail. Address 102 West Thirty-second street, New York, or Masonic Temple, Chicago.

Dressy and dainty are the vests of ruffled tulle and net for the front of the open-necked bodice.

TRIED RECIPES

BOILED FISH AND POTATOES

Many persons enjoy the flavor of fish and potatoes cooked together, as in a chowder, but dislike the texture of the mixture. When it is desirable to have the two foods more distinct and make them the chief part of the dinner, instead of merely a soup course, try this method of preparation: Have the fish freed from skin and bones and cut the fish in pieces two or four inches wide, uniform if possible. For three or four pounds of fish allow two small onions and one quart of potatoes of medium size. Put the potatoes and onions in a kettle, cover them with boiling water, add two teaspoons of salt, two sprigs of parsley, a bit of mace and three or four cloves. Let the potatoes cook about 20 minutes, or until nearly done, then lay the fish carefully on top of them, cover and cook six to eight minutes longer, according to thickness of the fish. Lift the fish from the dish without breaking, drain and lay it on the platter in the center, arrange the potatoes at either end, with the onion on top of the fish and some sprigs of fresh parsley in the corner. Serve with the fish and potatoes a drawn butter made as follows:

DRAWN BUTTER FOR BOILED FISH

Into a small saucepan put one rounded tablespoon of butter, and when melted add one rounded tablespoon of flour mixed with one eighth of a teaspoon of black pepper. Mix thoroughly and stir in gradually two cups of water in which the fish was boiled, straining it first to remove any particles of the fish. When perfectly smooth set the pan over boiling water and let it cook for 10 minutes, stirring frequently. When ready to serve stir in one teaspoon of vinegar or two of lemon juice, and one tablespoon of butter added in small portions. Remove from the fire and stir in quickly the well-beaten yolks of two eggs, and when the egg is set, pour the same over the fish, or into a bowl if preferred.

ORANGE PUDDING

Cut up five nice oranges, put in a large pudding dish and sprinkle over them one half cup of white sugar. Set a pail containing a pint of milk in a kettle of boiling water; let it boil. Stir together the yolks of two eggs, one half cup of sugar and two tablespoonfuls of cornstarch in a little cold milk and with a little salt. Add this to the boiling milk, let it thicken and pour it over the fruit. Now beat the whites of two eggs to a stiff froth, add a tablespoon of fine sugar and pour it over the pudding. Set in a hot oven to brown. Drop jelly on the top for ornament.—Chicago Inter Ocean.

MATS FOR PAILS

Have you seen the little square mats of rubber or linoleum on which to place the pail when scrubbing? There are also serviceable scrub pails, painted in various colors, and made with extensions at the side for holding a bar of soap and cloths for cleaning.—New Haven Journal-Courier.

TO SHELL PECANS

The meats of pecan nuts may easily be removed if they are first placed in a pan and boiling water poured over them, says the Western Christian Advocate. Allow them to remain in the water for 20 or 30 minutes. When the nuts are cracked the meats come out without trouble and are usually whole.

CONCRETE OFTEN MADE TOO WET

Many people make the mistake of having concrete too wet when it is poured into the forms. This is a very wrong practise, especially where it is to be used for water troughs or tanks, says Farm Engineering.

The idea in making a water tank or cistern is to have the sides and bottom as solid as a rock, when the concrete has thoroughly set. There should be no weak spots where the water can find a chance to leak through. Also there should not be so much need to give the walls a heavy coating of rich cement mortar, if the concrete for the tank has been thoroughly prepared.

To prepare a batch of concrete, the proper proportions of sand, gravel and cement should be thoroughly dry-mixed before the water is added. This will insure all the particles of the cement coming in contact with all the particles of sand and gravel, and if the right amount of water is added, this batch when it sets will be like a solid rock. Only enough water should be used to give the mixture the proper consistency. This is obtained when by passing the back of a shovel over it, it leaves the surface slick and smooth.

It may not be necessary to take as much pains as this in mixing concrete for a foundation wall or such work, but for the sake of permanency, if nothing more, it will pay.

NOVEL RACK

Where there is a small baby, with clothes to dry or air by the fire, a saving of appearances can be accomplished by covering one leaf of a screen, the other to be made into a clothes rack by means of strips or wires across them, says Los Angeles Express. The clothes can be turned to the fire to dry and the covered part of the screen face the front.

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Angel Charlotte Russe

½ envelope KNOX Sparkling Gelatine. 1 cup sugar. ½ dozen rolled stale macaroons. 1 pint heavy cream. 1 dozen marshmallows, cut in small pieces. Vanilla. 2 tablespoonfuls chopped candied cherries. ¼ cup cold water. ¼ pound blanched and chopped almonds. ¼ cup boiling water.

Soak gelatine in cold water; dissolve in boiling water, and add sugar. When mixture is cold, add cream beaten until stiff, almonds, macaroons, marshmallows and candied cherries, flavor with vanilla. Turn into a mold first dipped in cold water, and chill. Remove from mold and serve with angel cake.

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CHILDREN'S DEPARTMENT

Little Red Tree Planters

Most people know the story of "Apple Seed John," who went about the eastern United States years ago and planted apple seeds wherever he thought a tree might have a chance to grow. But the red squirrels are tree planters, too, and they plant many kinds of nut trees by hiding the nuts away in the ground or in the branches of other trees. Often the wind blows them down, before Mr. Squirrel remembers to look for them.

John Burroughs, the naturalist, says he once put some plums on a wall and watched what a red squirrel did with them. First of all he stripped off the outside to get at the kernel. Then he began biting his way through the hard shell till he got the sweet nut inside. Some of the kernels he carried away and hid in the nooks and angles of other trees. Even big butternuts are carried long distances by squirrels and are often planted in this way. Oaks and hickories and chestnuts are scattered far and wide by the busy squirrels.

The gray squirrel is beautiful but he is not so well known as the red one. The red squirrel is a real American, says Mr. Burroughs, quick, full of plans and purpose, and pert.

Porto Rico Schools

When the United States took over the island of Porto Rico 15 years ago there was there only one building specially erected for school purposes, the total school enrolment was put at only 20,000 children and their attendance was irregular. More than 80 per cent of the entire population could neither read nor write. Today, says the Argonaut, there are nearly 400 public school buildings in Porto Rico and the school enrolment is 162,000. The percentage of illiteracy has been reduced more than 14 per cent and is rapidly lowering.

Picture Puzzle



What athletic game?

ANSWER TO YESTERDAY'S PUZZLE

Spy glass.

Playhouses in the Rocks

Troglodytes are folks who live in the ground or among rocks, and this explains what John Burroughs means when he writes in Harpers magazine about some of his walks among the rocky Catskill mountains. He says: "The little niches and miniature recesses in the rocks at the side were so pretty, and would have been so useful to a real troglodyte. Of a hot summer Sunday one found the coolness of the heart of the hills in these rocky cells, and in winter one found the air tempered by warmth from the same source. To get down on one's hands and knees and creep through an opening in the rocks where bears and Indians have doubtless crept, or to kindle a fire where one fancies prehistoric fires have burned, or to eat black birch and wintergreens, or a lunch of wild strawberries and bread where Indians have probably often supped on roots and game—what more welcome to a boy than that! As a man I love still to loiter about these open doors of the hills, playing the geologist and the naturalist, or half playing them, and half dreaming in the spirit of my youthful days."

Do Crows Talk?

Ernest Thompson Seton, the man who has written so much about birds, thinks that crows understand each other and use different sounds almost as human beings use words. He describes the way crows seem to tell each other when a man approaches. Mr. Thompson Seton can make the sounds so that you would think a big black crow was in the room.

Change in Porto Rico Government Method Is Proposed

Plan for New Method of Civic Procedure in Island Affairs Is Drawn Up in Bill Introduced in the Senate

DOINGS OF CONGRESS

WASHINGTON—A new system of civil government for Porto Rico is proposed in a bill introduced by Senator Shafroth, who says the measure represents in general the administration view.

The bill would extend to the citizens of Porto Rico the provisions of the bill of rights and provide that a Porto Rican might become a citizen of the United States by merely declaring his allegiance.

The present council appointed by the President would be displaced by a Senate and House to be elected by the people for a term of four years. Absolute veto power would be vested in the governor, who would be the only check by the United States on Porto Rican legislation. In appropriation bills the governor might veto one item or a part.

A cabinet to consist of a commissioner of finance, a secretary, corresponding to a secretary of state, a commissioner of education, a commissioner of labor and agriculture, an attorney-general, corresponding to similar officers in the United States, a system of island courts, and a United States court, are proposed.

President Wilson has nominated Harvey M. Hutchinson to be associate justice of the supreme court of Porto Rico. The nominee is a resident of Porto Rico.

Treaty Is Opposed

Secretary of State Bryan appeared before the Senate foreign relations committee Wednesday to discuss the peace treaties which he is negotiating with other governments, and particularly the treaty recently signed with Denmark, which contains a liberal arbitration provision, excepting not even questions involving national honor. Many of the committee oppose this provision.

Senator Lodge called attention to the fact that Denmark has possessions in the Danish West Indies and that international complications might arise under the pending treaty should Denmark seek to dispose of these islands.

Treaties which extend the principle of arbitration beyond the terms of the general arbitration agreements ratified last week, it was indicated, will not receive enthusiastic support in the Senate at this time.

To Drop Bond Issue

Substantial agreement on most of the important matters of difference between the Senate and House on the Alaska railroad bill was reached late Wednesday by the conference committee. Senate conferees accepted the amendment eliminating the bond issue provision and authorizing appropriations from the treasury to finance the project.

Expressmen Protest

That the parcel post is driving small expressmen out of business and will do so completely, if the powers of the postmaster-general to increase the weight of parcels are not taken away, was represented to the Senate postoffice committee Wednesday by a delegation from the Expressmen's League of Boston.

The expressmen contended the government ought not to conduct the business at a loss and that in any case it should reimburse those whose business had suffered. The league represented 400 local expressmen in Boston and its suburbs, having 2000 employees and an investment of $2,000,000.

Suffrage Vote Feb. 27

Senator Ashurst will ask for consideration and a vote on the woman suffrage amendment in the Senate on Friday, Feb. 27.

Navy Ships to be "Named"

Hereafter vessels of the navy will be christened with the words, "I name thee in the name of the United States," instead of the old formula of "I christen thee." The change was announced by the Society of Sponsors of the United States Navy, following its annual meeting here.

Bond Bill Change Asked

Chairman Adamson of the House interstate commerce committee indicated today that the administration bill for railroad stock and bond regulation would be radically changed if he had his way. He believed that issuance of stocks and bonds was not "interstate commerce" and hence that Congress had no power to control it. In this view he was supported by the committee witness, T. C. Spelling, a New York attorney.

Railway Pay Talked

Whether the government in many instances is not paying the railroad companies too much for carrying mail was discussed in the Senate today during the debate on the proposed limitation of the power of the postmaster general to change parcel post rates and zones.

Senator Bristow attacked a number of the rates as too low, pointing out that the rate was less than the amount paid by the government to the railroad company.

Senator Owen denounced the system of paying the railroads, and declared that some plan should be worked out by which the government will not pay the railroads any more than the express companies do for similar service.

BETTER BUSINESS PERIOD PREDICTED BY MR. CARNEGIE

NEW YORK—"There is no doubt that a better period has begun," said Andrew Carnegie today discussing commercial and industrial conditions.

"No country travels ahead at a uniform pace," he continued. "But no country has such prospects as ours. Our people are so accustomed to good times that they take very poorly to any relaxation."

He declared that the new tariff had nothing to do with business depression. "On the other hand, we shall find in a very short time that the reduction of the tariff will benefit the American exporter," he added.

Mr. Carnegie indorsed cooperative buying schemes. He foresaw the time when there would be places where necessities would be sold to the poor at cost. "Philanthropists will organize the stations and manage them," he explained.

U. S. IS AWAITING REPLY TO LATEST BENTON DEMAND

WASHINGTON—The administration is today awaiting a reply to the latest demand of the state department on General Villa, the rebel leader in northern Mexico, for the possession of the body of William S. Benton, the British ranch owner executed Feb. 16. It has been despatched to General Carranza, head of the revolutionary movement, through the consul at Juarez

General Villa has once refused to give up the body. He has offered to permit one representative of the United States and Mrs. Benton to see it, but this proposition has been rejected by the state department.

Secretary Bryan said the administration was moving step by step and that neither he nor the President knew what their next step would be.

In secret session tomorrow the House foreign affairs committee will consider Representative Ainey's resolution calling on President Wilson to divulge, "if compatible with the public interest," the measures taken in Mexico to protect Americans and subjects of other outside nations. Mr. Ainey served notice on the committee today that he wished to discuss the Mexican situation and his resolution. The committee, recalling the administration warning against open discussion of the situation, immediately voted for secret session.

BILL TO PROTECT PUBLISHER URGED

ALBANY—Publishers of newspapers in New York city presented arguments Wednesday in favor of the Murtagh bill to make it a misdemeanor to place an advertisement, pamphlet, handbill, or printed notice of any kind inside a newspaper or periodical without the publisher's consent, and with intent to profit thereby. The penalty is imprisonment for six months or a fine of $250 or both. The object is to protect publishers and buyers of newspapers from merchants who hire newsdealers to insert advertising in newspapers before delivering to buyers.

ELEVATED RULES WILL BE ENFORCED

In response to complaints made by women passengers through Mayor Curley to the effect that men, by boarding cars at Dudley street station before they stop, frequently deprive women of seats, Gen. William A. Bancroft, president of the Boston Elevated Railway Company, has promised that the rules of the road will be more strictly enforced. He declares that conductors will be ordered to see that the rule prohibiting persons from boarding moving cars is complied with.

CABLE TO BLOCK ISLAND REMAINS

WASHINGTON—The weather bureau, through efforts of Representative P. G. Gerry, has been persuaded not to remove the telephone and telegraph cable between Block island and Matunuck, R. I. The government had advertised this cable for sale, but protest was made because of the help the cable is to the life-saving stations.

PENNSYLVANIA LEADS STATES IN LIST OF BANK APPLICATIONS

WASHINGTON—In the number of national banks applying for admission to the federal reserve system, Pennsylvania led the states of the nation. Figures given out by the treasury department show that of 7465 applications received, 835 came from banks in Pennsylvania, while the next nearest was Texas, with 518 applicants; Arizona and Nevada tied for last place, with 10 applications each, while the District of Columbia had 12.

The applications by states were as follows:

New England—Maine 69, New Hampshire 56, Vermont 45, Massachusetts 176, Rhode Island 19, Connecticut 77. Total, 462.

Eastern states—New York 479, New Jersey 202, Pennsylvania 835, Delaware 25, Maryland 102, District of Columbia 12. Total, 1655.

Southern states—Virginia 131, West Virginia 118, North Carolina 71, South Carolina 49, Georgia 115, Florida 51, Alabama 90, Mississippi 34, Louisiana 30, Texas 518, Arkansas 57, Kentucky 144, Tennessee 110. Total, 1518.

Middle states—Ohio 378, Indiana 257, Illinois 460, Michigan 98, Wisconsin 128, Minnesota 270, Iowa 338, Missouri 130. Total, 2059.

Western states—North Dakota 144, South Dakota 104, Nebraska 234, Kansas 211, Montana 57, Wyoming 30, Colorado 122, New Mexico 38, Oklahoma 330. Total, 1270

Pacific coast states—Washington 76, Oregon 83, California 260, Idaho 53, Utah 23, Nevada and Arizona each 10. Total, 518.

WINCHESTER TO SAVE $52,000 BY FISCAL CHANGE

Appropriations This Year Will Be Made for Ten Months Only—Finance Board Provides for Efficiency

BUDGET IS $309,606

Recommendations have been made to the town by the Winchester finance committee for the annual town meeting next Monday. On account of the change in the fiscal year by which it closes Dec. 31, appropriations are this year made for a period of 10 months only, thereby resulting in a saving to the town in current expenses of $52,000 it is estimated.

To provide the citizens with information regarding the actual cost of operating the various town departments, the committee has provided a revenue account into which the receipts of all departments excepting those otherwise provided for by statute, will go and will be used by the assessors against the tax rate. An article for the establishment of a reserve fund has been inserted in the town warrant and no moneys are to be paid out of this fund without the recommendation of the finance committee.

Appropriations recommended by the finance committee total $39,606.28 with sufficient receipts to make the net appropriation $307,900. Estimating the valuation at $17,000,000 and the polls at $5000 the probable tax rate for the town will be $16.93.

There are 44 articles in the town warrant, including those for the election of town officials and the municipal budget items. The more important of the other items are for the purchase of land and the construction of a central fire station and police station, to buy a tractor for the hook and ladder truck, to purchase a motor ladder truck, to buy a tractor for the fire engine, to appropriate money for investigating a system of vocational training for the schools, to appropriate various sums for building new streets, to lay out a footpath along the Boston & Maine railroad embankment under the direction of the park board along Black Ball pond.

The voters will be asked to pass upon an appropriation for a playground in Winchester Highlands, to establish the office of wire inspector, to sell the property now used by the New Hope Baptist church owned by the town.

In matters of legislation the vote of the town will be taken for decreasing the membership of the board of selectmen to three members of three-year terms each instead of five members for one year each. The establishment of a town planning board is asked and an increase in the number of overseers of the poor.

Favorable action upon the erection of the police and fire station, purchase of motor fire apparatus, for the construction of the Black Ball pond walk, is recommended by the finance committee. Unfavorable action upon reducing the size or terms of the selectmen, overseers of the poor and for purchase of a playground in Winchester Highlands is recommended by the same committee.

PRINCETON SAID TO GET MR. NOYES

NEW YORK—Alfred Noyes, the English poet, who is in this country lecturing for world peace, has been asked to become a professor in the faculty of Princeton University, according to the Times, which says he has agreed to accept. His election, it is said, will be sanctioned by the trustees at their meeting in April.

The position which Mr. Noyes is to fill, it is said, is a visiting professorship, with lectures on modern English literature. It will begin next February and extend through the second term of the university, and continue in this way for several years.

PENNY POSTAGE HEARING TODAY

Opponents to the proposed legislation for 1 cent letter postage and increased rates on magazine and newspaper mail are to be heard today before the special committee of the Boston Chamber of Commerce. This is the third hearing on this subject and the second for those in opposition.

MAYOR CURLEY DROPS 13 MORE FROM PAYROLL

Names of three additional employees and 10 doctors engaged as examining physicians were stricken from the city payroll by Mayor Curley yesterday following six suspensions in the park department earlier in the day. As evidence that the mayor has not completed the list of suspensions throughout the various departments he ordered last night that contributions of $50 each from five principal assessors be returned to them. The mayor gave as his reason that he did not want to accept contributions from anyone who might shortly be placed in a position to ask favors of him.

The three additional members dropped from the park department are Theodore W. Souther, engineer, salary $1500; Harry A. Norman, rodman, salary $780; George W. H. Timson, clerk, salary $910.

The 10 doctors who received $150 per year each, the mayor said, were mere gratuities.

The mayor yesterday rejected all bids for 1500 tons of coal and ordered Superintendent of Supplies D. Frank Doherty to readvertise. The lowest bid was $3.80 per ton. The mayor says that this is too much and believes that if the coal were all purchased at the same time in the off season of the year it could be had for $3.20 per ton.

After a conference with a representative of the telephone company the mayor said that he will cut the city telephone bill $6000 a year which is now being spent for phones in the homes of city employees. This is still another step toward deducting $1,900,000 from the city budget within the next few days which the mayor says is necessary and will be done.

SENIORS AT RADCLIFFE WIN IN BASKETBALL

Radcliffe senior basketball team won yesterday from the juniors—the last game of the junior-senior championship set—by a score of 31 to 9. The seniors will now play the winner of the sophomore-freshman series, of which only one game has been played, won by the sophomores. The winner will receive a pennant. The seniors have held the championship for three years and are expected to hold it this year.

The line-ups of the game yesterday were: Seniors, goals, Alice Carter (captain), Katharine Dummer, Florence Armstrong; guards, Dorothy Tewksbury, Mabel Ragoux, Elizabeth Jackson; centers, Frederica Gilbert, Florence Feeley, Helen Bocher; juniors, goals, Greta Coleman (captain), Jean Key, Dorothy Dixon; guards, Susan Lyman, Ina Stilwell, Ruth McCarthy; centers, Ellen Eppendorff, Madeline Ellis, Martha Noll.

Summary: Goals from the floor, Florence Armstrong 5, Katherine Dummer 4, Alice Carter 6, Dorothy Dixon 2; free goals, Katharine Dummer 1, Dorothy Dixon 5. Linesmen, Frances Brooks '14, Mary Underhill '14, Margaret Perry '15, Bessie Rudd '15. Score-keepers, Marie Johnston '14, Elizabeth Lazenby '16. Time-keepers, Clara Crane '14, Mollie Putnam '16. Referees, Miss Elizabeth Wright and Miss Kate Wallace.

STORE NEWS

Miss Helen Murphy, formerly buyer of muslin underwear and corsets for the E. T. Slattery Company, has resigned to take charge of the muslin underwear department for R. H. Macy & Co., of New York. Previous to her connection with Slattery's she was identified with the James A. Houston Company and the William Filene's Sons Company.

Miss Ethel Hobart, advertising manager for C. F. Hovey & Co., has returned from a few days' vacation at Hudson, Mass.

Miss Lillian Cavanaugh, buyer of junior and misses' wear for the Henry Siegel Company, has resigned and will take a short vacation. Although she has not fully disclosed her plans it is understood that she will become associated with another Boston concern.

Among the employees of the William Filene's Sons Company who have been away for vacations are Miss Ella Fay and Miss Ruth Moore of the soda fountain, Miss Catherine O'Connell and Mrs. Manton of the lunch counter and Miss Minnie Rogers.

Representatives of the Boston stores who are in New York this week include Frank Coleman, F. Jury, F. A. Fuller and John T. Hagan of the Jordan Marsh Co. R. M. Dean and L. F. Hill of the R. H. White Company, Oswald Windle of the Magrane Houston Company, and W. Silberman of the William Filene's Sons Company.

F. AUGUSTUS HEINZE STARTS SUIT

NEW YORK—F. Augustus Heinze obtained a supreme court order Wednesday permitting him to serve summonses on Charles W. Morse by publication or through the mails in an action to recover $597,257 from him, with interest from Jan. 8, 1909.

ART LECTURE ON MARCH 2

Fraulein Antonie Stolle, lecturer on art, will give a free farewell lecture, Monday, March 2, at 8 p. m. at the public library.

ADJUSTMENT OF NEW HAVEN CASE NOW DUE

Agreement in Regard to Boston & Maine Road's Affairs Believed at Hand—Conference Held With Mr. McReynolds

MR. NORRIS WATCHFUL

WASHINGTON—At 10 o'clock this morning Attorney-General McReynolds went into conference with Chairman Howard Elliott of the New York, New Haven & Hartford railroad board of directors, Moorefield Storey and Walter D. Hines, of counsel for the New Haven, and George W. Anderson of the Massachusetts public service commission.

It was believed that an agreement on the final details of the trusteeship to readjust the financial affairs of the Boston & Maine railroad would be reached soon. Chairman Elliott was expected to present to the conference his report of the decisions of the New Haven directors in regard to the trusteeship, reached after consideration of the conferences held in this city last week, which were attended by Governor Walsh of Massachusetts.

Senator Norris was in conference with certain Boston & Maine interests today, and as a result may bring before the Senate again, but in a different way, and probably not until after the trustees have been appointed, the attempt to secure from the attorney-general a report on any exemptions contemplated in the settlement of the New Haven case out of court. The tabling Wednesday of his resolution to this effect, with the Clapp amendment seeking further details of the trusteeship negotiations, is not believed to have concluded Senate consideration of the subject.

The attorney-general took personal charge of today's conference with the New Haven interests for the first time, which leads to the belief that the case had assumed such shape as to make an early settlement probable.

Senator Norris feels that an injustice was done him by calling a vote on Senator Reed's motion to table the resolution when only the opponents of the resolution had spoken. Besides himself, Senators Borah, Cummins, Clapp, Poindexter, Works and others were ready to speak on behalf of the measure, he says, when the motion to table was carried.

Senator Norris conferred with certain Boston & Maine and New Haven stockholders' representatives and as a result may bring the subject up again in another way. He feels, however, that discussion of the matter in the Senate has had partially the desired effect of negotiations between the attorney-general and the road officials. It is likely now that he will wait until the trustees have been appointed and see how the trusteeship works out; then if there is delay in prosecuting the persons responsible for mismanagement of the road, he will act.

It is understood that the names of the trustees will not be made public until after all the other details of the settlement, including the disposition of the New Haven trolley lines, have been agreed to.

A tentative list of trustees has been made up, all parties agreeing thereto, but there is a possibility that it may be necessary to change one or more names, this depending on the form the trolley and steamship agreements finally take.

It has been decided that there are to be five trustees, but there is still some question as to whether they are to serve for two or five years. The New Haven is inclined to insist upon the longer term and the government the shorter.

Maine Proposes Names

AUGUSTA, Me.—The names of the six men proposed by the Maine board of railroad commissioners for the selection of a Maine member for the board of trustees to take over the majority holdings of the Boston & Maine became known today. They are:

Lucillius A. Emery of Ellsworth, former chief justice of the Maine supreme court; Charles Sumner Cook of Portland, president of one of the largest trust companies in New England; William T. Cobb of Rockland, formerly Governor of Maine; William F. Whitehouse of this city, former chief justice of the Maine supreme court; Frederick A. Powers of Houlton, Me., former associate justice of the Maine supreme court, and Hannibal A. Hamlin of Ellsworth, former attorney-general of Maine.

NEGRO KINGDOM INQUIRY IS ASKED

WASHINGTON—The state department at the request of the British government has asked the department of justice to inquire into the proposed establishment of a negro kingdom on the Gold coast of Africa by Chief Sam of Oklahoma. An investigation will be made, although it is believed the American government can take no action to prevent the emigration of negroes.

SALEM 1912 COUNCIL TO MEET

SALEM, Mass.—The annual winter reunion of Common Council of 1912 Association will be held March 3 at the Washington house. The mayor and city directors will be guests.

MUSIC

MME. GAY IN "TROVATORE"

Appearing in Boston for the first time this season, Mme. Maria Gay, contralto, and Giovanni Zenatello, tenor, sang in Verdi's "Trovatore" at the opera house Wednesday night and won a hearty welcome of hand-clapping. The other artists in the quartet of principals were Miss Amsden, soprano, and Mr. Ancona, baritone. The secondary roles were taken as follows: Ines, Miss Mandell; Ferrando, Mr. Sampieri; Ruiz, Mr. Giaccone. The conductor was Mr. Moranzoni.

Mme. Maria Gay's art is practically the same both in singing and in acting as it was last season. Her voice is a clear contralto, but is neither of low range nor of great power. It is flexible, however, in execution and is quick to respond to her wishes in respect to tone coloring and impersonating effect. It is a ready servant when in the character of the gypsy mother she desires to arouse the filial affection of Manrico or to put tragic resolve into the defiance to the Count of Luna. Operatic dialogue has all the vividness of spoken drama the moment this artist begins to recite her lines.

There was applause for Mr. Zenatello at the first sound of his voice in the off-scene serenade of the troubadour. And there was satisfaction in the house all through the evening for his interpretation of the romantic role of Manrico. In all the brilliant passages, noteworthily in the soliloquy in the hall of Leonora's castle and in the lament in the prison of the count's palace, he gave the point of the music admirably without the slightest overdoing of the heroic style of song. His voice has a brighter sheen than in any previous year and is better equalized in tone quality throughout its range.

The artist meets the exigencies of vocal acting with greater command than heretofore. He has adopted conservatively the plaintive tone which is one of the striking points of the Caruso delivery and is the chief point of the Ferrari-Fontana manner. This means that he has brought a little more of Italy to America or a little more of what opera listeners in the United States like to think of as Italy.

Miss Amsden gave an excellent vocal account of the role of Leonora according to the usual standards of American sopranos singing in Italian opera.

* * *

Mme. Julia Culp at her recital in Jordan hall on the afternoon of March 5 will sing a group of songs by Schubert, a group in English by Carpenter, a group of eighteenth century pieces arranged by Weckerlin and a group by Wolf.

* * *

The Flonzaley quartet appears in Jordan hall on the evening of March 12, playing Dvorak's quartet in C major, Bach's suite for violoncello and Beethoven's quartet in E minor.

* * *

The Longy Club gives its last concert on the evening of March 4, playing a quintet for wind instruments by Strube, a sonata for flute, oboe and piano by Loeillet and a chamber symphony for strings and wind solo instruments and piano by Paul Juon. The assisting artists will be Messrs. Theodorowicz, Rissland and Keller.

CONSERVATORY NOTES

Students of the dramatic department of the New England Conservatory of music will present "Charlotte Corday," a pantomime by Frederick Allen, and "Olga," a Russian drama in one act by William Trayer, on Friday.

Advanced students of the concervatory will give an organ recital in Jordan hall on Saturday afternoon.

SUFFRAGE RECEPTION IS PLAN

Miss Lotta Crabtree will give a reception to members of the Boston branch of the Players National Equal Suffrage League at the Hotel Brewster the afternoon of March 6.

ROAD TO AVOID CANAL

WASHINGTON—That the Canadian Pacific has no intention of using the Panama canal was the word received in Washington on Wednesday through official channels.

AIMS OF HIGH SCHOOL TALKED AT RICHMOND

Secondary Education Reorganization Is Held as Feature of Meeting of Various Bodies of Educators

SOCIAL EFFECT SEEN

RICHMOND, Va.—A conference of the National Education Association commission on the reorganization of secondary education was held at the Jefferson hotel this morning as a feature of the convention of the department of superintendents of the association.

William Orr, deputy commissioner of education in Massachusetts, gave a statement of aims of the high school in terms of social utilities. Proposals for terminology were discussed by Charles Hughes Johnston, professor of secondary education in the University of Illinois.

This afternoon these topics will be discussed:

How should the time devoted to social studies in the high school be divided among community civics, survey of vocations, economis and history? Thomas Jesse Jones, bureau of education, Washington, D. C.

What are the claims of biology to a place in the education of every high school boy or girl? James E. Peabody, Morris high school, New York city.

Credit course in music and school credit for private instruction. Will Earhart, director of music, Pittsburgh, Pa.

Delegates attending the conference of the department of superintendence and the dozen or so allied societies began business Wednesday and various sessions were held in Jefferson hotel auditorium, at the John Marshall high school auditorium and in the Richmond hotel auditorium.

Discussing "Fundamental Distinctions Between Liberal and Vocational Education," David Snedden, commissioner of education for Massachusetts, said there can be no question now but that America is confronted by the demand that vocational schools for the rank and file of workers shall be developed under public auspices and supported at public expense.

"Many states," he said, "are enacting legislation to this end and the national government is likely to lend financial support." He spoke at length of the needs of vocational schools and also took occasion to point out dangers confronting such schools, and added:

"Liberal education for the boy who eventually becomes a mechanic should aim to make of him a man with cultivated tastes for music and for literature; it should make him feel the responsibilities of citizenship and should give him some insight into the best methods of discharging them.

"Liberal education should train taste and character, so as to make a man able to so utilize the resources of civilization as to benefit himself and to benefit other men who produce and who also utilize the goods of civilized society."

The department of normal schools discussed the reorganization of normal school course of study, and the commission on the reorganization of secondary education held a session presided over by Clarence D. Kingsley, high school inspector of Massachusetts.

TREE PROTECTION TO BE STUDIED

LAWRENCE, Kan.—The fruit-growing methods of the Pacific coast may be revolutionized if the experiments and research work which Dr. H. L. Vierrek of the University of Kansas will make in Italy are successful.

Dr. Vierrek is being sent to Italy and southern Europe by the California Horticultural Society to study tree protection. Dr. Vierrek leaves Saturday. He expects to spend a year and a half on the work. He is now assistant curator of the entomological collection at the University of Kansas.

Filene's

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Growing—the Filene Saturday Evening Concert Dinners, as evidenced by last week's Patriotic Dinner, which exceeded all past records, with the single exception of Harvard-Yale Night, when every seat was taken.

This Week's Saturday Evening

Concert-Dinner

will be COMIC OPERA NIGHT

SOLOISTS

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MISS ADELAIDE GRIGGS, *Contralto*
MR. DEAN W. HANSCOM, *Tenor*
MR. FRED L. HUDDY, *Bass*
MISS MARY PUMPHREY, *Violoncelist*
AND THE
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MARIE ZELEZNY, *Director*

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WASHINGTON STREET AT SUMMER, BOSTON

Defense Plans Shaping

DISARMAMENT NOT INTENTION SAY BRAZILIANS

Officials of Republic That Sold Dreadnought Declare Others Will Be Built — President Sees Fleet Off for Practise

CROWD CHEERS SHIPS

RIO DE JANEIRO, Brazil—President Marechal Hermes da Fonseca witnessed the departure of the Brazilian squadron for the southern waters, a naval spectacle of considerable magnitude. The President was accompanied by his cabinet, including the minister of marine, Admiral Alexandrino de Alencar. The party went aboard the presidential yacht, Silva Jardim. The fleet will maneuver and practise for some three months. It will then return to Rio de Janeiro.

One of the maneuvers will be an attack on the island of Santa Catharina, half of the fleet defending and half attacking the stronghold. As the fleet put to sea the assembled crowd gave it a great ovation. Four columns were formed by the fleet, making a most imposing appearance. The warships Minas Geraes, Sao Paulo, Bahia and Rio Grande do Sul were followed by the torpedo boats and destroyers, scouts and tenders, and the naval training ship Benjamin Constant.

On the return of the fleet to Rio the Minas Geraes will be given the handsome cup presented by the United States battleship Arkansas. The cup is now on exhibition in one of the leading stores. At this ceremony the President, the American ambassador and other officials will be present. The cup bears the inscription; "To the Brazilian battleship Minas Geraes, from the United States ship Arkansas, New York, July, 1913."

Rio de Janeiro is today fortified to such an extent that it would prove a considerable task for any warship to get within range. The principal forts at the entrance to the bay are Forte de Sao Joa, Forte de Imbuhuy and the fortress of Villegaion. Interest in defense work is on the increase in this capital as well as in some of the other large coast cities. Because the government disposed of the dreadnought Rio de Janeiro the opinion went abroad that the country is entering on a policy of disarmament. This is far from being the case. The present administration would not consider such a policy, and although it has been made a political issue, other warships will be built at once, is the statement of officials who are believed to know the situation.

URUGUAYAN ARCHIVES MADE MORE ACCESSIBLE BY DIRECTOR

Work of Sr. Luis Carve Highly Held by Writers on Country's History—Institution at Montevideo Is Rendezvous for Literary Visitors From Neighboring Lands

MONTEVIDEO, Uruguay—There is scarcely another place in the Uruguayan capital where the greatness of the past and the modernity of the present meet in more congenial fellowship than in the building containing the archives of the national history, presided over by Dr. Luis Carve.

Here Dr. Carve occupies a position which has proved of incalculable value to the student youth of the capital, as well as to those more advanced in years who search among the historic documents for fresh information and inspiration. The director of the archives of national history is a keen student of contemporary events, and his usefulness is doubly appreciated because he seems to possess the happy faculty of making many of those age-worn documents retell their stories in a more interesting manner simply by the way in which he makes the material accessible to readers and searchers.

A recent visitor to the institution, the well-known historian, Dr. Palomeque, a son of the famous Dr. Jose Gabriel Palomeque, in an interview with a representative of La Razon, expressed his great admiration for the way in which Dr. Carve and his associate director, Sr. Jose Fernandez, cared for the interests of the establishment. In order to make himself more emphatic, Dr. Palomeque used an English expression for the purpose of defining the scope of Dr. Carve's work, calling the director in chief "the right man in the right place," to quote literally from La Razon, which is of course a Spanish publication.

A most complete collection of documents is found in the national archives bearing on the activities of such revolutionary leaders as Artigas, Lavalleja and Rivera. The latter two, however, were of a more compromising turn than Artigas, who fought for the liberty of the province of Uruguay and for its freedom from all tutelage. Artigas, according to close students of the events as recorded in papers now accessible in the archives building, was the first "caudillo," the forerunner of Uruguayan independence.

Artigas represented the idea of nationality in the long and trying wars with the Spanish armies, having Buenos Aires for their headquarters, and Uruguay is an exceptional case, for here the liberating forces of San Martin and Bolivar were not constantly needed to effect national independence. There is probably no page in the history of the southern nations which is more replete with daring deeds and heroic struggles than that which records Uruguay's fight for freedom, and there is perhaps no other man who has done more to make the historic facts appreciated by the youth of Montevideo than Dr. Carve. He is classed among the noteworthy contemporaries of Uruguay, although he works quietly day in and day out.

South American writers of history seldom visit the capital and the historical archives without paying their respect to the director.

IMPERIALIST STILL HOPES TO SEE BRAZIL REGAINED

PARA, Brazil—Too much reliance cannot be placed on reports which state that there are great popular uprisings in certain sections of Brazil, yet it is a fact that in the state of Ceara the economic situation has developed something which is very close to revolutionary discontent. The Padre Cicero has managed to draw to himself a considerable following, many of the men having been thrown out of employment when the construction company discontinued the extension work on the railway because of the government's inability to pay what was due the company.

In the state of Santa Catharina, at Taurangassu, there is an uprising following one Jose Maria. Brazil has had such disturbances before, such as that of 1897, when Father Maciel started an uprising in Bahia. It took many men and much money to quell it. That was said to have been either a war to restore the empire or simply a fanatical affair. There are yet many imperialists in this country, and one individual (formerly connected with the empire) openly asserted that the empire will be restored this year.

BRAZILIAN EDITOR URGED TO VISIT IN UNITED STATES

RIO DE JANEIRO, Brazil—In the recent interchange of visits between the newspaper writers of Brazil, Uruguay and Argentina no single member of the press did more conspicuous service than Dr. Fernando de Almeido, the editor-in-chief of the Jornal do Brazil and of the Revista da Semana.

Both when the Brazilians went to the Argentine and Uruguayan capitals, at the invitation of their fellow workers there, and when later the visit was returned and Rio de Janeiro extended a welcome such as has seldom been equaled in those hospitable countries, was Sr. de Almeido profuse in his entertainments.

There is no more pronounced Pan-American than Sr. de Almeido. His brother, Count Candido Mendes de Almeido, was a delegate to the International Chambers of Commerce held in the United States a year or so ago. The editor-in-chief of the Jornal do Brazil is now being urged to pay a visit to the northern republic, where his publication is well known and where he will be assured a cordial reception by the journalistic fraternity.

CONSULAR SERVICE OF HUERTA RULE IS REORGANIZING

VERACRUZ, Mexico—The complete reorganization of the Mexican consular service, planned by Foreign Minister Moheno some time ago, is being carried out actively by the department of foreign relations. Mexican consuls in the United States, France, Spain and other countries have been removed and new men have been sent to fill the vacancies.

The latest important appointments in the consular service have been officially announced by the foreign office. Among these are the following: Adolfo Mugica y Sayago, appointed Mexican consul general in Argentine; Jose M. Rosales, designated consul in Constantinople; Joaquin Capilla, named Mexican consul in Brussels, and Lic. Villada y Cardoso, who is to be sent as consul in Glasgow, Scotland, to replace Miguel Rivero, who has been recalled to the capital.

DR. DRAGO, JURIST, MAY VISIT NORTH

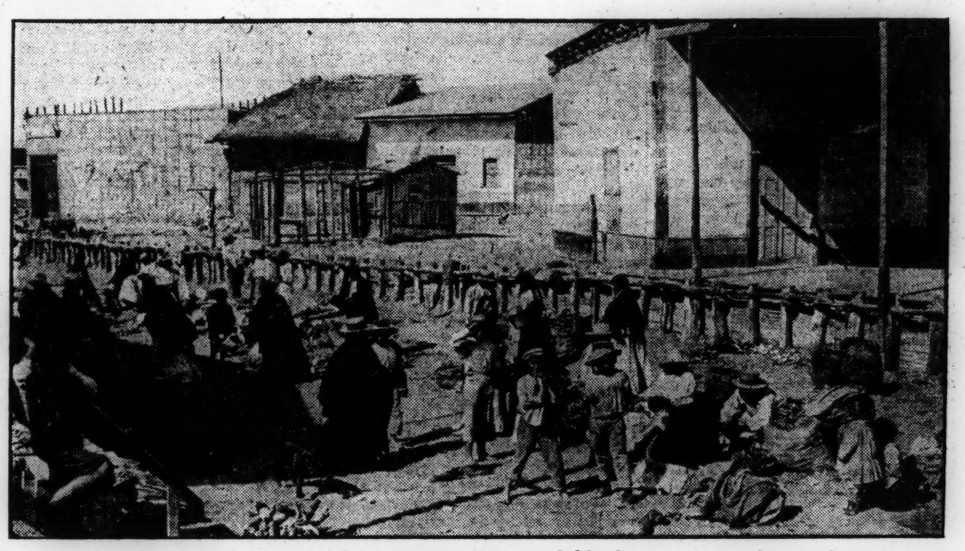
BUENOS AIRES, A. R.—Dr. Luis Drago, the eminent Argentine jurist and authority on international law, may soon pay a visit to the United States. Some months ago a report went out that Dr. Drago would lecture before some of the leading universities in the northern country. It is also stated that the United States government will be the host of the Argentine jurist during his stay in the north.

Dr. Drago was one of the most conspicuous speakers before the Hague conference. It was here that he amplified his now famous "Drago doctrine," which stands for obligatory arbitration. For years the noted Argentine has been advocating arbitration as the only measure suitable to the solving of Central and South American problems.

When the Argentine government voted an appropriation of $310,000 for the establishment of a legation building in Washington it practically led the way for the United States to plan the raising of the post at Buenos Aires to an embassy. There is no question that the administration of President Wilson had been contemplating a progressive change in the diplomatic mission to the South American republic, for the work of the legation in the Argentine capital has been increasing at a remarkable rate. The minister has had only one secretary and the salary of the United States representative has stood at $12,000. As ambassador, John W. Garrett would draw $17,500 annually. It is an interesting commentary on diplomatic incomes and the costs of living in some of the southern republics that the annual house rent of Mr. Garrett in Buenos Aires is said to amount to over $24,000.

The raising of the Argentine legation to an embassy may quite likely lead to that often discussed proposal going into effect—that the United States own its own homes in other countries. If this is done it is well to remember that Chile also comes in for consideration. As a matter of fact, the Chileans are only waiting for the northern republic to send an ambassador instead of a minister to Santiago before they will reciprocate by doing the like thing at Washington. The United States already has an ambassador at Rio de Janeiro.

It is a thing apart from the diplomatic relations between the United States and Argentina, yet it may be worth considering that when Prince Henry of Prussia visits Buenos Aires next month he will be the recipient of much attention at the hands of the government as well as the representatives of the other nations at the Argentine capital. Etiquette counts for much in the world of diplomacy. It should add to the prestige of the United States in the southern hemisphere were its representative to rank with the foremost diplomatists at functions where the eyes of the nations are critically centered. And it can mean no less to Argentina if Senor Romula A. Naon becomes vested with the higher diplomatic title of ambassador at Washington.



Market place in Payto, where native pottery and blankets are offered for sale

ARGENTINA WILL TAKE NEW CENSUS

BAHIA BLANCA, A. R.—The next census of the Argentine Republic will be taken May 10, of the present year. A commission has been appointed by the President, and the work is to be done according to the provisions of the law passed for the purpose.

In 1910 the population of Argentina was approximately 7,000,000. At the same time Buenos Aires had about 1,270,000 inhabitants. The country has had a large immigration in the past few years. In 1912 the number of immigrants entering the republic was 323,403, of which 165,000 were Spaniards and 80,000 Italians. The country furnishing the next largest number of immigrants was Russia.

CANAL OPERATED ONLY ON SUNDAY

GATUN, C. Z.—In order to advance the finishing of all the lock work, it has been decided that until March 1, lockages shall be made only on Sundays. The last official operation of the locks on a week day was at Gatun on Thursday, Jan. 29, when the tug Gatun and a motor dory for the use of Lieut. R. N. Crenshaw, U. S. N., in connection with the radio station work at Caimito, were raised in Gatun lake from the Atlantic entrance, and the tug Cocoli was transferred down, for repairs at the Mt. Hope dry dock.

QUECHUA INDIAN USES LANGUAGE OF THE INCAS

Native of Upper Andean Heights in Peru Retains Royal Tongue and Gives Signs of Superiority —Is Independent Landowner

INVALUABLE AS MINER

LIMA, Peru—Retaining the language spoken by the Incas, the Quechua Indians, who inhabit the high valleys and the mountain plateaus of the Andes—the Serranos—have recently attracted the attention of investigators who are trying to link the historic past with the present.

The Quechuas are not the lineal descendants of the Incas, who were a royal line. But although they are classed with Indians they can by no means be put in the same category as the savage tribes that inhabit the forest regions of the Montana country, for they are in every respect different from these primitive dwellers of the Peruvian wilds. The mining companies find the Quechuas invaluable as laborers. The mines are in most instances situated at very high elevations, at times as high as 17,000 feet above the level of the sea. The natives are especially fitted to work under prevailing atmospheric conditions.

The Quechua Indians are also known as the Cholos. Those who engage in farming are usually so termed. As in the time of the Inca rule the Quechua is now an independent landowner, if he so wishes. These holdings, of course, are very small and quite unfruitful, as the piece of land is generally wrested from the chaos of rocks and ravines on the Andean slopes, but here the Indian manages nevertheless to grow his maize, potatoes and in some places, alfalfa. Where conditions are more favorable the Quechua is the owner of herds of llamas, alpacas or sheep and goats. With their primitive looms the men and women make the cloths which are so characteristic of that region.

That the population of the Sierra in prehispanic days was very considerable is attested by the viceroy of Toledo who, in 1575, estimated the number at 8,000,000 exclusive of the savage and unknown tribes farther back in the wilderness. But at the close of the Spanish regime their number had been reduced to about a million and a quarter. Within recent years there has been a slight increase in the Quechua population.

It is considered of great philological importance that the language now spoken among these Indians is, as already mentioned, the very tongue spoken by the Incas. Ayamara was another language in use at that time, but leading authorities believe it was in reality an outcropping of Quechua. The two tongues are believed to have been employed contemporaneously. One of the first books printed in Lima was a catechism for the use of the Indians in Quechua and Aymara. Quechua is a very rich and expressive language and efforts are making to retain it in its original purity.

ARMORED AUTOMOBILES WILL PROTECT MEXICAN RAILWAYS

Government Will Place Order for 560 Italian Chassis and Protective Plates Will be Made in Aguascalientes by Home Workmen—Cars to Have Machine Guns

MEXICO CITY—The Mexican war department will buy from Italian makers 560 automobiles for use by federal forces in patrolling and protecting railway lines. The decision was made some time ago, and the military authorities declare that the autos will be more efficient than trains for the patrol work for many reasons.

Only the chassis of the autos will be bought abroad, as the rest of the fittings for the machines will be obtained in this country. The autos will be armored and the plates will be manufactured in Aguascalientes by Mexican workmen. Each will be fitted out with one or probably two machine guns. The machines can not be so readily attacked as trains and they can be used also to run down small bands trying to damage the railway. The military men say that the autos have many other obvious advantages.

The new machines probably will have solid tires, to obviate the loss of time and utility which ensues from punctures and to bear up better the weight of the heavy armor plates, which will be proof against all missiles except cannon projectiles. Experiments already have been made with autos of this type manufactured in Aguascalientes, and the military authorities say that nothing could be made in any other country which could be more satisfactory.

General Miguel Ruelas, new Governor of Aguascalientes, has found a way of giving employment to the laborers of the National railway shops in the city of Aguascalientes, who remain idle two days of the week, owing to the fact that the railway company only employs them four days. The laborers will be employed by the government these two days that they are idle manufacturing artillery shells for the federal army. The laborers will receive for this work the same wages that they are receiving from the railway company. The machinery necessary for manufacturing shells will be shipped from this capital to Aguascalientes.

Several officers and laborers of the shells factory in this city will teach the laborers there and install the machinery. General Ruelas believes that in giving employment to the idle laborers he will settle the labor problem in Aguascalientes. General Ruelas has just returned to Aguascalientes after remaining several days in this capital, conferring with President Huerta and Minister of War Blanquet.

TUG HAS PASSED BOTH STRAIT AND CANAL DRY DOCKS

COLON, C. Z.—The tug Reliance has been passed through Gatun locks to the Atlantic entrance for repairs at the Cristobal dry dock. The Reliance sailed from Colon for Balboa, via the strait of Magellan, on Feb. 11, 1912, and completed the 10,500 mile journey in 126 days, arriving in Panama bay on June 17, 1912. It was transferred from the Pacific entrance to Culebra cut on Dec. 2, 1913, and passed Cucaracha slide on Dec. 14. Capt. R. C. Thompson has been in command of the Reliance prior to and since its departure from Colon, and is thus the first commanding officer to sail a vessel around the continent of South America via the canal. His chief engineer, L. Lamont, is the only other member of the present ship's company who has been with the Reliance throughout the voyage.

COSTA RICANS ASK PARCEL POST RATE

SAN JOSE, Costa Rica—Importing interests are making the claim that in buying goods from the United States they are at a disadvantage as against getting merchandise in Europe, because the European countries make an allowance on parcel post shipments transshipped from the Costa Rican ports for San Jose. A leading importer explains the situation as follows:

"The parcel post treaty with the United States is deficient. The treaty carries no freight allowance on mails from the northern country. The European countries make an allowance for this freight. We desire an investigation of all the facts and ask for carrying rates in the mails that will permit us to buy in the United States."

PLAN TO PROTECT FUR-BEARING SEALS URUGUAYAN NEED

Animal Visitors to Rio de la Plata Believed to Be in Danger of Complete Extermination

MONTEVIDEO, Uruguay—The government is considering plans for the conservation of the fur seals found on the islands near the mouth of the Rio de la Plata.

Formerly private interests leased the islands, but the Uruguayan government thought it advisable to do its own exploiting, principally for the purpose of controlling the number of seals taken each year. Two species of seals are found in these waters, the sea lions and the "oso marino," or fur seal. They usually arrive in this latitude by the end of December and remain through March, which period may be termed the Uruguayan summer.

The first to arrive at the islands are the fur seals. The sea lions come somewhat later. Dr. R. Jose del Perez Blanco, an eminent naturalist who has spent considerable time on the island studying the habits of the seals, says that after the larger animals have examined the water territory thoroughly they come on land and the younger seals, ranging from 3 to 6 years in age, are not permitted to select their homes on the islands until the older ones have found suitable quarters.

In a period of 13 years, from 1896 to 1908, no less than 201,694 skins were sold by the sealing companies. Dr. Blanco gives it as his opinion that a closed season of at least 10 years will be needed in order to keep the species from becoming extinct.

COLONEL ROOSEVELT HEARD FROM

RIO DE JANEIRO, Brazil—The expedition of Theodore Roosevelt was last heard from on Jan. 30, when it reached Utiarity. One of the tributaries of the Amazon river has been named after Colonel Roosevelt.

PRICE REDUCTION RESENTED

KINGSTON, Jamaica—Jamaica planters protest against any reduction in the price paid for bananas by fruit companies, claiming there is no warrant for such reduction.

WILL HAVE HISTORY CONGRESS

RIO DE JANEIRO, Brazil—The first national congress of history in Brazil will be held under the auspices of the Brazilian Historical and Geographical Institute, Sept. 7 to 16.

TRADE NOTES

GUAYAQUIL, Ecuador—Receipts of cocoa beans at this port in 1913 amounted to 85,908,495 pounds, against 72,892,014 pounds in 1912.

BARRANQUILLA, Colombia — The government has reserved the right to purchase the proposed railway from Rio Hacha to Barrancas at the end of 15 years after its completion.

LA PAZ, Bolivia—In case export duties on rubber in neighboring countries should at any time be less than in Bolivia the law gives the executive the privilege to decrease export home duties accordingly.

SALTILLO, Mexico—The Governor of the state of Coahuila has issued a decree imposing an export tax on horses and cattle because of their scarcity.

MONTEVIDEO, Uruguay—With few exceptions the fashion books sold in the capital are printed in French and Spanish. Two local factories make paper dress patterns, while some patterns are imported.

TEGUCIGALPA, Honduras—The manufacture of straw hats has been added as a department to the school of arts and crafts of this city.

SAO PAULO, Brazil—The eight colonies in the state of Sao Paulo have a population of about 9000, and the value of the agricultural output is estimated at $400,000 a year.

COLON, C. Z.—Of the hardwood trees in Panama the espave grows to a height of 120 feet. The wood resembles mahogany and the value of the standing timber has been computed at $130,000,000.

SAN SALVADOR—Under the new law patents are granted for periods of five, 10 or 15 years. Charges for the issuance of patents vary with the length of time asked.

ARGENTINE NAVY TOTALS 40 SHIPS

PUERTO MILITAR, A. R.—Before the Argentine government contracted in 1909 for the two dreadnoughts, the Rivadavia and the Moreno, the first of which is completed and the other nearing completion, the fleet consisted as follows: Three battleships, four armored cruisers of the Garibaldi type, two monitors, three protected cruisers, two torpedo cruisers, two modern river gun boats, 12 first-class torpedo boats, 10 second-class torpedo boats and auxiliary ships.

SILVER HOARDING IN MEXICO MAY BRING NEW LAWS

Making Tostons Legal Tender Has Placed Them at Premium—May Force Repeal

VERACRUZ, Mexico — The government is considering the advisability of revoking its recent decree declaring the silver toston legal tender for any amount. This repeal, which will lessen the buying power of the toston, finance officials think, will have the effect of doing away with its hoarding by persons who do not trust in the permanent value of the banknotes at present in circulation.

The buying power of the toston for small purchases will not be diminished by the repeal of the decree making it legal tender for all amounts, say the finance officials, as before that decree was issued the same quantity of anything was sold for a toston as at present. The shortage of tostons at present makes them bring a premium when sold in large quantities for change, and this is expected to be done away with by the repeal of the decree.

The selling of silver money at a premium is illegal, but it is believed to exist to a considerable extent among merchants throughout the republic. The finance officials say that when they remove the incentive for hoarding tostons they will take measures to increase the stability of the value of banknotes, both of the local and state institutions. They will not state now just what these measures will be, but say that they are embodied already in definite plans which have been studied out.

PAN-AMERICAN CHILD CONGRESS ARGENTINE PLAN

BUENOS AIRES, A. R.—The success of the children's congress had led to an even more pretentious program being considered for the next congress, to be held at Tucuman, Argentina, in 1916.

The first national children's congress brought out many interesting facts regarding the educational methods in the republic. Both school and home education were considered at great length. Few gatherings of national importance ever held the attention of the general public to a greater extent than the event just closed. Efforts are now under way to make the next congress an all-American affair and invitations will be extended the other republics to participate in 1916. It is realized here that South and Central American friendship will depend largely on what is instilled in the children.

COLOMBIANS HOLD WOMAN NOVELIST IN HIGH ESTEEM

BOGOTA, Colombia—One of the most gifted scholars of Colombia, Senora Dona Soledad Agosta de Samper, is held in special esteem by her countrymen and women for founding the paper La Mujer, in which appeared many of her early writings.

The daughter of the famous historian, Joachim Agosta, Senora de Samper's penchant has been historical novels, many of which have been translated into other languages. She was married to that well-known writer, Don Jose M. Samper. Her books are read in all Spanish-speaking countries, and have inspired many of the young people to devote themselves to historical writing. Colombia is rich in material bearing on political advancement. The women of the republic have been great aids in improving the economic conditions of the country.

WANTS TO MAKE PALM OIL

CARACAS, Venezuela—The extraction of oil from the fruit of the Moriche palm is to be undertaken by Isaac M. Gomez in case the government grants permission.

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Street Railway Paving Repair Bill Hearing Postponed

Mr. Fitzgerald's Measure Goes Over at Request of Corporation Counsel—Western Massachusetts Trolley Measures Out

OTHER HEARINGS

At the request of Corporation Counsel John A. Sullivan, the bill on petition of former Mayor Fitzgerald relative to the repair of streets and bridges by street railway companies, was postponed to March 2, when it came up today before the legislative committee on railways at the State House.

No one appeared on the continued hearing of two bills to repeal the western Massachusetts trolley act of last year. Further hearings will be held in the western part of the state at a date to be announced later.

Hearings on the petition of James Cummings relative to the funded indebtedness of street railway companies were continued to March 6, on the request of Attorney Bentley W. Warren for the street railway association.

No one appeared on the bill to extend the provisions of law relative to street railway companies to electric transportation by means of overhead trolley wires without the use of rails.

In the House late yesterday a bill requiring icemen to weigh each piece of ice before they deliver it to a customer was passed to be engrossed and sent to the Senate.

After a long speech in which Representative Abbott of Haverhill explained how many costs attending legal suits are unnecessary and may be avoided, his bill to abolish fictitious costs in civil actions was passed to be engrossed by a rising vote, 55 to 36.

By a vote of 87 to 29, the House passed to be engrossed the bill providing for sittings of the Middlesex probate court in Framingham.

The bill to increase the salaries of assistant district attorneys in Suffolk county was rejected.

Without opposition, a second reading was given to the bill authorizing the Suffolk school of law to grant degrees.

The committee on election laws reported adversely on Congressman John J. Rogers' bill providing that members of national political committees shall be elected by popular vote.

The protest of the Boston finance commission against the bill to allow two weeks' vacations to city employees was read in the Senate yesterday by Senator Nichols.

The public service inspectors bill, placing them under civil service, was tabled.

The state sealers of weights and measures bill, already defeated, was postponed to Wednesday, when reconsideration will be moved.

Ways and means reported a bill to reimburse Arlington to the extent of $1200 for the care of smallpox patients in 1912.

It has been voted by the rules committee of the House to recommend the adoption of the order of Representative Washburn for an opinion from the attorney-general on the question whether Boston & Maine stock now held by the Boston Railroad Holding Company may be transferred to trustees with an act of the Legislature.

At a conference with Governor Walsh yesterday, Albert P. Langtry, chairman of the State House extension commission, told the former that he favored his recommendation that a wing extension be made to the west of the capitol building similar to that proposed for the east side.

DR. ELIOT RETAINS IMMIGRATION VIEW

NEW YORK—President Emeritus Eliot of Harvard University in a letter received Wednesday by the National Immigration League says that the further restriction of immigration will aggravate the scarcity of labor in the rural districts and in the smaller cities of the United States.

Dr. Eliot, declaring that he has no reason to change his estimate of the situation as previously given, reiterates that a scarcity of labor in this country will prevail as long as there is a sparseness of populations and enormous unused natural resources, in the development of which both new capital and labor will be needed.

MANY THACKERAY LETTERS IN SALE

NEW YORK—Sale of the Thackeray collection from the library of Maj. William H. Lambert of Philadelphia in the Anderson galleries yielded, at the first day's sessions $32,091.60 for 389 items. There are 1331 items in the library.

Top price was $1075, paid by the C. E. Lauriat Company of Boston for Charlotte Bronte's preface to the second edition of "Jane Eyre," which she dedicated to Thackeray.

PLAN HISTORICAL CELEBRATION

PROVIDENCE, R. I.—Historical pageant, in which more than 1000 of the citizens of Warren will take part, and portraying 12 events in the history of the town, is being planned for October to celebrate the settling of the town of Warren.

O. F. KINNEY IS CHAIRMAN

WEST BRIDGEWATER, Mass.—The Republican town committee has chosen: Chairman, Orvis F. Kinney; secretary, Howard B. Wilbur; treasurer, Edward H. Crocker. Other members are Albert Manley, John M. Richards, Algernon S. Lagy and Frank Jones.

CONTRACT FOR POWER CANAL AT TURNERS FALLS AWARDED

TURNERS FALLS, Mass.—The contracts for the new canal to Montague City, the plans of which have been under way for the past four years, was awarded at Turners Falls yesterday by the engineers of the Turners Falls company. For the digging of the two-mile canal the contractors will be the Holbrook, Cabot & Rollins Corporation of Boston.

This work involves the excavation of about 120,000 cubic yards of rock, 820,000 cubic yards of earth, and 18,000 cubic yards of concrete, with cofferdam work, sewer, road and embankment building. For the powerhouse foundations, the contractors will be Fred T. Ley & Co., incorporated, of Springfield. This work includes 30,000 cubic yards of earth excavation, 50,000 cubic yards of rock excavation, and about 18,000 cubic yards of concrete, with difficult cofferdam work in the Connecticut river. Immediately upon the completion of this work, the power station superstructure will be started and the machinery installed in it.

The work under these contracts will be begun at an early date, and within two years the Turners Falls Company will have 27,000 more electrical horsepower to distribute in the valley, and will be able to increase this to its final total of 47,000 horsepower by the installation of extra machinery, to be actuated by water brought down through the canals to be built under these present contracts. These accommodate the entire flow to develop the total horsepower and the machinery will be installed as fast as it is needed.

CHURCHMEN HOLD A JOINT MEETING

PROVIDENCE, R. I. — "Brotherhood night" was observed last night in the Calvary Baptist church, the Men's Club of that church being the hosts to the brotherhoods of St. Paul's Methodist, Plymouth Congregational, Westminster Unitarian and South Baptist churches.

CARRIERS MAY FEED BIRDS

WASHINGTON—Representative Winslow of Worcester obtained from the post-office department on Wednesday permission for rural free delivery carriers to scatter grain along the country waysides, for the birds.

AUDITORIUM ADDS TO CORNELL FIELD



New structure at western end of Agricultural College group

ITHACA, N. Y.—The new auditorium is one of the many beautiful buildings that have been added recently to the campus of the College of Agriculture at Cornell University. It is built of pressed brick and concrete, in the Greek style of architecture. The new building has a seating capacity of 2400, and, standing as it does, at the extreme western boundary of Agricultural College quadrangle, it is one of the most imposing structures on the campus.

ARTS AND CRAFTS GIVES MEDALS TO THREE WORKERS

Annual award of the bronze medals of merit by the Society of Arts and Crafts, Boston, was made at the seventeenth annual meeting last evening at the Twentieth Century Club, 3 Joy street, which was attended by 100 members of the organization. Recipients of medals included Miss Mary C. Sears, bookbinder, Boston; Mrs. Josephine Hartwell Shaw, jeweler, Duxbury, and Frank L. Koralewsky, iron worker, Boston, for his individual work. Forty-one of the craftsmen members were advanced to the grade of master in recognition of the excellence of their work. Prof. H. Langford Warren of Harvard presided.

The report of the treasurer, H. P. Macomber, showed that the sales of the year amounted to $72,000. Directors appointed to serve three years were Charles T. Carruth, I. Kirchmayer, H. P. Macomber, Miss Mary Sears and C. Howard Walker.

"AVOID POLITICS," WARNS GOVERNOR

Declaring that clerks of courts should be semi-judicial officers and should be appointed and reappointed on a basis of merit, regardless of politics, Governor Walsh said in a talk with the newspaper men at the State House that he will not reappoint to office any clerk of courts who has been active in the politics of his community.

The Governor is also of the opinion that trial justice courts should be eliminated in every case where it is practicable by consolidating them with the nearest police courts.

NATIONAL LINES BEING LOST DECLARES EPISCOPAL BISHOP

TOLEDO, O.—The man of the future will be a composite being with characteristics of every nationality in his makeup; national boundaries will be as imaginary lines as the equator; nationality is becoming merely a shell of political form—this is the belief of Bishop Charles D. Williams of the Episcopal diocese of Michigan, expressed in an address at St. Paul's M. E. church before a large audience of members of the Laymen's Missionary Movement and others.

Bishop Williams talked on the "World Challenge to the Church."

"Two wonderful things are taking place right now," said the bishop as reported by the Blade. "First there is a wonderful shrinking in the world of space and time. Modern facilities carry people in all parts of the universe. The telephone and telegraph make communication quicker and easier. The second wonderful thing is the expansion of the higher life of the world. God is mingling the nations of the universe today until every city has within its confines representatives from every clime."

PROGRESSIVES SEEK DEAN

HARRISBURG, Pa.—William Draper Lewis, dean of the University of Pennsylvania law school, was formally invited to become the Progressive candidate for the nomination for Governor of Pennsylvania at a conference of leaders here Wednesday.

RATIONAL GOLF

By STEVEN ARMSTRONG

Here is the balance of the report on the work accomplished by the Caddjes Aid Association. The difficulties of the question are manifold. They are not the same at any two clubs. At Sandwich they find it possible to employ mainly old soldiers, sailors and others, who are incapable of doing any more laborious work. There are many other places where the supply of caddies depends almost entirely on boys who are not out of their teens.

Free education being what it is, only in exceptional cases do we find boys of the class from which caddies are drawn who have any other desire than to eke out a daily existence.

The present system of schooling manifestly fails to impress them with the responsibilities of citizenship. Golfers would be merely hypocrites if they denied that, in many cases, it was precisely this class of boy who made their game possible. And if they use him for their game, completing the destruction begun in what were supposed to be his schooldays, without making some attempt to obtain for him a decent and honorable place in the world, we can only say that golfers are guilty of neglect. The majority of people who play golf are intelligent enough to realize the undesirability of allowing boys to drift into blind alley occupations. And it is because golfers, as a rule, are endowed with the light of reason that the Caddies Aid Committee appeal to them to give this very important matter their earnest consideration.

Among those on the committee who ungrudgingly give their time to the work are men who have made a life study of social problems, and golfers whose experience in the game has brought them in touch with all sorts and conditions of caddies. They include W. E. Fairlie, the present captain of the Royal and Ancient Club; Bernard Darwin, Harold Janion, F. A. Janion, Ryder Richardson, Colonel Satterthwaite (who is responsible for an excellent scheme of technical training for the caddies at Sundridge Park), Cecil Hartley, the honorary secretary, and Mr. Stutchbury of the Fulwell Association. The work of these gentlemen, and the many others of the committee, has borne good fruit. Thanks to their influence and assistance many clubs have instituted schemes for the assistance of their caddies.

Much remains to be done, however, and unless the committee have the financial support of clubs, and golfers generally, their labors must come to an end. Having the free use of the offices of the Agenda Club and its clerical staff, the only outlay the committee incur is for printing and postage. But even for these items they are already in debt. In Mr. Fairlie's letter, which we referred to above, he appeals for donations from golfers who are interested in the "caddie problem." He mentions incidentally that out of 560 clubs who were asked for donations of 5s., early this year, only 60 have subscribed. We should be sorry to think that this implied apathy on the part of the clubs. When they realize the urgency of the appeal, we feel confident they will respond more generously to a work which is not only of the utmost importance to golf, but to the future of the whole nation.

PORTLAND PUBLIC SAFETY PLAN OUT

PORTLAND, Me.—Stricter supervision of hotels and lodging-houses, a rigid enforcement of the curfew law and considerable increase in the number of plain clotnes men in the Portland police department, is recommended by the citizens committee of Portland in a report covering a two years' investigation of social conditions in this city just made public. The report will be submitted to the city council at the next meeting.

NORTHAMPTON HAS PROGRESS DINNER

NORTHAMPTON, Mass.—Relation of the public to service corporations and local topics were discussed last night at the annual dinner of the Board of Trade. The speakers comprised William D. Mandell, president of the board; President M. L. Burton of Smith College, Edward K. Hall of Boston and the Rev. Dr. John S. Lyon of Holyoke.

RHODE ISLAND HAS PLAN TO ABOLISH PROPERTY CLAUSE

Measure Would Extend Full Suffrage to All Men Who Have Attained Majority

PROVIDENCE, R. I.—The committee on special legislation decided to report to the House today the bill introduced by Representative Albert B. West of Providence, proposing an amendment to the constitution of the state to abolish the property qualification.

The bill will probably take the regular course and will be placed upon next Tuesday's calendar for action.

It proposes straight abolition of the property qualification for voters throughout the state. It contains no restrictions of any kind as a substitute for the property clause and extends the full suffrage to all men of 21 years of age and over.

Its next important provision is the extension of the registration period from June 30, the time at which canvassers now close their books, to Sept. 30, a change which has been strongly advocated for years. It also provides for biennial registration.

HERR BODANZKY CONDUCTS COVENT GARDEN "PARSIFAL"

Wagnerian Music Drama Produced Before London Audience Under Musical Director From Mannheim Opera—Conservative Scheme of Scenic Art Used

"PARSIFAL"

In Three Acts (In German)

By Richard Wagner (1813-1883)

Amfortas	Herr Paul Bender
Titurel	Mr. Murray Davey
Gurnemanz	Herr Paul Knupfer
Parsifal	Herr Heinrich Hensel
Klingsor	Herr August Kiess
Kundry	Frau Eva von der Osten
A Voice	Frau Bender-Schafer
1st Knight of the Grail	Mr. William Anderson
2nd Knight of the Grail	Mr. Charles Mott
1st Esquire	Miss Winifred New
2nd Esquire	Miss Kate Holbrooke
3rd Esquire	Herr Hummelsheim
4th Esquire	Mr. Frank Foster
Flower Maidens	Frl. Annie Buchmayer, Miss Ada Davies, Miss Bessie Jones, Miss Rosina Buckman, Miss Eveline Matthews, Miss Elsie McDermid
Conductor	Herr Arthur Bodanzky
Produced by	Herr Willi Wirk
Artistic Adviser	Mr. J. Comyns Carr

(Special to the Monitor)

LONDON—With the last stroke of midnight, Dec. 31 1913, expired the copyright of a work which 32 years previously had crowned the career of one of the world's greatest geniuses. "Parsifal" became common property. And here is an interesting point in the ethics of private ownership. Can an opera remain the personal property of the man who has written it? "Yes," says the community to the composer, "at least for a time, and then without either thanks or recompense you must hand it over to us, for we, as you know, very properly regard the rights of private possession as sacred." The composer may retort that it is very kind of the community to lend him his own opera for so many years, but if they want to make experiments in pure socialism would it not be wiser, and at the same time more just, to make a start in certain other obvious directions? Such argument, however, is apt to be one-sided, as every rebel and reformer knows to his cost, for the community frames its laws not at the dictates of logic or reason but simply to suit its own convenience.

Wagner was both rebel and reformer. He spent practically the whole of his life arguing with the community. Artist, anarchist, philosopher and politician, he had no illusions about the world's attitude concerning the ethics of property or the ethics of anything else. No one knew better than he that the last audience in the world to understand the message of "Parsifal," the "Pure Fool," would be the frivolous public which throngs to a modern opera house. Although for a time "Parsifal" was saved from the market place, Bayreuth became a fashionable pilgrimage and in the end the difference between the "Hugel" and Covent Garden was mainly geographical. Any regret that may be felt, therefore, at the departure of "Parsifal" from Bayreuth is largely a matter of sentiment.

Viewpoints Discussed

In these days of a voluminous Wagner literature "Parsifal," with the other music dramas, has been explained so much that it has almost been explained away. Whether with all this cloud of explanation it is any better understood, is perhaps doubtful. Wagner once said that to understand "Lohengrin" only "a healthy sense and a human heart" were necessary. And that is true of every work he wrote. The critics, no less than the general public, have an extraordinary capacity for looking straight past these quite simple truths which Wagner clothed with such a gorgeous artistry. In "Parsifal" the message is so obvious that a considerable amount of ingenuity is required to avoid it. The customary vague remarks about mysterious, transcendentalism, didacticism, and so on, sound even less convincing than usual. If the opera goer regards "Parsifal" simply as a work of art he may get a good deal of pleasure out of its mere externals, but he will not understand from Wagner's point of view.

Wagner had an intense belief in the high destiny of the human race. In a letter written to Frau Mathilde Wesendonck he says:

"Belief shows how all at last can reach complete redemption. Within the limitations of Time our various lives exist side by side, but separate; whereas beyond Time they reach a state of unity and complete understanding. Thus all the terrible tragedy of life is seen to be nothing but the sense of separateness in Time and Space. But as Time and Space are only our modes of perception, and outside of that have no reality, to the perfect seer the most intense tragic grief can only be explained as the delusion of the individual being. I believe it is so. And in very truth it is nothing but a question of the Pure and Noble, which in itself is griefless."

Vision Obscured

This sense of the unreality of those conditions which mankind has been educated to look upon as fixed and inevitable is the keynote of all Wagner's work. From "Rienzi" to "Parsifal" he has with wonderful art dramatized the varying phases of the struggle between good and evil which makes a battleground of every human consciousness. In "Parsifal" Wagner reaches his ideal of the perfect "Mensch," the "Pure Fool," the man who with purity overcomes the world's sin and pain and who, despising what the world esteems, is by the world in return regarded as a "fool." Assiduous tracking of leit motives, learned disquisitions on the origin and history of the Holy Grail, interpretations of myth, of symbolism and ritual, all those things by which people with a stupid industry try to penetrate Wagner's meaning are so much dust, dust by which they obscure their own and others' vision.

The preparations for the first performance of "Parsifal" in London occupied the greater part of a year, and perhaps no production at Covent Garden has ever awakened keener interest. One of the most elaborate and expensive operas to mount, "Parsifal" provides an unusual opportunity for beauty of scenic effect. But it is notorious that opera houses are strongholds of conservatism, and not even the most optimistic member of the first night audience at Covent Garden had dared to hope for anything startling in the way of novelty or freshness of treatment. The producers were pretty certain to have been haunted by the bogey of Bayreuth. And so it was. Apart from the Grail scene, most of the production was an excellent example of what Gordon Craig would doubtless call "Victorian hooliganism." Hot vulgar color, harsh and excessive detail, wearied the eye and made visual attention to the singers anything but a pleasure. As for that wretched panorama which stuck in the last act, but it is no sort of use protesting, opera houses will be opera houses.

Conducting Approved

Musically the performance was, on the whole, exceedingly good and but for that unfortunate lapse in the last scene, when the Knights of the Grail sang excruciatingly flat, even stronger praise would have been merited. Herr Arthur Bodansky, from the Court opera at Mannheim, conducted "Parsifal" for the first time, and under his direction the orchestra set a fine musical example to their colleagues on the stage. If the public ever realized the musical skill and discipline which, as a matter of course, is demanded from orchestral players, honor would more often be paid where honor is due. It was a pleasure to see the names of these artists on the program. Herr Bodansky accompanied his singers beautifully, and except for an occasional sluggishness of tempo his work deserved high praise.

Of the principals on the stage, perhaps Herr Heinrich Hensel, who played Parsifal, was the least satisfactory. Neither physically nor vocally did he convey the idea of the "Pure Fool," and although he sang and acted well, his performance was lacking both in beauty and distinction. The singing and acting of Frau Eva von der Osten as Kundry, of Herr Paul Bender as Amfortas and Herr August Kiess as Klingsor, left little to be desired. One of the finest performances of the evening was the Gurnemanz of Herr Paul Knupfer.

Audience Punctual

The management by a draconian decree for once frightened a Covent Garden audience into punctuality. Wagner built his Ideal theater at Bayreuth because no audience could reach it without making what was practically a pilgrimage. Perhaps the only people in the audience at Covent Garden who fulfilled this condition were the occupants of the gallery, some of whom were waiting outside the theater at 4 o'clock in the morning.

As the great curtains fell slowly on that wonderful final scene in the Temple of the Holy Grail and the vast audience almost silently left the theater, one recalled Wagner's own words written after the first production at Bayreuth:

"The influence of our surrounding optic and acoustic atmosphere bore our souls away from the wonted world; and the consciousness of this was evident in our dread at the thought of going back into that world. Yes 'Parsifal' itself had owed its origin and evolution to escape therefrom. Who can look, his life-time long, with open eyes and unpent heart upon the world of robbing and murder organized and legalized by lying, deceit, and hypocrisy, without being forced to flee from it at times in shuddering disgust? Whither turns his gaze? Too often to the pit of extinction. But him whose calling and his fate have fenced from that, to him the truest likeness of the world itself may well appear the herald of redemption sent us by its inmost soul. 'Twill seem to him the guerdon of the sorrowful sincerity with which he recognized the wretchedness of the actual world of fraud, to be able to forget it in this true dream image."

PROHIBITIONISTS COLLECT SPEAKERS

INDIANAPOLIS — There has just been organized here for the advancement of national prohibition, a movement to be known as the "Flying Squadron of America." J. Frank Hanly, former governor of Indiana, is chairman of the executive committee. The squadron, it is planned, will travel about the country, spending about three days in vigorous campaigns in each of the largest cities and state capitals.

SOUTHERN PLACES ORDERS

RICHMOND, Va. — Fairfax Harrison, president of the Southern railway, authorized on Wednesday the expenditure of $500,000 for 27 large locomotives to be built here and $250,000 for freight terminals.

CALUMET MINERS CONCLUDE THEIR SIDE IN HEARING

Congressmen Adjourn Sittings for Two Days and Will Make Trips of Inspection to Mines, Stamp Mills and Smelter

MILITIA TO BE HEARD

HANCOCK, Mich.—Counsel for the striking copper miners concluded presenting the men's side of the case late Wednesday afternoon. Members of the congressional sub-committee arranged for mine inspection trips and the public hearings will be resumed Saturday.

Chairman Taylor announced that at the conclusion of the inquiry here the committee would sit for one day in Chicago to take testimony of Michigan national guardsmen in answer to the strikers' charges.

After the congressmen inspect mines, stamp mills and smelter, the operators probably will begin the introduction of witnesses on Saturday.

In attempting the selection of a miner to accompany the committee on a visit into the mines, counsel for the mining companies would not accept any of the men proposed by the strikers in an executive session of the committee and the congressmen withdrew to let the opposing sides settle the question among themselves. No agreement was reached at that conference.

COLORADO MINE OFFICIAL ON STAND

TRINIDAD, Col.—Before the federal strike-investigating committee Wednesday Charles O'Neil, superintendent of the Berwind and Tabasco mines of the Colorado Fuel & Iron Company, described the fighting around Berwind Oct. 26, 27, and 28 which, he said, he had witnessed at close range.

Two hundred national guardsmen were mustered out of service in the southern Colorado coal mine strike field within the last two days.

MOVE FOR HONESTY IN ADVERTISING

CHICAGO — Advertising commissions to be composed of advertisers, to pass upon the honesty of assertions in advertising copy before it is published, were urged at the fourteenth annual meeting of the Association of American Advertisers here today, by Allen N. Drake of Buffalo, N. Y.

"The men who pay the money should combine against misleading advertising," said Mr. Drake. "Agents will find circulations sometimes misstated by publishers."

BANGOR SEMINARY CELEBRATES

BANGOR, Me. — Bangor Theological Seminary observed on Wednesday the centennial of the signing of its charter by the Governor of Massachusetts. President David M. Beach presided at the exercises.

AMUSEMENTS

Boston Opera House

TOMORROW, 8 to 11:20. FIRST APPEARANCE THIS SEASON OF FELIX WEINGARTNER AND MME. WEINGARTNER. OTELLO. Weingartner, Leveroni, Zenatello, Scotti. Cond., Weingartner.

SAT., 2 to 4:40. LAST TIME THIS SEASON AND LAST APPEARANCE OF MARY GARDEN. MONNA VANNA Garden, Swartz-Morse, Muratore, Marcoux, Ludikar. Cond., Andre-Caplet.

SAT., 8 to 11. Prices 50c to $2.50. LA TRAVIATA. Scotney, Taulongo, Blanchart. Cond., Lyford.

SUN., 8 to 10. Prices 25c to $1. Box Seats $1.50. Scotney, Maria Gay, Grand, Mardones, Britt.

MON., 7:30 to 11. DON GIOVANNI. Destinn, Ansseau, Nielsen, Marcoux, Ludikar, Taulongo, Mardones, Tavecchia. Cond., Weingartner.

WED., 7:45 to 11. FIRST TIME BY THE BOSTON OPERA COMPANY. ROMEO AND JULIET. Nielsen, Hellane, Muratore, Marcoux, Danges. Cond., Strony.

Box Office, Weekdays 9 to 6; Sundays 2 to 9. Reg. Prices, $1.50 to $5. Downtown Office, Steinert's, 162 Boylston St. Mason & Hamlin Pianos used.

SYMPHONY HALL

NEWMAN Traveltalks Color Views Motion Pictures

5 FRIDAY EVENINGS SATURDAY MATS Beg. March 6-7

LONDON—PARIS—ROME—FLORENCE AND VENICE—VIENNA.

Course Tickets At Box Office $4. $3. $2.50 Now

TREMONT TEMPLE

BURTON HOLMES

FRI. EVE. 8.15 / SAT. MAT. 2.30 EGYPT AND THE NILE

SAT. EVE., 8:15—A "NEW PANAMA"

25c., 50c., 75c., $1 NOW SELLING

Van Endert Symphony Hall Sun. Aft. Mar. 1 at 3.30

Royal Opera Berlin Assisted by 60 SYMPHONY PLAYERS

OTTO URACK, Conductor

Tickets 50c. $1. $1.50. $2. Box Office.

JORDAN HALL

THURSDAY AFTERNOON, MARCH 5, AT 3

JULIA CULP HOLLAND'S FAMOUS SINGER

Last Appearance in Boston This Season

CONRAD V. BOS, Accompanist

$2.00, $1.50, $1.00 and 50c. Symphony Hall.

Boston & Maine-Hampden Agreement Is Called Unwise

(Continued from page one)

stockholders before any sort of agreement could be entered into.

Special Counsel Hammond argued that neither road had received the sanction of the stockholders to make either a lease or agreement.

To this Mr. Ely objected. After some discussion, Mr. Hammond said he had come to the conclusion this hearing should not have been held until the sanction of the stockholders had been asked. He maintained that the question under discussion was a very important one as it was the operating of one road entirely by another instead of the use of a road that was being operated by its own company.

He proposed that the case should be dropped until it has been referred to the stockholders.

FIVE STREETS IN BOSTON TO HAVE NAMES CHANGED

Notification of changes in names of five streets in Boston to take effect March 1 was given today by the Boston street commissioners. The changes are being made with the authority of Mayor Curley. These will be the only streets to be renamed this year as the limit expires March 1 and 14 days notice is required.

The streets to be given new names are: East Ninth street, from First street to Columbia road, South Boston, to be named Marine road; Barrymore street, Dorchester, from Blue Hill avenue to Harvard street, to be named Paxton street; Kilton street, Dorchester, from Washington street to Talbot avenue, to be named Norwell street; Carmen street, Dorchester, from Prescott to Shafter streets, to be named Vassar street; Lovering place, Boston proper, from Washington street to Harrison avenue, to be named Lovering street.

OUTLOOK BRIGHT SAYS J. J. HILL

WASHINGTON—James J. Hill talked with President Wilson Wednesday about business conditions and said afterwards that the outlook for prosperity was bright.

It was learned at the White House later that Mr. Hill advocated rigid regulation by the government, not only of railroad securities, but also of industrial securities. He favored also, he said an early termination of pending or proposed government investigation of railroads, so as to eliminate uncertainty in the railroad world as early as possible.

MORE STATE BONDS GO OVER COUNTER

The number of bonds actually sold up to 12 o'clock today over the counter in the office of the state treasurer amounted to $1,500,000 exclusive of assurances received, which will send the figures over the $5,000,000 mark tomorrow. Mr. Mansfield said in this connection:

"In the past two or three days several small savings banks purchased the securities."

LIMIT ON STORAGE GETS NO SUPPORT

Cold storage men marched to the State House today but found no proponents when a bill scheduled to be heard before the committee on public health to limit the time for cold storage of food articles to 90 days came up.

They contended that the further restriction of time limit for cold storage of food is unnecessary and such action would do great damage to their business.

'L' MEN TO HEAR OF WAGE AWARD

Two meetings will be held tonight at 724 Washington street midnight when the management of the Boston Elevated Railway Company will announce that back pay due 10,000 employees in all divisions, to cover the wage increase for the period specified in the recent Elevated arbitration decision, will be paid on March 2.

FRUITER TAKES MANY TOURISTS

Carrying one of the largest lists of tourists taken from this port to the tropics since the inauguration of the new service by the United Fruit Company, the steamship Carrillo, Capt. H. P. Smith, left the company's terminal at Long wharf at noon today, bound for Port Antonio, Colon and Port Limon.

$5,000,000 POWDER SUIT OFF

TRENTON, N. J.—A verdict of no cause for action in the United States court late Wednesday ended the suit of the Buckeye Powder Company against the E. I. Du Pont de Nemours Powder Company for $5,000,000 damages.

TO PASS UPON DESIGN

Massachusetts art commission will probably meet next Wednesday to pass upon the design for the John Hancock memorial to be placed in Doric hall at the State House by the Sons of the Revolution.

CONGRESSMAN GILLETT TO SPEAK

WASHINGTON—Representative F. S. Gillett of Massachusetts speaks Friday to the Young Men's Republican Club of New York on the civil service.

POSTMASTER RECOMMENDED

WASHINGTON—Eugene M. Ware has been recommended by Representative R. B. Stevens to be postmaster at Peterboro N. H.

REFEREE CALLS LOCAL MEETING OF SIEGEL CREDITORS

Proposition to Sell Assets of Company Is Business to Be Decided at That Time

James M. Olmstead, referee of the United States bankruptcy court has set March 11 at 11 o'clock as the time for the meeting of the creditors of the Henry Siegel Company of Boston to discuss the sale of the assets of the company.

Seeking permission to sell the assets of the Henry Siegel Company of this city, Louis A. Frothingham, Charles F. Weed and Charles B. Jopp, trustees, have filed a petition in the United States bankruptcy court. Their action follows a hearing before Judge Dodge at which the property of the company and $50,000 in cash was formally turned over to the trustees by the receivers.

More than 2000 creditors of the company must each be notified and given 10 days in which to file objections to a sale.

HUNDREDS HURRY TO FILE INCOME TAX STATEMENTS

Office of Internal Revenue Collector Presents Busy Scene — Time Is Extended to March 2

Office of John F. Malley, internal revenue collector, presented an animated scene today, hundreds of persons filing their returns under the provisions of the income tax law. The law states that returns must be made on or before March 1. As that date falls on Sunday the final time for filing has been extended to Monday, March 2.

Up to closing time Wednesday night 7552 returns had been made, and of that number 1700 came in yesterday, some by mail and others being filed personally.

Today started out busier than any yet and from the opening of the offices at 9 o'clock up to a late hour there was a steady stream of callers. A man was stationed in the main auditorium of the International Trust building at 45 Milk street. He announced to visitors that income tax and infernal revenue was on the fourth floor.

Special elevators were used for transporting the persons to the fourth floor and everything went along without a hitch.

INTEREST SHOWN IN SETTLING OF AMERICAN FARMS

WASHINGTON—Indicating a growing desire on the part of residents of European countries as well as of the United States to learn more about the opportunities for agriculturists in this country, the annual report of T. V. Powderly, chief of the division of information, shows that 19,891 individual applications were received.

A series of recommendations includes that every agency directing men to employment across state lines be subject to the supervision of the division; that the sending to other countries of prepaid tickets and of money to defray the expenses of immigrants be under federal supervision, and that experimental farms be established near the more important immigration stations.

COLLEGIANS PLAN PATRIOTIC PARTY

MEDFORD, Mass.—Jackson College students will hold a patriotic party tonight in Metcalf hall, in observance of the birthday of Washington and Lincoln. The affair is under the auspices of the All Around Club and a number of historical tableaux have been prepared. The arrangements are in charge of Miss Alice M. Cotton '16 of Arlington.

Miss E. Hazel Macy '14 of Somerville, was chosen class poet at a meeting of the Jackson seniors last night. She will be one of two Jackson girls who will take part in the exercises of the joint Tufts-Jackson class day in June.

TUFTS TEACHER TO PAY VISITS TO OTHER COLLEGES

Professor Ransom Inspects Schools—Freshmen Are to Entertain—Junior Comedy

MEDFORD, Mass.—Prof. William R. Ransom, head of the mathematics department of the Tufts Engineering school, left Wednesday for an eight-day trip among the eastern colleges. Every year, a representative of this school is sent on an extended trip to gather ideas from an inspection of the work at other colleges. He will visit Yale, Princeton, Brooklyn Polytechnic, Stevens Institute, Amherst, Columbia and Williams.

Professor Ransom also represents the New England Association of Teachers of Mathematics on this trip. He will attend a meeting of the Princeton Mathematics Club, and in New York, will read a paper on "The Mathematical Pessimist, a Discouraged Student," before a joint meeting of the New England Association and the Middle States Association of Teachers of Mathematics.

The Rev. Clarence E. Skinner of Lowell is to give a special course of lectures upon religious history at the Crane theological school beginning Monday.

The Tufts freshman class has invited the entire student body to a vaudeville entertainment in the Goddard gymnasium this evening.

Members of the Pen, Paint and Pretzels Society announced Wednesday that the French comedy "Moi" by Labiche and Martin, has been selected for the annual dramatic production on junior day in May. A special acting version in English of the play is to be prepared by Prof. Philip M Hayden, and James H. Rorty '13, of New York.

EDUCATION LEAGUE READY TO ERECT OFFICE BUILDING

NEW YORK—Designed primarily as the home for the league for political education, a 12-story building is to be erected soon near the upper section of Times square.

The officers of that association with the cooperation of the Civic Forum and the Economic Club have obtained an option on a plot now occupied by seven old houses at 108 to 120 West Forty-ninth street, between Sixth avenue and Broadway. It is on the south side of the street, close to the Fiftieth street stations of both the elevated and subway lines and has a frontage of 157 feet.

The building has been designed and arrangements are being made to begin building operations this spring so that the new structure may be ready for use by the spring of 1915. The property is held at close to $500,000 and the cost of the new building will bring the total investment up to $1,200,000.

AT RAILWAY TERMINALS

A special New Haven railroad train left South station last night with Vice-President A. R. Whaley and General Manager C. L. Bardo for northern New England territory on inspection.

The operating department of the Boston & Albany road handled 950 cars of freight east from Albany and Chatham yesterday.

The New Haven railway private car No. 1 occupied by Chairman Howard Elliott and party was attached to the Shore line express from South station last night en route to New York city.

The car department of the New Haven road has received from the Readville car shops 15 platform coaches of the copper type for suburban service.

The operating department of the Boston & Albany road is installing steel lockers for trainmen at terminals and division points.

RADCLIFFE NIGHT PLANNED

CONCORD, Mass.—"Radcliffe night" is to be observed by the Woman's Club in Monument hall tonight. There will be a concert by the Radcliffe music clubs. Mrs. Arthur B. Hitchcock, Jr., soprano, will assist.

LESLIE ANNIVERSARY IN SALEM

SALEM, Mass.—Today is the one hundred and twenty-ninth anniversary of Colonel Leslie's retreat from North bridge in this city, the first armed resistance to British authority in the incidents which led up to the revolutionary war.

DISPLAY OF WALTER GAY'S WORK OPENS AT THE ART MUSEUM

Paintings of interiors by Walter Gay are in the exhibition which opens today for three weeks in the third modern room of the Boston Museum of Fine Arts. The pictures, about 30 in number, show the high-ceiled, paneled walls of formal French salons, palaces in Venice or houses in Burgundy. The dignity of straight lines and the possibilities of perspective, are seen in the paintings, for Mr. Gay has portrayed perspective within perspective, in the mirrored reflections, in the windows and in the numerous pictures on the walls of the rooms.

The "Grand Salon at the Musee Andre" is a good example of detail. "The Tapestries of the Rue de L'Universite" is another in which the detail is noticeable. The interior of the "Palace of Quirini" with its picture-covered wall and the painting entitled "Early English Portraits" show Mr. Gay's power in dealing with painting reproductions of paintings, as they hang in a gallery.

In all the interiors there is a depth and breadth which gives the atmosphere of formality and roominess found in the old-time houses.

There are also several examples of decorative art, studies for statuary so popular in French gardens. In the water color corridor are several examples of Mr. Gay's water colors, also interiors with the exception of "Old Houses" in Paris and a garden view. A corner of the kitchen in the old Fairbanks house of Dedham is shown, typical of the early American homes in contrast with the stately hangings and elaborate finish of the European rooms.

BAY STATE NEWS

DEDHAM

Raymond J. Gregory of Princeton, chairman of the committee on the protection of the birds, will be the guest of Dedham grange, Monday evening and will give a talk on "Our Wild Birds."

A musicale, under the auspices of the Woman's Alliance of the First Parish church, will be held at the home of Mrs. Walter Austin, Court street, Saturday evening. The program will be furnished by Miss Elizabeth Cunningham and George Everett of the Boston opera house.

CHELSEA

The Progressive Club will hold a meeting this evening at the home of the secretary, Arthur S. Huddell.

The Chelsea Woman's Club will hold its first open meeting for the season in the hall of the Williams school this evening. The artists appearing will be the Webster-Brooks Company—Cora Gooch Brooks, piano; Karel Havlicek, violin; Carl Webster, 'cello; Howard White, basso cantante, assisted by Bertha Cushing Child, contralto.

ARLINGTON

Mrs. Belle Temple Priest, reader; Miss Mildred McKay, violinist; Charles T. Scott, organist; Miss Jean McLellan, soprano; Miss Hattie F. Holmes, contralto; Thomas M. White, tenor; Edward A. Osgood, basso, and Miss Hattie E. Snow, accompanist, will be the artists at the annual concert of the Arlington branch of the National Woman's Alliance this evening in the First Parish Congregational (Unitarian) church.

NEEDHAM

The Needham Dramatic Club gave a comedy in the town hall last evening for the benefit of a local charity. The cast included Dr. Edgar A. Crossman, Anton P. Hittl, Irving E. Ross, Edward B. Dik, William P. Moeller, Coleman S. Hands, Arthur W. Littlehale, Frank C. Peabody, Mrs. Carrie C. Crossman, Mrs. Sadie D. Perry, Mrs. Gertrude B. Peabody and Miss Marjorie A. Cahoon. Music was furnished by a volunteer orchestra.

MALDEN

A resolution has been passed by both branches of the city council asking that a fence be constructed between the tracks at the Malden depot and that an overhead footbridge be provided from the easterly to the westerly platform.

Malden lodge of Odd Fellows worked the second degree on a class of seven candidates last evening from Malden, Melrose and Security of Reading lodges.

LEXINGTON

"Alliance day" is to be observed on Thursday afternoon, March 5, in the vestry of the First Parish Unitarian church.

John Graham Brooks will address the meeting of the Lexington Outlook Club in the hall of the Lexington Old Belfry Club on Tuesday afternoon, March 10.

BROOKLINE

Mrs. W. C. Crawford gives the last of a series of current events talks in Whitney hall today, her subject being "A European Survey."

The midwinter exhibition is held at the municipal gymnasium today the events being games and dances

REVERE

The Men's Brotherhood of the Baptist church will have a supper this evening, followed by a literary program.

The ladies of the Trinity Congregational church will have an entertainment at the church this evening.

MAYNARD

Plans have been received for the proposed cement bridge over the Assabet river at Florida road, and estimates of the cost of its construction will soon be made, so that the committee in charge may place the subject before the town at the annual meeting in April.

QUINCY

The Woman's Alliance of the Wollaston Unitarian church held a meeting in the vestry Wednesday afternoon. Mrs. Robert E. Park spoke on art.

Adams chapter, D. R., holds its monthly meeting at the President John Adams homestead Monday afternoon.

WINTHROP

A supper and entertainment will be given by the ladies of the Union Congregational church this evening under the direction of Mrs. George L. Crosby, Mrs. Charles M. Jenkins, Mrs. Ralph Johnson, Mrs. Christine Walker, Mrs. J. C. Dory, Miss Kate Walker.

MELROSE

At the meeting of Wyoming lodge of Masons last evening the first degree was worked on five candidates. Tonight a special meeting will be held when the second and third degrees will be worked under direction of junior warden Claude L. Allen and senior warden Horace E. Child.

EVERETT

Grace Episcopal church is to be remodeled and the edifice, now having a seating capacity of 220 will seat 568. The work will cost about $9000. Alterations are also to be made to the parish house with the church.

SOMERVILLE

Miss Alma Wiley of Central street has gone to Conway, Mass., to take up her work as principal of the grammar school there, to which position she was recently appointed.

WOMAN FOOD INSPECTOR IN TOLEDO ASKED

Housewives' League Circulating Petitions for Presentation to City Council Is Backed by Many Clubs and Organizations

CITY MARKET WANTED

TOLEDO, O.—Housewives' League has begun a circulation of petitions in which council will be asked to appoint a salaried food inspector It is proposed that the new position be filled by a woman.

In defense of the proposition to appoint a woman to the job, Mrs. A. B. Crossman, of the league says: "The work of inspecting food commodities which are to be handled by the housewife in her kitchen should be thorough. A woman by reason of her knowledge and experience with food is certainly better qualified to see and correct wrong methods. Indeed, a woman can see dirt where a man would give his unqualified approval of the conditions."

The movement will extend to women's clubs, civic organizations, welfare workers and consumers in general, the housewives predict, and a petition bearing the approval of many agencies will be presented to council for action.

The housewives also favor the retention and building up of the city retail market. They declare that for its purpose a municipal market is as important to the woman as schools, art museums and city bridges are in their respective fields. They favor a retail market that will compare favorably with any in the country.

SECTY. REDFIELD GIVES EFFECTS OF NEW TARIFF LAW

HAMILTON, O.—Secretary Redfield, before the Hamilton Chamber of Commerce said:

"It is too soon to decide yet about final effects of the tariff, but certain things begin to come out clearly. The first and foremost influence has been to add to our food supply. Take the last three months of 1912 and last three months of 1913. In the former we imported 112,000 cattle, in the latter, 341,000; in the former 253,000 bushels of corn, in the latter, 4,450,000; in the former, 13,600 bushels of oats, in the latter, 13,230,000; in 1912, 39,000,000 pounds of rice, rice flour, and rice meal; in 1913, 64,500,000 pounds. In last three months of 1912 we brought in 865,000 pounds of fresh meat; in last three months of 1913, 33,500,000 pounds. In last three months of 1912, we brought in not quite 41,000 bushels of potatoes; in last three months of 1913, 2,880,000 bushels.

"A fair and adequate price, neither too high nor too low, is the better for the consumer, farmer and manufacturer. Therefore, it is of marked advantage that shortage in our food supply be met by these importations."

USE "HONOR MEN" ON ROADS URGED

SPOKANE, Wash.—The use of "honor men" from the state penitentiary in maintaining the new state road system is proposed by H. J. Doolittle, engineer for the highway commission in charge of the Inland Empire highway construction south from Spokane, quoted in the Chronicle.

"Five per cent of all state appropriations go for maintenance," Mr. Doolittle said in discussing the road work. "It seems to me that the best of these honor men could be given remunerative work, by putting them out in small gangs over the roads, patrolling with shovels and keeping the surfaces in condition. The work would be fairly heavy, but it would not put their labor in competition with that of absolutely free laborers."

The state will build 44 miles of improved highway between Spokane and Colfax this season, at a cost of something over $200,000.

UTAH PROGRESSIVES MEET

SALT LAKE CITY, Utah—The convention of Utah Progressives adopted at its first session Wednesday a platform declaring for maintenance of the party and for the nomination of complete tickets.

MISS WILSON RECEPTION GUEST

NEW YORK—Miss Margaret Wilson, daughter of the President, was tendered a reception Wednesday night by the Greenwich Commonwealth, a settlement organization of the lower West Side of this city.

MONEY FOUND IN CANS

MASONVILLE, N. Y.—Mrs. Mary Butts, former housekeeper for Jacob Oswell, has found secreted in the cellar in tin cans $9955 in gold and bills. The money has been turned over to the estate.

CLAIM TO BE ARBITRATED

PANAMA, C. Z.—To adjust the differences between the government of Ecuador and the Guayaquil & Quito railway, President Wilson and President Leonidas Plaza will select probably a third arbitrator.

NORWEGIANS OWN ONE FOURTH NORTH DAKOTA'S ARABLE LAND MAP FOR CENTENNIAL SHOWS

FARGO, N. D.—More than one fourth the total area of arable land in North Dakota is owned by individuals of Norwegian birth or Norwegian parentage. This fact is shown in a map of North Dakota, under the direction of the North Dakota centennial commission, says the Forum. This map will form part of the United States exhibit at the Norway centennial exposition, which will be held in Christiania from May 15 to Oct. 15.

Another part of the United States exhibit which will be taken to Christiania by the North Dakota delegation will be two models of farms in North Dakota, showing by contrast the development of agriculture during the past 40 years. These models have been prepared by the art section of the St. Paul institute, and are now in St. Paul, waiting for the finishing touches in the form of model animals which are being manufactured in New York.

Of its total area of 45,308,300 acres, 32,000,000 acres were assessed last year in North Dakota. Of this 32,000,000 acres of arable land, Norwegians own 7,867,140 acres.

On the centennial committee of North Dakota are: Gov. L. B. Hanna, H. H. Steele, A. A. Stenehjem, Nels Lunseborg, A. J. Kirkeide, C. W. Plain and Alfred Gabrielson. Governor Hanna will sail for Christiania June 12, and will present a statue of Abraham Lincoln to the city in the name of the Norwegians of North Dakota.

SHERIDAN ROAD, CHICAGO TO MILWAUKEE, IS NEARLY DONE

CHICAGO—Sheridan road, the 80-mile boulevard between Chicago and Milwaukee, along the shore of Lake Michigan, which will be in the nature of a memorial to the American general, is progressing rapidly in the Wisconsin division and in parts of the Illinois division. The Sheridan Road Improvement Association, which has been active in securing the improvement of the roadway under a centralized control, announces, however, that the work is being delayed and hampered by the reluctance of some of the local park authorities to turn over control to the park commissioners of Lincoln park, under an act of the Legislature recently passed.

Two bulletins just issued by the Improvement Association state that the Wisconsin end of the proposed driveway is moving forward with gratifying rapidity. Mayor W. S. Goodland of Racine has announced that Racine county expects to complete its part of the road from Kenosha through Racine to the Milwaukee county line during the present year, with a 14-foot concrete highway. The Kenosha end of this work has been completed south to the Illinois state line. Milwaukee county is developing its portion, so that in less than a year the Wisconsin section is expected to be completed.

That portion of the road in the Chicago city limits between Foster and Devon avenues is complete, which extends the boulevard from Lincoln park, north to Devon, a distance of about four miles. The new Illinois law makes it possible for the Lincoln park commissioners to take over the drive, piece by piece, beyond the present limits of Lincoln park and to the Wisconsin state line. Campaigns of education have been pushed by the association in all of the communities along the north shore outside the city, and also in Rogers park, which is in the city. Glencoe, one of the Illinois towns, has turned over its portion of the road to the commissioners. At a meeting held Jan. 5, the authorities of New Trier township agreed to turn over their portion as soon as frontage consents could be obtained. This will transfer control of the country driveway between Wilmette and Kenilworth and between Glencoe and Highland park.

DAYTON MANAGER TELLS OF HIS WORK

INDIANAPOLIS, Ind.—H. M. Waite, the manager of Dayton, O., who operates that city on a business basis of efficiency and economy, told here this afternoon in an address before the Indiana Sanitary and Water Supply Association the effect of the new form of city government upon publicly operated utilities. He said:

"We believe we have the most business-like form of government yet proposed in this country—in fact it is the form of organization under which our private corporations have had such success, and we can accordingly see no reason why it should not be the best form of government to operate public utilities."

SCULPTORS WOULD DESIGN FOUNTAIN

SACRAMENTO, Cal.—Haig Patigan and Ralph Stackpole, sculptors of San Francisco, now engaged at the Panama-Pacific exposition, have applied to the city commission for the task of modeling the proposed Florence Coleman fountain, and for which $27,000 has been provided in the Coleman will.

Some of the commissioners are in favor of nation-wide competition for the work, says the Union. No location for the fountain has been decided upon.

CITY CHARTER CRITICIZED

Declaring that the Boston city charter is a violation of the principles on which the constitution is based Harvey W. Shepard of Boston University law school addressed a meeting in the Dorchester Woman's clubhouse last night. He contended that the charter was imposed upon the city.

NEW TRUST COMPANY FORMING

PORTLAND, Me.—Formation is announced of a new banking concern to be known as the Forest City Trust Company with a capital stock of $150,000. It is generally understood that former State Auditor Charles P. Hatch will be the president.

HUNDREDS HEAR TALKS ON FRUIT GROWING IN N. E.

About 200 persons attended today's session of the lecture course on fruit growing being conducted by the Massachusetts Horticultural Society and the Extension School in Pomology of the Massachusetts Agricultural College, in Horticultural hall. This is the third of the series of five lectures being given this week. The subject of "Soil Management in the Orchard" was taken up by R. W. Rees and the other speaker will be Prof. W. W. Chenoweth on "General Principals of Pruning." This afternoon R. W. Rees and Prof. F. C. Sears will show the methods of pruning with the aid of small trees.

NEW YORK SERVICE BOARDS STUDIED

Methods of administration of the public service commissions of New York state and city have been investigated by Andrew A. Highlands and Allan Brooks, secretary and assistant secretary respectively of the Massachusetts public service commission, who returned today.

A report of the manner in which affairs are handled before these commissions, as to how the offices are conducted and the general procedure is to be made soon with recommendations applying to the commission of this state. The state body in Albany and the New York city organization were studied in some detail by the two secretaries.

KIMBALL ALUMNI TO SEE PICTURES

Pictures and photographs of Meriden, Conn., centennial pageant, and of graduates and teachers will be shown on the screen by Charles Alden Tracy, principal of Kimball Union Academy, at the alumni reunion and dinner in the Hotel Brunswick, Friday. The Rev. Charles H. Richards of New York and Mrs. Marion Richardson Heath, former preceptress, will also speak.

The president is Alfred P. Sawyer.

SAN FRANCISCO CIVIC LEAGUE EXPECTS AID IN PLAN EXHIBIT

SAN FRANCISCO—The city planning exhibition of American and other cities, which has recently been on exhibit in New York, is soon to be brought to San Francisco by the Civic League of Improvement Clubs and Associations, the Examiner announces. At the call of President J. M. Kepner, the 32 chairmen of the standing committees of the Civic League unanimously resolved to secure the full exhibit.

The exhibit contains models and drawings of civic centers in various cities in the new and old world, paintings, photographs and plans of public buildings, such as city halls, schoolhouses and other municipal structures. Model business and resident streets, sewerage and water systems will also be shown in graphic drawings and photographs.

The securing of this exhibit for San Francisco will be one of the big things on the program of the Civic League this year. San Francisco will soon have a city planning commission, created by the last charter amendment. This commission will probably be appointed before the exhibit is brought here.

The Civic League is now working on a plan for a proper street railway terminal for the Ferry building. The league will invite Mayor Rolph, City Engineer O'Shaughnessey, Lieut. Duncan Matheson, chief of the traffic squad, and the harbor commissioners to a conference soon with the executive committee of the league to discuss the Ferry building terminal plan.

RATES
With cuts or display type: 1 to 12 times, 15c per line per insertion; 13 to 25 times, 12c per line per insertion; 26 or more times, 10c per line per insertion

CLASSIFIED ADVERTISEMENTS

Advertisements on this page are read by a widespread clientele whose well directed purchasing power is unrivaled and which relies upon the dependability of Monitor advertising. This advertising has produced astonishing results and opened up new fields for the development of many and various lines of business.

RATES
Set Solid: 1 or 2 times, 12c per line per insertion; 3 or more times, 10c per line per insertion; measure, 12 lines to the inch, 6 words to the line.

HOUSEHOLD NEEDS

Blake's Capsule Blue

Dear Readers:

This advertisement is running in every Saturday issue of the Monitor.



TRADE MARK

Do You Want Your Linen To Look Like New?

Certainly! Every housewife wants the laundry to look beautiful in color. Then use BLAKE'S CAPSULE BLUE

12 capsules, 10c; 3 boxes, 25c by mail

J. A. BLAKE, 339 77th St., Brooklyn, N.Y.

A great many people have sent for BLAKE'S CAPSULE BLUE and have used it. Have you? They all like BLAKE'S CAPSULE BLUE. So will you. I want every housewife to use it because it is really worth while. I can say, after many years' experience, that this blue is far superior to other blues in every way.

Let us get acquainted. The old motto reads "A friend in need is a friend indeed." You need my CAPSULE BLUE as your friend and I need your patronage as mine. Send for it today. I am sure you will like it.

Thanking you in advance for your orders, I am

Very truly yours

J. A. BLAKE, 339 77th St., Brooklyn, N. Y.

REAL ESTATE—CALIFORNIA

FOR SALE—560-acre farm and ranch, Siskiyou county, California; 350 acres under cultivation; apple and fruit orchard, alfalfa, hay, grain, potatoes; 1¼ miles from live town on railroad, near Klamath Falls; abundance of water, reservoir and springs; horses, cows, steers, hogs, chickens and turkeys; farm implements, all kinds, and the best; good 8-room house and 4-room tent-house, barns, granary and implement building; hay and grain for stock till new crop; all goes for $28,000 if sold by March 1st; $8000 cash, bal. time. W. H. BRADRICK, 917 Story bldg., Los Angeles, California.

FOR SALE—Very choice highly improved full bearing orange and lemon grove; frostless belt; Rialto, Cal.; income about $2500 yearly net; 3 railroads, 7 packing houses; only $15,000, half cash, balance time. Bargain; 7 acre orange grove, 5 acres navels full bearing, balance Valencians; plenty water, no buildings; at Baldwin Park, Cal.; elegant soil, good location; hour's ride from Los Angeles, only $8000, $5000 cash, $3000 mortgage. W. H. BRADRICK, 917 Story bldg., Los Angeles, Cal.

FARMS—NORTH DAKOTA

FOR SALE—160 acres of land in Steele County, North Dakota; 40 acres pasture, 10 acres trees, balance under cultivation; fine chance for stock farm; only three miles from town, having good market and shipping facilities; first cash payment, balance in yearly payments for five years at 6 per cent. For further information address MRS. C. G. MERRIELL, 914 West 26th st., Minneapolis, Minn.

FARMS—KANSAS

FOR SALE—A very superior, well stocked ranch in Barber Co., Kansas. Address M. B. NICHOLS, Lake City, Kansas.

RESORTS—FLORIDA

DE LAND, Fla.—Beautiful, progressive, ideal winter resort; fine all year round town. Information and descriptive literature from Business League. De Land, Fla.

SOUTHERN RESORTS

THE EAST COAST OF FLORIDA

Information, 243 Fifth Avenue, New York

Cameo WASHING COMPOUND

DISSOLVES DIRT—PURIFIES FABRIC

Analyzed by chemists and tested by housekeepers. May we send, postpaid, 3 ten-cent pkgs., four washings each package, for 30 cents? Ask for price to agents.

CAMEO MFG. COMPANY
Dept. M., Worcester, Mass.

CLOTHING

MEN'S cast off clothing wanted, will pay cash; old gold and other articles bought. Send for MAX KEEZER, 1236 Massachusetts ave., Harvard sq., Cambridge. Telephone 302.

ELECTRICAL REPAIRING

JOHN A. COLLICOTT — Second hand dynamos and motors. Motors maintained and inspected. 168 Oliver st., Boston.

AGENTS WANTED

Agents Wanted to sell ladies' apparel; can earn $25 weekly; send for free catalogue and particulars. P. & B. SKIRT CO., 37 Temple place, Boston, Mass. Dept. M.

HELP WANTED

BACHELOR wants farmer and wife for Litchfield county, Connecticut; wife must be good housekeeper; no objection to one child; references required. Address K 14, 6030 Metropolitan bldg., New York City.

THE CHRISTIAN SCIENCE MONITOR Classified Advertising Columns bring returns. A telephone call to 4330 Back Bay will give you information as to terms.

Monitor advertisers know the confidence of Monitor readers in their offerings as fully as Monitor readers are assured of the integrity and reliability of Monitor advertisers.

WOMEN OF OTTAWA ORGANIZE FOR PROTECTIVE HOME WORK

Household League Is Formed at Meeting Which Is Addressed by Specialists on Practical Problems—Objects of Organization Are Stated in Detail

OTTAWA, Ont.—Ottawa women held a public meeting in the Y. M. C. A. hall recently under the auspices of the local council of women, to organize a Household League.

About 250 housewives were present. The meeting was addressed by influential men and women, including Dr. A. McGill of the inland revenue department, W. J. Kerr, secretary of the Ontario Vegetable Growers Association, and Mrs. J. A. Wilson of the household economics committee of the Local Council of Women.

The objects of the league as explained by Mrs. W. G. Gullock are as follows:

To organize the housewives of Ottawa for educational and protective work for the home.

To keep posted on wholesale rates in order to obtain commodities at fair prices.

To bring together producer and consumer that prices may be satisfactory to both.

To demand clean shops.

To patronize tradesmen whose shops are sanitary.

To cooperate with the retailer in trying to secure commodities which are in quality and quantity what is paid for.

To insist on full weights and measures.

Mrs. Wilson spoke on the subject of "The Household Leagues of America." She said that the membership of these leagues was upward of half a million and steadily growing. She also drew attention to the fact that 90 per cent of the purchasing power of the country was in the hands of women and that organization must be accomplished if the best results were to be attained.

Continuing, she showed what had been done by leagues in various American cities and said that what had been done by women in the United States could be done by women in Canada.

Dr. McGill spoke on food adulteration and what organized effort on the part of the women might do towards the elimination of the practise. He gave figures to show that since 1876 the adulteration of foods had been greatly reduced.

MORE TRACK FOR COUNCIL BLUFFS

COUNCIL BLUFFS, Ia.—Extensions in the local Wabash Railroad Company yards were the object of a visit here by Roadmaster J. P. Holmberg and Trainmaster W. H. Eckard, from Stanberry, Mo., says the Nonpareil. The visiting road officials promise a caboose track near the yard office.

IOWA CITY'S Y. W. C. A. WANTS LOT

COUNCIL BLUFFS, Ia.—Plans for the purchase of a lot, and the erection of a building later are being made by the board of directors of the Young Women's Christian Association, the Nonpareil says. The organization is rapidly outgrowing its present quarters.

NITROGEN INCANDESCENT IS LAMP THAT DRAWS ATTENTION

MUNCIE, Ind.—The nitrogen incandescent lamp has been installed in the manager's office of the Muncie Electric Light Company. These lamps are made as yet only of high candle-power, the smallest being 1100 candle-power and consuming 750 watts.

Various inventors and electrical engineers have experimented with the incandescent lamp and the progress has been slow. Not until 1879 was the first carbon incandescent lamp successful. The best carbon filament lamp consumes, in the 16 candle-power, from 3.1 to 3.5 watts per candle-power. With age this lamp decreases in efficiency while the consumption or wattage increases. These difficulties have been overcome by the invention of the Tungsten filament lamp, commonly called the Tungsten or Mazda lamp, its efficiency being much greater than that of the carbon lamp, a 25 watt Mazda lamp giving 20 candle-power, and a 16 candle-power carbon lamp consumes from 50 to 60 watts.

Progress promises that the nitrogen incandescent lamp, which is filled with nitrogen at atmospheric pressure instead of being a vacuum, will early be made in low enough candle-power so that it will be practical for the residence and small office, thereby reducing the consumption of electricity from 1.2 watts to .68 watts per candle-power.

POULTRY POULTRY



The most fascinating and economical method of starting poultry keeping is to purchase a brood of chickens and a **"Lullaby"** Brooder. We can ship these any distance and guarantee safe delivery within two days' ride of Boston. Send for the Year Book. It's free and tells all about the business. It's worth a dollar and costs you a post card only.

PRICES OF "LULLABY" BROODERS WITH CHICKS

25 Chicks with	1 "Lullaby"	$5.15
50 Chicks with	2 "Lullaby"	9.75
100 Chicks with	4 "Lullaby"	18.50
500 Chicks with	20 "Lullaby"	87.00
1000 Chicks with	40 "Lullaby"	169.00

The Park & Pollard Co. *Pomfret, Conn., June 18, 1913.*

Gentlemen: Please ship me 5 more Lullaby Brooders. As this is my third order this season, you may know how well I like them.

(Signed) FREDERIC H. LOVEJOY.

Get a copy of the 1914 Year Book. It's worth a dollar. Costs you nothing. Read it, follow directions, insist that your dealer always carry the goods in stock and your success is assured.

The Park & Pollard Co.

48 CANAL STREET, BOSTON, MASS.

Galvanized Steel



CLEAN NESTS

HAPPY HENS EARN BIG PROFITS. Keep your hens happy and laying by keeping them clean and in proper condition. Equip your laying houses with Knudson Galvanized Steel Nests. These wonderful cleanly, patented nests can't get out of order, last for years and earn their cost many times over. Regular price $3.00, set 6 nests—special introductory price, $3.50; 3 sets, 18 nests, $10. Write for our free catalog. Galvanized Steel Brood Coops with Runs, Chicken Feeders, etc. KNUDSON MANUFACTURING CO., Box 559, St. Joseph, Mo.



"SIMPLICITY" Combined Hatcher and Brooder "BETTER THAN A HEN"

That is saying a whole lot, but it is true. The construction of the SIMPLICITY being round, eliminates the cold corners. Sidewall heating system assures an even distribution over the eggs. Diffusion system of ventilation. Automatically regulated throughout. Easily kept. Absolutely clean, odorless, fire proof. Not an experiment. Thousands of pleased customers. Price, 50 egg, $7.50; 100 egg, $11.00.

POWER B-F LIGHT WATER

Write today for circular and get the facts of this 20th Century method. BACON-FARNUM CO., Springfield, Mass., dealers in "Everything for the Country Place."

POULTRY PAPER, 44 124-page periodical, up to date, tells all you want to know about care and management of poultry for pleasure or profit; 4 months for 10c. POULTRY ADVOCATE, Dept. 150, Syracuse, N. Y.

THE CHRISTIAN SCIENCE MONITOR Classified Advertising Columns bring returns. A telephone call to 4330 Back Bay will give you information as to terms.



6x8 Portable House $15

Colony House $3.50 Oat Sprouter, yard gates, shipping coops, nests, etc.

Write for circular. E. C. YOUNG BOX COMPANY, Randolph, Mass.

CHAMPAIGN-URBANA ADS.

REAL ESTATE

FOR SALE—A new two-story stucco house on full sized lot facing south on paved street in best residence portion of Urbana. House is 32 x 28 feet not counting broad front veranda 32 feet long. Hall entrance, oak stairway, plate glass hall mirror, spacious living room 15x27 feet with fireplace. Dining room with built-in china closet. Kitchen with built-in tables, cabinets and cupboards. Three large sleeping rooms on second floor and commodious bath room with good fixtures and built-in cabinet. Oak floors upstairs and down. Concreted basement with laundry stove and slop sink. Soft water plumbing throughout. Hot water tank connected both with furnace and laundry stove. Pendant light fixtures operated by push button switches. An ideal house in an ideal neighborhood. This property is on the bargain counter. Must be sold before the first of March. G. R. PARKER, 1105 West Oregon st., Urbana, Ill. Both phones.

The Next Two Vacant Lots

Adjoining the edifice of the Church of the Brethren have been placed in our hands for quick sale. Each lot has a frontage of 66 ft. and is 120 ft. deep. Price of each $600. There is sufficient ground for three dwellings on the two lots. F. G. CAMPBELL & SON, CHAMPAIGN, ILLINOIS.

AUTOMOBILES

FORD CARS

E. V. KIRBY, Agent, URBANA, ILL.

DENTISTS

W. H. KARCHER
DENTIST
First National Bank Bldg., Champaign, Ill.

CAFES AND RESTAURANTS

CANTON CAFE
HONG JOY, Prop.
Over 40 Main St., Champaign, Ill.

CREAMERIES

DIRECT FROM CHURN TO YOU. Twin City creamery butter. Ask your Grocer. Champaign, Ill.

GROCERS

WITH A PURCHASE of 1 doz. cans of fruits or vegetables 1 can free. METZLER & SCHAFER CO., Champaign.

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HERRICK AND STOLTEY GARAGE
Champaign, Ill.

CHAMPAIGN-URBANA MERCHANTS may send advertising to William A. Thompson, Suite 400, First National Bank Building, Champaign.

DANVILLE, ILL.

DESIGNERS

DESIGNER of Ladies' Suits—CHAS. P. SHEPPARD, 25 West North st., Danville, Ill. Beardsley Hotel, Champaign, Ill., every Tuesday; prices reasonable.

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Intended to appear in all editions of

SATURDAY'S MONITOR

Should reach the Monitor office

NOT LATER THAN FRIDAY AFTERNOON

To insure proper Classification

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CATERING Done for All New England
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PUBLIC STENOGRAPHY of all kinds, business or private correspondence, manuscripts, addressing, etc., at reasonable rates; work promptly done. Tel. 3392 F. H. Room 50, 70 Kilby st.

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A bookful of Surety Coupons (990) is redeemable for $2.50 in merchandise of your selection, whether the merchandise is sold at regular prices or "Special Sale" prices. Ask for them when making purchases.

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Sell the Better Things That Men Wear

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FOOT FITTERS
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YOU DEMAND cleanness and quality; we guarantee it. BRYANT'S BAKERY, 304-306 W. Main st.; phone 726.

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THE PARIS — Garment cleaners and dyers, 222 W. Main. Our distilling process turns out satisfactory work.

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FOR SALE or will exchange property on Madison ave. near 27th st., New York City. Very desirable location; 25x95; has been altered for business purposes. Address S. STUART, P. O. Box 1608, New York City.

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GRENOBLE, 2211 California—10 min. to downtown; strictly high class; 2, 4 r. apts.; select neighborhood; hdwood. floors, etc.; $30-$60; refs.

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2538 North Ave., 7 to 9 P. M.
Tel. Rand. 7280—7281

DR. G. H. RICHARDSON
Suite 1715, Mailers Bldg., 59 E. Madison st.
Tel. Randolph 797 CHICAGO

DR. JOHN C. PURDIE
5015 N. Clark Street
Phone Edgewater 551 Chicago

DR. C. E. ALLSHOUSE
2811 N. Clark St. Tel. L. V. 1108
CHICAGO

DR. M. NEALE MORSE
Telephone Central 3422
Suite 500 Reliance bldg. 32 No. State st.

DR. D. V. BOWER
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Suite 1430 People's Gas bldg., Chicago, Ill.

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Home 100

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504 Eleventh Ave. Phone Hanover 2236
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DENTIST—DR. A. W. KEENE
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Auditing, accounting, systems, income tax statements prepared. 1213 Fisher bldg., Chicago. Harrison 5559.

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Mining Civil, Geological
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Springfield, Mass.

MEN'S FURNISHINGS

Haynes & Company
Always Reliable

346-348 MAIN STREET

The CLOTHING STORE for Men and Boys where you always get best quality merchandise.

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A COMPLETE SOURCE OF SUPPLY

Selling High-Grade Merchandise at the Lowest Prices consistent with quality Guaranteeing Everything It Sells Giving a High Grade of Service

HATTERS

Victor Hat Shop
MEN'S HATS

EVERY HAT GUARANTEED

266 Main St., Springfield, Mass.

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Merchants may send advertising intended for the Monitor to MRS. A. B. STOCKER, 19 Hiawatha street.

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MARION TYLER
Voice Placing, Developing and Interpretation. Also Voice Placing for Dramatics, Lecturing, etc. 402 Kimball Hall. Tel. Drexel 2681, Chicago.

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CHICAGO ADVERTISING
FOR THE MONITOR

for classification with the advertising of other Chicago firms may be left at the local office of the Monitor
750 PEOPLE'S GAS BUILDING.

Are You Using

THE PARCEL POST?

There is a ready market for farm made products shipped direct to the consumer by Parcel Post. The desire of consumers to deal directly with the producer offers the latter an excellent opportunity to secure better prices. A trade may be built up with city dwelling consumers who receive fresher articles and continue to be satisfied customers.

Packages for shipment within 150 miles may weigh as much as 50 lbs. if not exceeding the limit of 72 inches in length and girth combined.

Perishables such as Butter, Cheese, Eggs, Poultry, Vegetables, Fruit, Fish, Bulbs, Plants, etc., may safely be sent if sufficiently packed and wrapped or shipped in containers simple to use, and made for the purpose. Eggs may be sent any distance when properly packed and labeled "Eggs." The following rates show how inexpensively these things may be sent.

PARCEL POST RATES

Lbs.	Local Rate	Within 150 mi.	Lbs.	Local Rate	Within 150 mi.
1	.05	.05	10	.10	.14
2	.06	.06	15	.12	.19
3	.06	.07	20	.15	.24
4	.07	.08	25	.17	.29
5	.07	.09	30	.20	.34

The advertising columns of *The Christian Science Monitor* offer consumers the opportunity to advertise their products to just the kind of people who desire to market directly in this way. An advertisement inserted now may be the means of building a good trade by spring.

Advertisements set in solid type (No. 1) cost: For 1 or 2 insertions, 12c per line; for 3 or more insertions, 10c per line. Count 6 words to the line, 12 lines to the inch.

Advertisements with displayed heading or cuts (No. 2) cost: For 1 to 12 insertions, per line, 15c; for 13 to 25 insertions, per line, 12c; for 26 or more insertions, per line, 10c. Count 6 words to the line, 14 lines to the inch.

EGGS

1. FRESH EGGS
Sent carefully packed postpaid to any address for 30c per doz. Grain fed eggs of A1 quality and strictly fresh. We sell directly to our customers — not through dealers. Address

No. 1 measures 8 lines.
No. 2 measures 14 lines.

VEGETABLES

2. Fresh Vegetables
In their season from our farm to you direct. Peas, beans, lettuce, cucumbers, etc. Order vegetables for your table from us and get them fresh; 6 or 8 hours from Boston parcel post delivery stations; picked fresh in the early morning and on your table for dinner. Address

We shall be glad to furnish you with any information as to containers, postage rates, advertising rates, etc.

ADVERTISING DEPARTMENT
THE CHRISTIAN SCIENCE MONITOR,
Falmouth and St. Paul Sts., BOSTON, MASS.

For a free advertisement write your "wants" on separate piece of paper and attach it to blank at top of page 2.

CLASSIFIED ADVERTISEMENTS

The advertisements under this head are inserted free and persons interested must exercise discretion in all correspondence concerning the same.

SPACE IS NOT GIVEN UNDER THIS HEAD TO ADVERTISEMENTS FOR PERSONS WANTED TO HANDLE GOODS ON COMMISSION OR TO ADVERTISEMENTS SOLICITING BUSINESS PATRONAGE

BOSTON AND N. E.

HELP WANTED—MALE

BUILDER and carpenter wanted. GEO. G. McKAY, 60 State st., Boston. 2

COLORED COUPLE in Worcester; man as butler and wife as cook; A1 reference required; $50 month. Call or send stamp for blank. STATE EMP. OFFICE (free to all), 52 Green st., Worcester, Mass. 2

FOREMAN MACHINIST, Worcester, man experienced in assembling automatic machinery; must have A1 references and capable of handling men; prefer man 30 to 40 years' old; $25-35 week. Call or send stamp for blank. STATE EMP. OFFICE (free to all), 52 Green st., Worcester, Mass. 2

JOB COMPOSITOR wanted. CONANT & NEWHALL, 32 Hawley st., Boston. 26

MECHANICS wanted to contract for labor on small cottages in Rockland, Mass. GEO. C. McKAY, 60 State st., Boston. 2

WANTED—Two boys 16-17, to learn the wholesale millinery business. G. R. FISK & CO., 84 Hawley st., Boston. 2

WANTED—Artesian well driller capable of running Keystone traction under cover; state experience and wages expected. JAMES S. GRAY, Dublin, N. H. 26

WANTED—Book and job compositor. Address COURIER PRINTING CO., Littleton, N. H. 26

WANTED—Order clerk in grocery and provision store. W. O. BLAISDELL, 612 Main st., Winchester, Mass.; tel. 635-W. 26

WANTED—Linotype operator who is also a printer. BERKSHIRE COURIER, Great Barrington, Mass. 27

WANTED—Steady young man, handy with tools in picture framing shop, one who has had some experience and is honest and willing preferred; state experience and salary expected, references. NORTHAMPTON ART STORE, Northampton, Mass. 2

WANTED—Experienced married farmer, general work, must operate mechanical milker; tenement of four rooms, milk, garden; state terms, age, etc.; references. J. Q. PACKARD, 460 E. Ashland st., Montello, Mass. 2

WANTED—Middle-aged farmer and wife on small farm 20 miles from Boston; good home all the year round to the right party. GEO. A. RICHARDSON, 45 Sudbury st., Boston. 3

WANTED—Two boys over 16 years in mailing department of large manufacturing concern. Apply to Mr. Andrews, LIBRARY BUREAU, 221 Albany st., Cambridge, Mass. 3

WANTED—Men experienced in testing direct curent motors; only thoroughly experienced men need apply. B. F. STURTEVANT CO., Hyde Park, Mass. 4

HELP WANTED—FEMALE

COMPOSITOR, lady wanted to set type on country weekly; good home, permanent position and pleasant suroundings. ENFIELD ADVOCATE, Enfield, N. H. 2

COOK—Wanted, a plain all-round cook for a small institution in Haverhill. Apply to LOUIS D. SAVAGE, 61 Brown st., Haverhill, Mass. 26

CORSET STITCHER wanted—Energetic American woman, 22-25, with some knowledge of running power machine, to work on custom corsets in exclusive store; also young girl to learn business; apply by letter. FRANCES L. THOMAS, 420 Boylston st., Boston, rm. 304. 2

GENERAL HOUSEMAID wanted in family of adults; call or telephone. E. A. GORDON, 516 Commonwealth av., Newton Center, Mass.; tel. Newton So. 835-W. 3

GENERAL HOUSEWORK—Neat, competent woman; no sweeping; in country, ¾hr. from Boston; new house; all conveniences. Address, stating wages expected, MRS. C. H. WAY, Box 57, Sudbury, Mass. 27

GOOD COSY HOME for middle-aged woman, neat and trustworthy; near Concord, N. H.; one in family. GERTRUDE MILLS, 585 Westminster st., Providence, R. I. 3

REPRESENTATIVES wanted for the Nu Bone Corset, on salary. CONGDON & LEIGHTON, 248 Boylston st., Boston. 4

STENOGRAPHER wanted who has had a year's experience. B. F. STURTEVANT CO., Hyde Park, Mass. 2

WANTED—Middle-aged woman in family; wages $3.50; good home; no washing. MRS. C. S. CUNNINGHAM, 3 Essex st., Lynn, Mass. 26

WANTED—Experienced girl for cooking and general housework; beautiful home; family of four; $7, or man and wife $40 month; write for interview. F. E. ABBOTT, 60 Pleasnt st., Dorchester, Mass. 2

WANTED—A young girl to take care of a 5 year old girl; must be fond of children and of good disposition. MRS. T. H. WHITTEMORE, 64 Washington st., Newton, Mass. 2

WANTED—Millinery trimmers, one each, $18-$15, to go in the country; apply at once. A. W. COLE, 84 Maley st., Boston. 2

WANTED—First-class waist and skirt makers and finishers; also sleeve girls. MISS J. L. CONLEY, 739 Boylston st., Boston. 3

WANTED—Second maid who can go home nights; wages $4.50 week; family of 4, 7-room apartment. MRS. L. P. CUDWORTH, 8 Strathmore rd., Brookline; tel. Brook. 455. 3

WANTED—Woman of refinement and unquestionable reliability to take charge of family of small children under direction of mother; just the opportunity for a competent person who would appreciate nice home; location Newton Highlands; references must be of the best; good salary to right person. Apply to MISS SIMONS, rm. 81, 45 Bromfield st. 3

WANTED—A neat, honest woman living near, to come in 3 or 4 hours daily; one who can cook and serve 6:30 dinner; small family; reply by letter only, stating capabilities and wages expected. E. WEST, 60 Fenway, Suite 53, Boston. 4

WOMAN wanted for housework; one desiring good home rather than high wages. S. E. PHILLIPS, R. F. D. 15, Hopkinton, N. H. 26

WOMAN, capable, reliable, wanted in family of two; good plain cook and neat housekeeper; wages $7 week; give age and references. MRS. E. A. HANDY, Barnstable, Mass. 27

WANTED—Millinery makers and apprentices. MRS. M. M. DAVIS, 356 Main st., Springfield, Mass. 4

SITUATIONS WANTED—MALE

AMBITIOUS, REFINED YOUNG MAN (21) desires position at anything; honest, reliable, good habits; A1 references. H. BLOOM, 837 Washington st., Room 8, Boston. 2

AMERICAN, middle-aged, capable and experienced, both as workman and executive, seeks position in care of building or other suitable employment. O. M. GRACEY, 25 Webster st., Somerville, Mass. 27

AMERICAN BOY (16) talented in drawing would like position; no experience but willing to learn; good references. GEORGE SAFRAN, 20 Hansboro st., Dorchester, Mass. 4

AMERICAN CHAUFFEUR and electrical mechanic of 12 years' experience would like position on private cars; first-class reference; temperate; anywhere. H. A. WADSWORTH, 43 Stone av., Somerville, Mass. 26

ATTENDANT—Young man, references, desires position; experienced. E. J. MILER, Marion av., Plantsville, Conn. 27

AUTO AND CARRIAGE PAINTER desires place to take charge; good body finisher and striper. C. E. TOTTINGHAM, 16 Pine st., Keene, N. H. 27

AUTO FINISHER, thoroughly experienced, wants position. JOHN STEWART, 37 Temple st., Boston. 4

BAKER BOY (20), some experience, wants opportunity; anxious to learn and not afraid of work; will work steady at any start. MOSES VARTABEDIAN, 28 Kneeland st., Boston. 2

BAKER or second hand—Situation wanted, city or country; go anywhere if fare allowed; please state wages. FAZAL KHAN, 32 Warwick st., Boston. 3

BLACKSMITH, residence Malden, 43, married, will go anywhere; references; $3 day; mention 635. STATE EMP. OFFICE (free to all), 52 Green st., Worcester, Mass.; tel. Park 4750. 2

BLACKSMITH, residence Taunton, 42, married, will go anywhere; references; $18 week; mention 649. STATE EMP. OFFICE (free to all), 52 Green st., Worcester, Mass.; tel. Park 4750. 2

BOOKKEEPER, Italian, knowing also French, but only a little English, desires employment. EDOARDO VINCENZO, 6 Prince st., Boston. 26

BOOKKEEPER, thoroughly experienced and competent, seeks a positon; understands safeguard and other systems; first-class city references. WILLIAM C. BURNHAM 12 Brookfield st., Roslindale, Mass. 3

BOY (18) would like position in some electrical firm in this city or as elevator boy. JOHN BRADY, 4 Carleton st., Boston. 2

BOY wants work on a farm; ony kind. Please address THOS. CALLIN, 17 Corning st., Boston. 4

CARETAKER (25) desires position caring for estates; married, no children, and willing to live on premises; handy with tools; all-round mechanic and able to handle men, care for livestock and do clerical work; best of references. WM. F. KRAUSE, 17 Norcross st., Arlington, Mass. 3

CARETAKER or general useful man, middle-aged, active, temperate, reliable, willing and obliging; wants care of home or estate; permanent position desired. R. CAPES, 108 Main st., Marlboro, Mass. 26

CARPENTER wants work; alterations and repairs; anything in wood, furniture included. F. D. RODGERS, 31 Woodbury st., Boston. 3

CARPENTER wants work by day or week; all kinds of work. JOHN H. M. ELLIS, 33 Fontain st., Worcester, Mass. 26

CHAUFFEUR—Young man wants position in private family; strictly temperate; good habits; good references furnished. WILLIAM STEWART, 72 Forbes st., Jamaica Plain, Mass. 2

CHAUFFEUR, 12 years' experience with auto from factory to salesmen, would accept and fulfil any position at offer. W. E. DEXTRA, 19 Crown st., Worcester, Mass. 2

CHAUFFEUR and all-round mechanic, West Indian, good character and habits, temperate, wants position; understands cars thoroughly; also carpentering, painting, plumbing, furniture repairing; good general man for private family; references from last place. A. F. BERNARD, 29 Hammond st., Roxbury, Mass. 2

CHAUFFEUR, age 26, American, single, experience on foreign and American cars, or will run motor on private yacht; will go anywhere. GEORGE F. MEINHARDT, 81 Roxbury st., Boston. 2

CHAUFFEUR desires position with private family; do own repairing; references. W. B. CHASE, 764 Washington st., Dorchester, Mass. 2

CHAUFFEUR desires situation; capable and willing; best of references; private family preferred; will go anywhere. WM. J. TAYLOR, 87 Franklin st., Allston, Mass. 4

CHAUFFEUR (colored) wants position in private family; good references and experience; any salary accepted. JOSEPH WILSON, 12 Dundee st., Boston. 3

CHAUFFEUR—American (27), 6 years' driving and repairing Pierce, Packard and Peerless cars; neat appearing, temperate; very clever driver; best references. H. O. COOLEY, 130 Columbus av., Boston. 3

CHAUFFEUR, private family preferred, 20, single, residence Winthrop; excellent references; $40-$50 month and found; mention 11894. STATE EMP. OFFICE (free to all), 8 Kneeland st., oBston; tel. Ox. 2960. 28

CHEF; experienced, skilful; will cook and accommodate private or hotel, parties, etc. A. C. WAINEX, 762 Shawmut ave., Boston. 3

COMPOSITOR wants work; temperate and reliable; rapid and clean; state wages. C. NORTHROP, 86½ View st., New Haven, Conn. 3

CONFIDENTIAL SECRETARY, experienced in banking, real estate and insurance; excellent penman; 27, single, residence at present Frederickstown, Mo.; would work in Boston or vicinity; $75-$100 month; very best references; mention 11873. STATE EMP. OFFICE (free to all), 8 Kneeland st., Boston; tel. Ox. 2960. 26

CONFIDENTIAL SECRETARY, salesman; 56, married, residence city; $40 week to start; excellent references; has traveled abroad; speaks German and French; mention 11882. STATE EMP. OFFICE (free to all), 8 Kneeland st., Boston; tel. Ox. 2960. 26

COOK (colored), residence Roxbury, 30, married, will go anywhere; 14 years' experience; good references; $30 month; mention 639. STATE EMP. OFFICE (free to all), 52 Green st., Worcester, Mass.; tel. Park 4750. 2

DESIGNER, mechanical draftsman, architectural work, 59, married, residence city; references; speaks German; would go anywhere; $20-$35 week; mention 11890. STATE EMP. OFFICE (free to all), 8 Kneeland st., Boston; tel. Ox. 2960. 28

ELECTRICIAN, capable of taking charge of electrical plant; expert on motors; 20, residence city; references; prefer Boston or vicinity; $16-$18 week; mention 11891. STATE EMP. OFFICE (free to all), 8 Kneeland st., Boston; tel. Ox. 2960. 28

ELEVATOR MAN or janitor—Colored man (30) wants work; best references. JOSEPH B. GALES, 356 Broadway, Cambridge, Mass. 3

ENGRAVER in steel and brass, wide experience, wants work; shoe stamps, facing forms, plates, and all branches; quickest methods. CHARLES MACAULAY, 6 Cheshire st., Boston. 3

ENGRAVER (wax process) and draftsman on maps, business forms, etc., wants position at trade in any part of country. WILLARD CLARK, 48 Chandler st., Boston. 26

ENGINEER, first class, with large experience, desires position; strictly temperate and reliable; best references. AUGUSTUS TOWLE, R. F. D. No. 1, Box 23, Groton, Mass. 2

ENGINEER requests a position; first class license, Mass.; not particular; work wanted. WILLIAM C. McNEILL, 70 Plympton st., Cambridge, Mass. 30

ENGINEER, second, residence Worcester, 31, good references; $21 week; mention 631. STATE EMP. OFFICE (free to all), 52 Green st., Worcester, Mass.; tel. Park 4750. 2

FARM FOREMAN, residence No. Brookfield, 47, married, experience and reference $50 month; mention 631. STATE EMP. OFFICE (free to all), 52 Green st., Worcester, Mass.; tel. Park 4750. 2

FARM OR GENERAL WORK on gentleman's place; situation wanted by temperate, industrious German. P. MEYERS, 1522 Washington st., Boston. 3

GARDENER, residence Everett, but will go anywhere, 59, married, references; mention 646. STATE EMP. OFFICE (free to all), 52 Green st., Worcester, Mass.; tel. Park 4750. 2

GARDENER, middle-aged, wants position; knows trade thoroughly, very handy as carpenter. JOS. HANOL, 3 Heath pl., Roxbury, Mass. 3

GARDENER desires position, care gentleman's estate; experienced in vegetable gardening and greenhouse work; strictly temperate; state particulars in first letter. A. H. DARLING, No. Adams, Mass. 3

GARDENER (landscape and carpet), superintendent of estate or park; greenhouse manager; experienced, capable, temperate, industrious; can take charge of nursery stock, also wild or domestic animals and fowl; excellent references; 45, married; $80 month up; would go anywhere; mention 11771. STATE EMP. OFFICE (free to all), 8 Kneeland st., Boston; tel. Ox. 2960. 28

GENERAL HOUSEWORKER and chauffeur; experienced colored man wants position; good references; moderate salary; will go anywhere. J. R. MATHEWS, 172 Northampton st., Boston. 3

GENERAL WORK wanted by a neat colored man; please write. FRANK CORRELL, 12¼ Yarmouth st., Boston. 26

GROCERY CLERK, shoe salesman, handy man; 31, married, residence city; $15 week; references; mention 11883. STATE EMP. OFFICE (free to all), 8 Kneeland st., Boston; tel. Ox. 2960. 26

HOTEL SLIDE or pantry work, general housework, etc., wanted by experienced man. DANIEL FRANCIS LEAHY, 47 Lopez st., Cambridge, Mass. 26

HOTEL CLERK, shoe salesman, experienced on dry goods, office clerk; 28, single, residence city; would go out of town; best references; $14-$15 week; mention 11416. STATE EMP. OFFICE (free to all), 8 Kneeland st., Boston; tel. Ox. 2960. 28

HOUSEWORK—Young man (22) wishes position in house or hotel as useful man; expert in waiting or washing dishes. JACK MISHEL, 75 Beach st., Boston. 4

HOUSE WORK—Young man of 20 wishes position as useful man in house or hotel; experienced waiting or washing dishes. D. BOYOOKIAN, 75 Beach st., Boston. 26

JANITOR, carpenter, general—Situation wanted in or near Boston by married American man of good habits; any honest work at fair pay. L. JOHNSON, 12 Dale st., Roxbury, Mass. 2

JANITOR, porter, general man in garage or elsewhere; colored man wants situation. REGINALD WHITE, 32 Holyoke st., Boston. 26

JANITOR (married) wants situation; not afraid of work or hours. E. MOLLOY, 22 Cogwell av., N. Cambridge, Mass. 3

JANITOR or caretaker, married, no children, would like position either in apartment house or small hotel, or on a private estate; best of reference. GEORGE FAVERAU, 15A Linden st., Allston, Mass. 4

JANITOR, English, good all-round property man, handy with tools, wants situation; married; no children. JOHN WILLIAMS JACKSON, 357 Lowell st., East Somerville, Mass. 4

KITCHEN MAN, porter or general man (in or outside), will and can do anything but cook; obliging, not afraid of work; day or week; terms reasonable. Write or call. JOSEPHUS NOBLE, 204 Northampton st., Boston. 4

KITCHEN MAN (colored) wants work in city or country. JAMES BUTCHER, 367 Northampton st., Boston. 26

LATHE HAND, experienced on drills, etc., garage work; 33, married, residence Warren, Mass.; $2.50 day; mention 11864. STATE EMP. OFFICE (free to all), 8 Kneeland st., Boston; tel. Ox. 2960. 26

LINOTYPE OPERATOR, experienced at case corrections; 17, residence North Cambridge; references; $15 week; mention 11896. STATE EMP. OFFICE (free to all), 8 Kneeland st., Boston; tel. Ox. 2960. 28

LINOTYPE OPERATOR, best references, 24, married, residence Wellington, Mass.; $20 week; mention 11892. STATE EMP. OFFICE (free to all), 8 Kneeland st., Boston; tel. Ox. 2960. 28

MACHINIST (Swede), diemaking, repairing, tool machines specialty; all-round machinist. CHARLES BACHUMAS, 7 Bartlett ter., Roxbury, Mass. 26

MACHINIST, all-round, residence Worcester, but will go anywhere; 48, married, references; 30-40c hour; mention 628. STATE EMP. OFFICE (free to all), 52 Green st., Worcester, Mass.; tel. Park 4750. 2

MACHINIST and tool maker, 39, single, residence Boston; references; $19.50 week; mention 11750. STATE EMP. OFFICE (free to all), 8 Kneeland st., Boston; tel. Ox. 2960. 28

MAN OF MATURE YEARS, refined, well educated, desires position as confidential secretary or companion. FRED ROBINSON, Upland rd., Dedham, Mass. 4

MAN with family wants any kind of work; has elevator license; well used to shipping goods or janitor work. M. F. KENNEY, 353 W. Third st., South Boston, Mass. 27

MECHANICAL DRAFTSMAN, 7 years' machine shop experience; 33, single, residence South Boston; excellent references; mention 11872. STATE EMP. OFFICE (free to all), 8 Kneeland st., Boston; tel. Ox. 2960. 26

MECHANICAL DRAFTSMAN, tool maker and machinist; 40, married, residence Chelsea; best references, $21 week; first-class engineer's license; mention 11865. STATE EMP. OFFICE (free to all), 8 Kneeland st., Boston; tel. Ox. 2960. 26

MECHANICAL DRAFTSMAN, pattern maker, machinery inspector, chauffeur; excellent references; 28, married, residence city; would go anywhere in Mass.; $25 week; mention 11889. STATE EMP. OFFICE (free to all), 8 Kneeland st., Boston; tel. Ox. 2960. 28

MECHANICAL ENGINEER, foreman machinist, designer of jigs, tools and machinery; 49, married, residence Beverly; excellent references; $30-$35 week; mention 11762. STATE EMP. OFFICE (free to all), 8 Kneeland st., Boston; tel. Ox. 2960.28

OFFICE MANAGER OR ASSISTANT, 16 years' experience, efficient accountant, reliable. DAVID JOHNSTONE WHITE, 12 Forest st. (Wakefield), Greenwood, Mass.26

PAINTER wants work; 30c hour; go anywhere; take board part payment; good reference. JOHN F. NELSON, 50 Cottage st., Cambridge, Mass. 3

PAINTER and paperhanger, first-class, wants work with responsible people; go anywhere; middle-aged American. G. E. LOVEWELL, 33 Winthrop st., Salem, Mass. Tel. 1884-W. 3

PAINTER and paper hanger, hardwood finisher, kalsominer; work wanted by the day or hour. HENRY A. KIBBE, 6 Corning st., Boston. 4

PATTERN MAKER (metal), residence Worcester, 34, married, speaks Swedish and English; references; 35-40c hour; mention 645. STATE EMP. OFFICE (free to all), 52 Green st., Worcester, Mass.; tel. Park 4750. 2

PAYROLL AUDITOR, residence Worcester, 35, married, good references; $15 week; mention 641. STATE EMP. OFFICE (free to all), 52 Green st., Worcester, Mass.; tel. Park 4750. 2

PHOTOGRAPHER, operating and darkroom work; also experienced bench hand and machinist; 27, married, residence Somerville; best reference; $16.50 week; mention 11899. STATE EMP. OFFICE (free to all), 8 Kneeland st., Boston; tel. Ox. 2960.28

POSITION wanted on gentleman's place; experienced; best references; clean; good worker; strong and honest; will go anywhere. GEORGE DEWEY NELSON, Clark av., Walpole, Mass. 4

PROOFREADER, office clerk, 28, single, residence Cambridge; $12-$15 week; best references; mention 11767. STATE EMP. OFFICE (free to all), 8 Kneeland st., Boston; tel. Ox. 2960. 28

RECEIING CLERK, experienced in stock room, 26, single, residence East Braintree; $12-$15 week; best references; mention 11871. STATE EMP. OFFICE (free to all), 8 Kneeland st., Boston; tel. Ox. 2960.26

SALESMAN, experienced in brokerage house, also rubber business; 22, single, residence Somerville; excellent references; $15 week; would go out of town; mention 11856. STATE EMP. OFFICE (free to all), 8 Kneeland st., Boston; tel. Ox. 2960. 26

SECRETARIAL or clerical position wanted by man thoroughly conversant with all kinds of office work and capable of taking entire charge. HORACE R. PARKER, 21 Blaney st., Sampscott, Mass. 2

SHIPPER in candy factory, competent to take charge; 45, residence Ashland, $15 week to start; best references; mention 11879. STATE EMP. OFFICE (free to all), 8 Kneeland st., Boston; tel. Ox. 2960. 26

SHIPPER-PACKER—Young man, experienced, wants situation; good long references; would do general work of any kind. ALFRED HELLSTROM, 97 Child st., Jamaica Plain, Mass. 27

STOCK CLERK or office work, 23, single, residence Dorchester; $12 week; best references; mention 11870. STATE EMP. OFFICE (free to all), 8 Kneeland st., Boston; tel. Ox. 2960. 26

STRONG BOY (14), graduate of grammar school wants work; references. Address. HOWARD SICCO, 282 Hanover st., Boston. 2

SUPERINTENDENT OR FOREMAN in marble manufacturing plant; interior finish preferred; want positon in South. C. H. ROBINSON, care Chesterfield Stage, Brattleboro, Vt. 27

TAILOR—Young man of 22, experienced in cleaning and pressing, wishes position in or out of town; just learning English. JOHN TOOMANIAN, 28 Kneeland st., Boston. 2

WANTED—Position as janitor or assistant janitor in the Back Bay; no license. ROBERT A. EDMONDS, 13 Julian st., Roxbury, Mass 26

TIMEKEEPER, stock clerk, 29, married, residence Newton; best references; $15 wk.; mention 11895. STATE EMP. OFFICE (free to all), 8 Kneeland st., Boston; tel. Ox. 2960. 28

TOOL DRESSER and all-round hardener, 47, married, residence Cambridge, $3.50-$4.50 per day; mention 11861. STATE EMP. OFFICE (free to all), 8 Kneeland st., Boston; tel. Ox. 2960. 26

TUFTS STUDENT desires work afternoons (except Tuesday and Thursday), nights and early mornings; has chauffeur's license and experience; kind of work immaterial. WALTER R. AVERY, 31 West Hall, Tufts College, Mass. 2

WANTED—Position by young man (27) as outside salesman; any line; Boston and vicinity; excellent references. O. E. KNIGHT, 143 Hemenway st., Boston. 26

WANTED—Position as fireman by married man (23) with second class license; good experience; references; strictly temperate. ERNEST GRIMLEY, 11 Auburn st., Worcester, Mass. 2

WANTED—A position trip hammer forging, machine forging, annealing, tempering, any work in this line or similar; 15 years' experience. JOSEPH J. M'DONALD, 83 Cohannet st., Taunton, Mass. 2

WANTED—A situation as bookkeeper, typist or general office man, excellent penman; hours, 3 p. m. and work evenings; very best references. JOSEPH M. MURPHY, 21 Alpine st., Roxbury, Mass. 2

WANTED by young man (18), any kind of work; more for home than wages; have experience in general store; will furnish references. Apply by letter only, JONAS WORTH, 261 Central st., Winchendon, Mass. 2

WATCHMAN or janitor wants position; several years' experience; best references. H. D. NELSON, 168 Pleasant st., Worcester, Mass.; phone Park 5452-W. 26

YOUNG MAN (24), 5 years' business experience, understands advertising, all kinds of drawing and building specialty trades; best references. CARL W. PATRIQUIN, 8 Whittemore st., Arlington, Mass. 26

YOUNG MAN with good knowledge of mechanical dentistry desires position; will go anywhere; good references. JAS. F. CARR, 54 Astor st., suite 1 (care Stanton), Boston. 26

YOUNG MAN would like position in private family or in boarding house. MOSES E. McGIRT, 87 Sterling st., Boston. 26

WANTED—Position; foreman blacksmith or machine forger, or hardening, tempering and case hardening; 20 years' experience; steady worker; strictly temperate. H. HOOPER, 346 Main st., Malden, Mass. 3

YOUNG MAN (31), educated, energetic, experienced in machine shop and factory, desires position of any kind; moderate salary to start; references. BENJAMIN L. BASS, 33 St. Germain st., Boston. 26

YOUNG MAN wants position in dental laboratory; 5 years' experience on rubber and crown work; good references. ARTHUR F. DUPLISES, 77 Central st., Bangor, Me. 26

YOUNG MAN (20) wants to learn a trade; no business experience; expect to begin at bottom and work hard. J. P. COCHRANE, 8 Ellery st., Cambridge, Mass. 27

YOUNG MAN (20) with high school and business college education wishes position in an office; experienced as timekeeper and paymaster and general office work; excellent penman; best references. FRANK E. WENTWORTH, 152 Pleasant st., Cambridge, Mass. 27

YOUNG MAN with 2d class fireman's license wants position in or near city; days preferred. GEORGE DAVIS, Rochdale, Mass. 27

YOUNG MAN would like office work; 17, residence South Boston, best references; mention 11876. STATE EMP. OFFICE (free to all), 8 Kneeland st., Boston; tel. Ox. 2960. 26

YOUNG MAN (colored) wants position as porter in store or factory; reliable and trustworthy, strictly temperate; reference from present employer. CHESTER SMITH, 80 Windsor st., Boston. 2

YOUNG MAN, in country three months, desires work; understands German, Russian, Jewish and Lettish. A. B. JACOBSON, 190 Princeton st., East Boston, Mass. 2

YOUNG MAN (19) wishes position with opportunity for advancement; best of references and willing to work; no special line preferred. Please call Dor. 5488-W. F. W. HERRICK, JR., 12 Windermere rd., Dorchester, Mass. 2

YOUNG MAN (Russian, 21), residence Boston, knowledge of bookkeeping, speaks Russian and German; awaits offer; mention 11855. STATE EMP. OFFICE (free to all), 8 Kneeland st., Boston; tel. Ox. 2960. 26

YOUNG MAN, experienced as steamfitter's and plumber's helper, 18, residence Everett; $8-$9 week; references; mention 11857. STATE EMP. OFFICE (free to all), 8 Kneeland st., Boston; tel. Ox. 2960.26

YOUNG MAN, I. C. S. student, structural engineering, understands drafting to some extent; has had considerable practise; desires employment. JAMES MARDEN, 9 Liberty Hill av., Salem, Mass. 4

YOUNG MAN working as newsboy four hours wishes four hours' work at something else to make up the day. WM. CALLIN, 17 Corning st., Boston. 3

YOUNG MAN (22), well educated, experienced in cost and general clerical work, would like any honest work, except sales. FRED B. DAY, 18 Lake av., East Lynn, Mass. 4

YOUNG MAN wants to learn florist or poultry business. LESTER H. WALMSLEY, Box 138, Anthony, R. I. 4

YOUNG MARRIED MAN wants position in machine shop, experienced on grinding and lathe work; good references. FRED E. BIGELOW, 127 Highland st., Worcester, Mass. 2

SITUATIONS WANTED—FEMALE

ACCOUNTANT and bookkeeper, experienced, thoroughly competent, desires first-class position; will also take charge of a few sets of books. MISS L. GOLD, 13 Williams st., Medford, Mass.; tel. 609-M. 26

AMERICAN LADY, 37, first-class cook and housekeeper, experienced attendant, competent to take full charge; wages $7-$10 week. JANE A. STREETER, 14 So. High st., Milford, Mass. 3

AMERICAN WOMAN of refinement desires position; useful companion, mother's helper, or any position of trust; good reader; references. MISS F. A. WRIGHT, 700 Tremont st., Boston. 2

AMERICAN WOMAN, neat, refined, thoroughly experienced in all office details, desires permanent position where competency and ambition are appreciated; references. MISS LAURA TOWLE, 232 Highland av., Somerville, Mass. 27

ATTENDANT or other position of trust wanted by competent woman in refined family; references. P. STALTZ, 2 Westland av., suite 25, Boston. 3

OTHER ADVERTISEMENTS FOR HELP WANTED

but not complying with the rules governing insertion in these columns

MAY BE FOUND ON THE REGULAR CLASSIFIED PAGE

Which Should Be Consulted

ATTENDANT or companion, young woman, wants position; good references; wages $10-$12 a week. M. ALICE KELLEY, Gen. Delivery, Worcester, Mass. 4

ATTENDANT, COMPANION, would like position; will go anywhere; at liberty to go at once. MISS BAXTER, 579 Columbia rd., Boston. Tel. Dorch. 2660. 4

ATTENDANT OR HOUSEKEEPER—Young woman, well educated, also taught in all the requirements of a well ordered home; would care for children if any in the family; best references. MRS. F. BARBER, Wellesley Hills, Mass. Phone Wellesley 446-3. 3

BILLING CLERK, Fisher and typewriting machine operator; 33; single; residence Somerville; $12 week; best refernces. Mention 11863. STATE FREE EMP. OFFICE (free to all), 8 Kneeland st., Boston. Tel. Ox. 2960. 26

BOOKKEEPER will take charge of small sets; will substitute, assist or open and close books; particular attention to household accounts. MISS G. M. POND, 1334 Commonwealth av., Allston, Mass 27

BOOKKEEPER with knowledge of stenography desires position; capable of handling double entry set of books; 5 years' experience; best references. EVA POLLAY, 22 Auburn st., Boston. 3

BOOKKEEPER, typewriter, cashier; 23; single; residence city; $10 week; excellent references; mention 11462. STATE FREE EMP. OFFICE (free to all), 8 Kneeland st., Boston. Tel. Ox. 2960. 26

BOOKKEEPER, typist, 23, single, res. East Boston; references; excellent penman; $12 week. Mention 11887. STATE FREE EMP. OFFICE (free to all), 8 Kneeland st., Boston. Tel. Ox. 2960. 28

BOOKKEEPER with knowledge of typewriting and general office work, desires position; has 3 years' experience; 18; can supply good reference. MARGARET HORNE, 110 Eastern ave., East Lynn, Mass. 27

BOOKKEEPER (d. e.), clerical work, 24; single; residence city; $8-12 week; best references. Mention 11880. STATE FREE EMP. OFFICE (free to all), 8 Kneeland st., Boston. Tel. Ox. 2960. 26

CASHIER, office work, inexperienced stenographer, 19; residence Dorchester; $6-7 week; best references. Mention 11900. STATE EMP. OFFICE (free to all), 8 Kneeland st., Boston. Tel. Ox. 2960. 28

CHAMBERMAID—Colored girl wants position, to go home nights. MISS BEATRICE TAYLOR, 34 Shawen st., Boston. 2

CLEANING or laundry work wanted by the day, by colored woman. LYDIA MORROCCO, 137 Northampton st., Boston. 26

COLORED MAID wants housework in small family; home nights. LENA M. RIPLEY, 16 Sawyer st., Boston. 3

COMPANION-ATTENDANT—American woman, experienced, competent, desires position. HARRIETT A. ALLEN, 22 Breed st., Lynn, Mass. 26

COMPANION-ATTENDANT OR MOTHER'S HELPER—A competent, refined woman of 27 desires position; best of references. GRACE A. SWEET, 125 S. Main st., Middleboro, Mass. 27

COOK (colored) wants situation; can take responsibility; wages $8. E. THORNE, 136 Hastings st., Cambridge, Mass. 28

COOK AND SECOND MAID (colored) want situations in private family or boarding house; good reference; city or suburbs. MISS MARIE BAYLOR, 9 Sussex st., Roxbury, Mass. 4

COOKING or general work wanted by first-class colored woman. LEITHA BARNES, 57 Norway st., Boston. 2

COOKING—All-round, first-class colored woman wants work in club or boarding house; city or country. E. STEWART, 226 W. Canton st., Boston. 26

DAY WORK wanted. MRS. RICHETTA MORRISS, 19 Newburn st., Roxbury, Mass. 26

DAY WORK or general housework wanted by colored woman; home nights. MRS. L. DAVIS, 17 Northfield st., Boston. 26

DAY WORK wanted by colored woman. MRS. CHARLES ROBINSON, 29 Lenox st., Boston. 26

DAY WORK wanted by colored woman. CHARLOTTE RICHARDSON, 14 Dartmouth pl., top floor, Boston. 4

DAY WORK wanted by young woman, Somerville or Cambridge. MISS P. BERTER, 204 Elm st., North Cambridge, Mass.4

DAY WORK wanted, Mondays only; 15c an hour and carfare; references. MRS. CRAIG, 93 Zeigler st., Suite 1, Roxbury, Mass. 4

DAY WORK wanted, kitchen work, washing glasses and silver; cleaning, laundry, etc.; experienced woman. MARY MALRO, 20 Norwich st., Boston. 27

DAY WORK wanted by competent woman; washing, ironing or cleaning; references furnished. MRS. KATE BURNS, 384 Highland av., Malden, Mass. 3

DAY WORK wanted, cleaning, laundry, chamberwork, etc. MRS. HELEN PAYNE, 20 Terrace st., Roxbury, Mass. 2

DRESSMAKER, first class, wants work by the day. N. V. THOMAS, 9 Norway st., Boston. 2

DRESSMAKER wants work by the day. JANET EMBREE, 6 Rocky Hill av., Dorchester, Mass. 26

DRESSMAKER desires employment; 15 years' experience; thoroughly competent for private high grade work by the day. MRS. F. A. ROBERTS, 463 Massachusetts av., Boston. Tel. Tremont 2193-R. 26

DRESSMAKER wants work by the day; New York experience; remodeling, etc. MRS. A. R. TORREY, 212 Newbury st., Boston. Phone. 26

DRESSMAKER (colored) wants position by day or week. MISS MATILDA E. NEWELL, 386 Northampton st., Boston. 2

DRESSMAKER, Parisian, from Fifth av., New York, thoroughly competent, desires work by the day; street and evening gowns, also remodeling. Address MLLE. CECIL MARTIN, 47 Batavia st., Suite 1, Boston. 3

DRESSMAKER, experienced, reliable, desires work by the day; all kinds. M. K. KNOX, 9 Blackwood st., Boston. Tel. Back Bay 4800-R. 3

ENGLISH GIRL, some experience, wants place (where another girl is kept) as housemaid or otherwise, willing to learn. Address EDITH KNIGHT, 577 Blue Hill av., Roxbury, Mass. 4

FILING CLERK, office work; $10 week; residence city; best references. Mention 11897. STATE EMP. OFFICE (free to all), 8 Kneeland st., Boston. Tel. Ox. 2960. 28

FIRST-CLASS LAUNDRESS wants work by the day or would care for apartments; reference. ELLA WILLIAMS, 37 Holyoke st., Boston. 2

GENERAL HOUSEWORK wanted by girl with good references. E. WICKEN, 63 Franklin st., Brookline, Mass. 26

GENERAL HOUSEWORK wanted for one day a week; colored woman with best references. MISS ELIZABETH COOPER, 33 Winchester st., Boston. 2

GENERAL HOUSEWORK assistant—Situation wanted in country for lady (28) with little girl (5); good refined home where little girl may be with her will be appreciated above large salary; for information please write. MRS. F. T. BARNS, 25 Flint st., Somerville, Mass. 3

GENERAL HOUSEWORK—Middle-aged woman wants position, small family; good references. MRS. LUCY THOMES, 367 Massachusetts av., Boston; tel. 4119-M. 3

GENERAL HOUSEWORKER or second maid—Colored girl wants ituation. MISS LAURA GRANT, 110 Dartmouth st., Boston. 4

GENERAL WORKER—Colored girl wants work; fine cook; willing and obliging. Address T. HENDRICKS, 20 Kendall st., Suite 2, Boston. 2

GERMAN WOMAN of refinement wants occupation as practical helper, reader, mending, darning, cooking, cleaning by hour or day. MARY BOTT, Roxbury Crossing Postoffice, Boston. 3

GOOD LAUNDRESS (colored) wants work for 3 days a week; good references. L. A. CARSON, 16 Davenport st., Boston. 28

GOVERNESS or nursery governess—French young lady, well educated, desires position; good references; reply by letter only. MLLE. LEUBLA, 308 Boylston st., Boston; tel. B. B. 5907-J. 4

GOVERNESS, high school teacher, office or social service work; 30; married; residence Dorchester; neat penman; excellent references; $15 week up. Mntion 11898. STATE EMP. OFICE (free to all), 8 Kneeland st., Boston. Tel. Ox. 2960. 28

GOVERNESS or nursery governess—Young German lady, speaking German, French, English, desires position; kindergarten system. FRIEDY HABLUTZEL, 412 Lafayette st., Salem, Mass. 27

GOVERNESS, STENOGRAPHER, for part time; studying music and would like work for spare time; 21; residence city; best references; awaits an offer. Mention 11875. STATE FREE EMP. OFFICE (free to all), 8 Kneeland st., Boston. Tel. Ox. 2960. 26

HOUSEKEEPER wants situation. MRS. KATHERINE Y. WILSON, 64 James st., Malden, Mass. 2

HOUSEKEEPER wants situation, or would take cooking in private family. MRS. MARY WITHINGTON, 1269 Cambridge st., Cambridge, Mass. 3

HOUSEKEEPER wants situation in small family. MRS. JOSEPH EMERY, 4 Batchelder pl., Lowell, Mass. 26

HOUSEKEEPER OR COMPANION position desired by a mother and daughter. Address MAE E. FULLER, The Pines, Box 247, Wrentham, Mass. 26

HOUSEKEEPER, with girl of 10, would like a position in small family; can furnish best reference. MRS. PHEOBE FARLEY, 28 Concord sq., Boston. 26

HOUSEKEEPER—Active woman past middle age wants situation in small family; wages $2.50. M. RICHARDS, 10 Dickens st., Dorchester, Mass. 3

HOUSEKEEPER wants situation in good home; can take full charge. MRS. FRANCES MOULTON, 324 Moody st., Waltham, Mass. 3

HOUSEWORK wanted by day or hour; colored woman. BELLE JOHNSON, 570 Green st., Cambridge, Mass. 4

KITCHEN or pantry work; references; 44; residence Natick. Mention 11886. STATE EMP. OFFICE (free to all), 8 Kneeland st., Boston. Tel. Ox. 2960. 28

LADY of refinement would like position in art or stationery store; eight years' experience as manager; best of references. BESSIE V. REED, 65 Melrose place, Melrose Highlands, Mass.; tel. Melrose 472-2. 2

LADY'S MAID OR NURSERY GOVERNESS—Young lady, formerly a teacher, wants position. MISS A. L. LARKIN, 63 Weston st., Roxbury, Mass. 4

LAUNDRESS (colored) wants work for Mondays. L. JOHNSON, 37 Weston st., Roxbury, Mass. 26

LAUNDRESS wants work at home; reasonable prices. E. J. HARRIS, 108 Hammond st., Roxbury, Mass. 26

LAUNDRESS (colored) wants situation in private family. MARY RUDOLPH, 369 Shawmut av., Boston. 3

LAUNDRESS wants work by the day or at home. MRS. E. BRIGGS, 371 Northampton st., Boston. 4

LAUNDRESS (colored) wants work. MRS. LYDIA MOROCCO, 137 Northampton st., Boston. 4

LAUNDRESS—Colored woman wants work at home or by the day. E. RODGERS, 89 Kendall st., Roxbury, Mass. 4

LIGHT HOUSEWORK wanted by young colored girl. MISS EDNA V. FOSTER, 71 W. Lenox st., Boston. 2

MANAGING HOUSEKEEPER desires position in home with full charge where there are young people; highest chaacter. MRS. N. M. HEBERLE, 3 Lee st., Somerville, Mass. 28

MIDDLE-AGED WOMAN would like position as mother's helper or light duties for room and board and some wages. Address MISS E. BUTMAN, 309 College av., Somerville, Mass. Tel. 4848-W Som. 3

MILLINER'S APPRENTICE or dressmaker's assistant; neat young colored woman. SARAH ELIABETH CHAMBERS, 30 Holyoke st., Boston. 26

MORNING WORK wanted, cleaning, etc. MRS. SUSIE ODEN, 20 Kendall st., Roxbury. 2

MORNING WORK wanted by colored girl. OLIVIA DAY, 26 Albion st., Boston. 3

OFFICE CLERK, neat penman, 49, residence Somerville; best references; $40-50 week. Mention 11888. STATE EMP. OFFICE (free to all), 8 Kneeland st., Boston. Tel. Ox. 2960. 28

PIANIST wants position; experienced in playing for social, esthetic and folk dancing; also clubs, wands and dumbbells; best references. ELIZABETH S. SCHROEDER, 50 Peterborough st., Boston. 27

PIANIST, accompanish for vocalists and instrumentalists, soloist; 19; residence city; $3-5 per engagement; best references. Mention 11866. STATE FREE EMP. OFFICE (free to all), 8 Kneeland st., Boston. Tel. Ox. 2960. 26

REFINED MAID, colored, good seamstress, embroiderer and penman; willing to assist other work; or would accept low salary in office. MISS AMALIA CLENDINEN, 25 Holyoke st., Boston. 4

SALESLADY—Position wanted by capable, trustworthy, refined woman; experience in book and stationery store; references. FRIEDA YORGENSEN, 119 Antrim st., Cambridge, Mass. Tel. 4824-M. 2

SEAMSTRESS wants work by the day. MRS. T. J. BEACHUM, P. O. Box 132, Station A, Boston. 4

SECRETARY-STENOGRAPHER — Has taugh high school mathematics; 30; single; residence Beverly; speaks French; would go anywhere; excellent references; $15-25 week. Mention 11701. STATE EMP. OFFICE (free to all), 8 Kneeland st., Boston. Tel. Ox. 2960. 28

SHOW CARD WRITER, single entry bookkeeper and stenographer, desires position of trust; American; references furnished. MRS. O. L. BUITEKAN, 73 Garland st., Everett, Mass. 26

SOLICITOR, sewing by the day, linen room; 45; residence Winthrop Center; best references; $8-10 week. Mention 11877. STATE FREE EMP. OFFICE (free to all), 8 Kneeland st., Boston. Tel. Ox. 2960. 26

STENOGRAPHER, clerical work; 18; residence South Boston; excellent references; good penman; $9 week. Mention 11860. STATE FREE EMP. OFFICE (free to all), 8 Kneeland st., Boston. Tel. Ox. 2960. 26

STENOGRAPHER, experienced in real estate business, 26, residence city; $12-15 week; references. Mention 11858. STATE FREE EMP. OFICE (free to all), 8 Kneeland st. Boston. Tel. Ox. 2960. 26

STENOGRAPHER or office work; good penman; 18; residence South Boston; $9 week; best references. Mention 11850. STATE FREE EMP. OFICE (free to all), 8 Kneeland st., Boston. Tel. Ox. 2960. 26

STENOGRAPHER, six years' experience, desires position; rapid and accurate; willing to assist in office work; first-class reference. F. I. M'LAUGHLIN, 89 Lucerne st., Dorchester, Mass. 2

STENOGRAPHER, excellent penman, speaks Hebrew, 17, residence Malden; $8 week; references. Mention 11893. STATE EMP. OFFICE (free to all), 8 Kneeland st., Boston. Tel. Ox. 2960. 28

STENOGRAPHER AND TYPEWRITER, good penman, 21; residence Jamaica Plain; best references; $10 week. Mention 11878. STATE FREE EMP. OFFICE (free to all), 8 Kneeland st., Boston. Tel. Ox. 2960. 26

STUDENT would give music lessons in return for privilege of practising on piano one hour a week; reply by letter only. MISS VERA ODESSA, 2 Rutland sq., Boston. 2

SWITCHBOARD OPERATOR, typewriter; 22; single; residence Roxbury; $9 week; references. Mention 11881. STATE FREE EMP. OFFICE (free to all), 8 Kneeland st., Boston. Tel. Ox. 2960. 26

VISITING TUTOR—Experienced lady would assist other ladies in their studies. MRS. CURTIS, 82 Berkley st., Boston. 27

WANTED—Position during summer by upper-grade teacher as companion, caretaker, reader, chaperon or tutor; prepared to travel. CLARA B. HOLDEN, 19 Avon st., Melrose, Mass. 2

WANTED—Day or hour work, plain sewing, mending, housework, companion, etc. Apply by letter. MRS. BLAKE, 22 Pearson av., Somerville, Mass. 3

WANTED—Work for Tuesday, Wednesday and Saturday. Please write SEVENIA PERRIN, 36 Yarmouth st., Suite 3, Boston. 28

WANTED—Sewing in all lines by the day; prices reasonable; address by letter. ROSE HOPKINS, 42 Grove st., West Somerville, Mass. 27

WOMAN, educated, refined, would like position of trust in family, as tutor, companion, or manager of household or business affairs; thoroughly competent, best references. E. A. KIMBALL, 58 University rd., Brookline, Mass.; tel. Brook. 5621-W. 26

WORKING HOUSEKEEPER wants situation or part day work. M. MUNRO, 67 Pembroke st., Boston. 2

WORK WANTED, morning or evening, by colored woman. ALMA SIMS, 23 Dundee st., Boston. 4

YOUNG GIRL needs factory work or light housework in East Boston. MISS THERESA BRENNAN, 179 Putnam st., East Boston. 3

YOUNG GIRL (American) would like position as nurserymaid to one or two children. MISS E. REES, 76 Foster st., Everett, Mass. 4

YOUNG LADY wants position as office assistant, buyer or floor manager; best of references. MISS V. L. HOLMGREN, 82 Montgomery st., Boston. 26

YOUNG LADY (21) wants situation to care for one or two children; can give best of references. RUTH EVELYN FERRIS, 56 Winthrop st., Everett, Mass. 3

YOUNG WOMAN wants work, shampooing, etc. MRS. L. L. WHITMAN, 113 Gainsboro st., Boston; tel. 4965-J Back Bay. 27

YOUNG WOMAN (colored) wants situation; understands shampooing and manicuring. MISS TRUHART, 796 Tremont st., Boston. Tel. Tremont 2255-R. 2

YOUNG WOMAN wants situation in good home to assist in care of children or do plain general housework; Boston preferred. MARY JONES, 187 St. Botolph st., Boston.2

YOUNG WOMAN (German) desires position in good family; chamber work or attending lady; good sewer; prefers good home to high wages. MARIE LEYNECK, 200 Columbus av., Suite 16, Boston. 3

YOUNG WOMAN of education and culture desires opportunity to go abroad as traveling companion. MISS LOUISE HILL, 37 Brockton av., Abington, Mass. 3

EASTERN STATES

HELP WANTED—MALE

CLEANER AND DYER wanted; must be A1 workman; salary $20 week; give references. RISLEY'S CLEANING WORKS, New York av., Atlantic City, N. J. 26

COMPETENT MAN for dresser at the theater; must understand dressing room work. Apply MRS. BERNARD, 225 W. 86th st., New York. 3

WANTED—Active educated man of business ability to represent us; minister, teacher, man of that class. DODD, MEAD & CO., Perry bldg., Philadelphia. 2

HELP WANTED—FEMALE

COMPETENT GIRL wanted to do general housework in country; no washing or farm work; wages $5. MRS. THOS. H. MUNRO, Camillus, N. Y. (near Syracuse). 3

HOUSEKEEPER wanted—An excellent home and position offered to tactful, competent person; very light duties and $25 month. MRS. SCHMIDT, Evelyn Lodge, Simpkinsville (S. I.), N. Y. 4

MIDDLE-AGED WOMAN wanted to assist with housework in small family; no washing; one who prefers good home to high wages; call mornings. MRS. ALEX. SIMPSON, JR., 660 E. 180th st., New York. 3

MILLINERS, copyists, order trimmers wanted; only high class work; experienced only need apply. MME. ALBERTE, 31 West 46th st., New York. 4

WANTED—A thoroughly experienced saleswoman for the hosiery and underwear department for women and children; good salary, permanent position to right party. SAUL BROTHERS, 2894-96 Third av., New York. 27

WANTED—Experienced working housekeeper; good cook; one in family; good wages to competent person; reference required. MISS K. V. CURTIS, 171 Union av., Saratoga Springs, N. Y. 3

WANTED—Stenographer for rapid circular work on typewriter; apply by letter. BLANCHARD BROS., Inc., 1911-17 8th av., Brooklyn, Mass. 4

WANTED—Girl for general housework in apartment; assist with washing; 4 in family; references required. MRS. H. W. BAILEY, 420 Riverside drive, New York. 2

WANTED—Experienced nursery governess; highest New York references preferred; must speak perfect English and German; care one child 3 years old; good home, good wages. Apply MRS. R. SACHS, 216 W. 100th st., New York city. 3

WORKING HOUSEKEEPER wanted for summer boarding house; good cook, experienced; references. J. F. GILMAN, Belmar, N. J. 3

SITUATIONS WANTED—MALE

BAKER—Cake foreman, confectioner; experienced in all kinds of baking. JOHN VERSTIJNEN, 241 124th st., New York city; letter only. 3

BLACKSMITH wishes employment; first class at automobile, carriage and general forging. HARRY TEN HAGEN, 171 Walnut st., Newark, N. J. 26

BOOKKEEPER'S ASSISTANT, clerk or foreign correspondent; man of 35 wants position; speaks French, English and German. GEORGES CHASSEVENT, 520 W. 146th st., New York. 2

BOY (15) wants opening; graduate from public school; 1 year experience as office boy; lives with parents. EDWARD WEBER, 220 Adelphi st., Brooklyn, N. Y. 3

BOY (18), refined, educated (light colored), desires position in first-class family; moderate wages; would travel with gentleman as attendant; good reader, understands switchboard, elevator and waiting; good references; reply by letter only. WILLIAM CHRISTIAN, 121 West 137th st., New York. 4

BUSINESS MAN, bright, energetic (35), possessing executive and versatile ability, fine appearance, desires to represent good concern; salary and commission only; highest credentials. EDWARD KAHM, 272 West 119th st., New York. 2

CARETAKER—Situation wanted by middle-aged colored man or couple as caretakers, or to work in small family; adults. D. BREWSTER, 42 W. Third st., Mt. Vernon, N. Y. 27

CARTOONIST wants situation on live daily; has some experience; willing to start as beginner; political, comics and layouts. Address A. JOHNSON, W. Clinton av., Irvington, N. J. 26

CASHIER—Young man (32) wishes light inside work; reference. HENRY LOHMAN, care J. Kelly, 367 5th av., Brooklyn, N. Y. 3

CHAUFFEUR (English) desires position in private family; 15 years' experienee; all repairs; single; temperate; good references. H. KING, 572 Mickle st., Camden, N. J. 26

CHAUFFEUR, married, wishes position with private family; 4 years' experience on different makes; best of refernces. CHARLES A. SEABECK, 540 W. 160th st., New York city. Tel. 3429 Audubon. 26

CHAUFFEUR—Anglo-American (25) desires position with private family; highest shop and driving references; toured Europe; complete overhauling; consider a fair offer. C. F. WRIGHT, 144 E. 34th st., New York. 26

CHAUFFEUR, MACHINIST, young married man, seeks position with party appreciating an expert; reliable man with seven years' experience. H. N. BEARSE, 51A Downing st., Brooklyn, N. Y. 4

COMPOSITOR and feeder—Young man with 7 years' experience and good references desires position. JOSEPH CHACON, 265 W. 24th st., New York. 2

COMPOSITOR, straight, tabular, job wants work anywhere, time or price; city or country. Address EDWARD W. LLOYD, 81 Bowery, Suite 135, New York. 1

For a free advertisement write your "wants" on separate piece of paper and attach it to blank at top of page 2.

CLASSIFIED ADVERTISEMENTS

The advertisements under this head are inserted free and persons interested must exercise discretion in all correspondence concerning the same.

SPACE IS NOT GIVEN UNDER THIS HEAD TO ADVERTISEMENTS FOR PERSONS WANTED TO HANDLE GOODS ON COMMISSION OR TO ADVERTISEMENTS SOLICITING BUSINESS PATRONAGE

EASTERN STATES

SITUATIONS WANTED—MALE

COLLEGE GRADUATE, 23, business experience, correspondent, languages, seeks worthy career, office or factory; also out of city; excellent references. G. M. ROSS, 501 W. 121st st., New York city. 3

CUTTER, experienced, with good references desires position; also good fitter and practical tailor; steady, reliable, moderate salary; city or country. N. PFEIFFER, 1215 Willow av., Hoboken, N. J. 2

EXPERIENCED, SUCCESSFUL SALESMAN, sales manager, correspondent, typist, solicits communication with responsible house, with a view to engagement as New York representative. FRANK L. KING, 175 W. 97th st., New York city. 3

GENERAL OUTSIDE WORK wanted by married man; any kind accepted. ERNEST B. WELLS, 147 Warren st., Arlington, Mass. 4

GENERAL WORK — Two young men would like position at anything; can furnish best of references. HARRY L. BOYCE, 238 McDougal st., Brooklyn, N. Y. 26

GENTLEMAN, refined and educated, would like position as private secretary or correspondent; vicinity of New York city preferred. EDMUND B. GEARHART, 47 Second av., Newark, N. J. 27

GENTLEMAN—Competent industrial instructor and financial agent; experienced in all branches of juvenile institution work; good disciplinarian; desires connection. WM. SCHIRMER, 1043 Gates av., Brooklyn, N. Y. 27

HOTEL MAN Thoroughly experienced; capable of taking entire charge. R. W. MACURDY, 757 Sixth av., New York. 27

MACHINIST, 15 years' all-round experience, developing, building and maintaining special automatic machinery, tools, jigs, fixtures, etc., strictly temperate and reliable man, wishes steady positon. S. GROSS, 7 W. 114th st., New York city. 3

MALE ATTENDANT wants situation; experienced; best references. JOSEPH CONROY, 150 E. 127th st., New York. 26

MAN (40) wishes position; handy with tools and painting; 5 years' references from last place; will go anywhere; temperate and reliable. WM. DWYER, 99 Bowery, New York city. 28

NEWSPAPERMAN (27), 5 years' experience in advertising and reporting, mostly former, which is preferred; would go anywhere in eastern states. F. H. STOUT, 44 Lake av., Auburn, N. Y. 3

NEW YORK CUTTER (American, 42) open for engagement; up-to-date, merchant tailoring; credentials. FERDINAND FOSTER, 438 East 25th st., New York. 3

OFFICE MAN and correspondent (28) wants opportunity to prove worth; very conscientious and energetic. RALPH C. CARRICK, 618 Eastern Parkway, Brooklyn, N. Y. 3

OFFICE MANAGER or bookkeeper (31), accountant of unusual ability; 14 years' manufacturing experience; systematizer, credit man, hard worker, resourceful; clean-cut appearance, successful record; highest references. T. HABICH, 8 West 61th st., New York. 3

OFFICE MANAGER or assistant (40) wishes position with new business or concern opening office in New York city; first class correspondent; capable, pushing executive; thoroughly experienced in the selling end. R. B. NICHOLS, 18 E. 126th st., New York city. 3

POSITION WANTED in office of insurance company; experienced man; fair knowledge underwriting; New York or vicinity preferred. THOMAS FISH, 50 So. 20th st., East Orange, N. J. 4

SALESMAN, experienced, wishes to represent reliable concern on comission basis; glassware or paints preferred; references and bond. JOSEPH E. BUEHLER, 2060 Lexington av., New York. 26

SALESMAN (30), 5 years in New York state clothing and furnishing trade. DOUGLAS HOWELL, 220 E. Washington st., Syracuse, N. Y. 27

SALESMAN, formerly connected with a large New York house, wishes position; has had much experience, but wants to travel more. GERALD E. MINOR, 527 W. 151st st., New York city. 4

SHIPPING CLERK, 5 years' experience in the furniture line; at present employed; desires position in the same line. JOE DAVIS, care Cunow, 28 West 113th st., New York. 2

STENOGRAPHER, typewriter, young man, wishes employment after 4 o'clock daily, evenings, any capacity; references. MICHAEL MARINE, 1133 Broadway, New York. 2

STENOGRAPHER, with ability; four years' experience in last position; age 22. GEORGE POWERS, 514 West 146th st., New York city. 26

STEWARD—Experienced colored man wants position as steward or cook, country club or road house preferred; salary $75 per month. SANDY BROWNE, 1532 So. Bancroft, Philadelphia, Pa. 2

YOUNG MAN (22), automobile experience, desires clerical position in traffic department, or as garage superintendent; almost 4 years in last place. GARFIELD A. Lannamann, 5 West 102d st., New York. 27

YOUNG MAN (23) wishes position as structural, mechanical or architectural draftsman or tracer. Write CLAY MOODY, Sharon, Pa., Box 213. 27

YOUNG MAN (21), ambitious, intelligent German of good habits, capable, willing, writes and speaks German and English fluently, seeks position of any kind in a store, restaurant, hotel, etc.; not afraid of early or late hours. BERTHOLD WEINSTEIN, 19 Bethune st., New York. 2

YOUNG MAN (28), married; 7 years' telephone work; handy with tools; willing to work at anything; steady worker. G. WINTERFIELD, 469 W. 163d st., Manhattan, New York city. 27

YOUNG MAN, college-bred, having executive office ability, desires position as companion; can furnish best of refs. WATSON EMISON, 1264 Sterling pl., Brooklyn, N. Y.

YOUNG MAN (26), bookkeeper, good penman, correspondent in German, French and Dutch languages, wishes position; willing to go anywhere. K. DE BOOIS, general delivery, New York. 26

YOUNG MAN wants situation with private family; three years' experience. CHARLES MUNDOFF, 2005 Arch st., Philadelphia. 26

YOUNG MAN, mechanically inclined, desires steady position, any line. FRED HYDE, 1670 Garfield st., New York. 26

YOUNG MAN (33) desires position; manager, superintendent or foreman; years of experience; unquestionable references. JOSEPH MAYHOOD, 159½ Hall st., Brooklyn, N. Y. 26

YOUNG MAN (22), single, clean-cut, intelligent, wants outside position in Wyoming, Arizona, Montana or any western state at anything; fast, accurate figurer, good penman; chauffeur, careful driver, mechanic. FRANK KRANER, 547 West ... st., New York. 26

YOUNG MAN (19), intelligent, willing worker, desires position with opportunity for advancement; has worked in clothing store. BARNEY LEVY, 201 W. 121st st., New York. 27

YOUNG MAN (19) desires position on country farm; best references; high school education. GILBERT R. SMITH, 3393 Independence st., New York. 27

YOUNG MAN (23), college graduate, desires position with reliable musical concern in New York; conscientious, willing, references. GEORGE M. OAKS, 529 W. 111th st., New York. 4

YOUNG MARRIED MAN would like employment as elevator runner; 3½ years' experience; best of references. JAMES J. LAUGHLIN, 333 West 15th st., New York 26

SITUATIONS WANTED—FEMALE

AMERICAN WOMAN, middle-aged, desires situation as attendant or as housekeeper for couple; can furnish best references. MRS. A. SMITH, 358 Fourth st., Brooklyn, N. Y. 3

ATTENDANT for lady. Refined woman; part or all day; city reference; nonresident position desired; apply by letter only. MISS E. B. TRAVIS, 155 West 120th st., New York. 2

EASTERN STATES

SITUATIONS WANTED—FEMALE

ATTENDANT—Trained American young woman would like position to care for infant; able to take full charge; references. MISS EVA MAY WASHBURN, 368 West 29th st., New York. 2

ATTENDANT, companion—Seven years' experience, desires position with lady; references exchanged. MISS EDNA CLAY, Main st., Emlenton, Pa. 26

ATTENDANT-COMPANION, experienced, wants position; vicinity of New York preferable; best references. MRS. FRANCES DOWNING, 707 Ocean av., Jersey City, N. J. 27

BOOKKEEPER offers his services evenings to concerns desiring an experienced accountant; practical systems installed; financial statements rendered. CHARLES L. INCE, 162 Linden ave., Brooklyn, N.Y. 4

CASHIER, assistant bookkeeper, saleslady or general office clerks; position wanted up town (Washington Heights) by reliable woman; experienced; references. MISS M. WILSON HARRIS, 25 Arden st., Inwood, N. Y. 3

CLERICAL or office position desired by refined young lady; high school graduate; school experience; best references. MISS D. C. BARNARD, 953 Park place, Brooklyn, New York. 2

COLORED WOMAN wants laundry work by the day, or half time place. ROSE GARLINGTON, 131 Lenox av., New York city. 26

COMPANION, attendant, wants situation. MRS. SADIE WRIGHT, Sparkill, N. Y. 26

COMPANION, attendant or housekeeper —Position wanted by bright middle-aged lady; please write full particulars. MISS LOVEDAY, 417 Freedom ave., Richmond Hill, L. I., N. Y. Phone 2470-J, Richmond Hill. 4

COOKING or general housework by the week—Colored woman wants situation, to go home nights; can give good personal reference. DELIA POTTER, 46 W. 99th st., New York city. 3

DAY WORK wanted by colored woman. MRS. VERA RAWLES, 53 East 133d st., New York. 3

DAY WORK wanted by colored woman. LIZZIE ARRINGTON, 102 W. 139th st., New York city. 3

DEMONSTRATOR and saleswoman seeks position on the road. MRS. M. D. STUCKE, 443 Grand av., Brooklyn, N. Y. 3

DRESSMAKER seeks employment by day or week; competent; cutting, fitting, draping, remodeling; references. ANNA KAUFMAN, 122 East 128th st., New York. 26

DRESSMAKER wants day's work; alterations, remodeling, gowns. LAURA HOUSE, 145 Wadsworth av., West 181st st., New York. 3

DRESSMAKER, experienced, wants work by the day, city or country. MISS CHRISTINA MONSEN, 156 East 6th st., New York. 2

EXECUTIVE POSITION wanted by woman, unusual ability to sell; understands corsets; also competent to manage apartment house during exposition; New York reference. F. S. ATKINSON, 550 Riverside drive, New York. 2

FILE CLERK, typist and office assistant, 10 years' experience; salary $10. MISS ALLISON MARSHMAN, 286 St. Nich. ave., New York. 2

FIRST-CLASS hotel cashier wants position; Chicago and New York experience; understand ledger and card systems; willing to go anywhere. MISS C. V. SAVAGE, 228 West 21st st., New York city. 26

GENERAL HOUSEWORK in small family wanted by colored girl. MRS. G. FRANKLIN, 1331 Madison av., New York. 4

GENERAL HOUSEWORK wanted by Swedish girl; first-class references. AGDA JONSSON, 179 West 76th st., New York. 4

GENERAL HOUSEWORK and cooking—Middle-aged colored woman with grown daughter wants work in small family, adults, or as caretaker. L. BREWSTER, 42 W. Third st., Mt. Vernon, N. Y. 27

GOVERNESS (English) very experienced, would take entire charge of one or two children; Philadelphia or vicinity preferred; excellent references. MISS WEBSTER, Gen. Del., Montclair, N. J. 27

GOVERNESS—Young woman desires position with young child; references. MISS MARIE RUBSAMEN, 43 Barry pl., Passaic, N. J. 2

HOTEL HOUSEKEEPER, cultured, experienced, is open for engagement; West preferred; references. MRS. MARGA NICCA, the Glen Springs, Watkins, New York. 2

HOUSEKEEPER or caretaker—Middle-aged woman wants position; prefers good place to high wages; no objection to country. MRS. BRIDGET NEYERS, 44 Milford st., Yonkers, N. Y. 26

HOUSEKEEPER — Competent, middle-aged German woman wants position with small family; New York or New Jersey; is good sewer. MISS MINNA REHDER, 416 Rose Hill pl., So. Elizabeth, N. Y. 4

INFANT'S ATTENDANT—Experienced woman desires position; can sew, help with chamberwork; highest references. MARGARET McENROE, care Miss Gallagher, 863 6th av., New York. 27

LADY desires position as managing housekeeper, secretary-companion; experienced, practical; capable of taking full responsible charge; experienced with children; best references. MISS JEAN BARTLETT, 509 W. 122d st., New York. 3

LADY'S MAID, plain cook or housework; best New York city references furnished. MAMIE E. VANCE, 176 E. 77th st., New York. 4

LAUNDRESS—First-class woman, at once, for one day every two weeks. E. W. LE CLEAR, 625 W. 185th st., New York. 2

MOTHER'S ASSISTANT, good sewer, desires position; country preferred; references. MISS S. A. MILES, 21 Brevoort pl., Brooklyn, N. Y. 27

LIGHT HOUSEWORK wanted in small family. MRS. S. REISE, 78 Washington st., Tarrytown, N. Y. 26

NURSERY GOVERNESS—Lady (Scotch) would like position in New York or vicinity; well educated, musical and fond of children. MISS C. B. DICK, 330 W. 20th st., New York. 27

NURSERYMAID and mother's helper—Young woman wants position. MAUDE E. HEMINGWAY, 56 Stockton pl., East Orange, N. J. 27

NURSERYMAID—Girl (17) wants situation to care for one or two children; no housework. MISS ANNA PFANNMILLER, 193 Wyckoff av., Brooklyn, N. Y. 3

REFINED COLORED GIRL desires position with small family; understands sewing. MISS CLARISSA SIMMONS, care Johnson, 452 Lenox av., New York. 26

SEAMSTRESS or mender—Position wanted in family by middle-aged woman; willing to assist in light household duties; no care of children. E. C. KNIGHT, 442 E. 170th st., New York. 3

SECRETARY, social or business; quick, accurate stenographer and typist; excellent penman; highly recommended; would like immediate position. CAROLINE WAGNER, 141 E. 114th st., New York city. 27

STENOGRAPHER, typist, two years' experience, neat, accurate, good grammarian and speller; salary $10. MISS EDNA RIDNER, 412 Fifteenth st., Brooklyn, N. Y. 3

STENOGRAPHER desires permanent position; experience, 7 years clerical, 2 years stenographical; conscientious; good references. IRENE RUELINS, 692 Rhinelander av., Westchester, N. Y. 3

STENOGRAPHER and bookkeeper (27), high school education, energetic and capable, desires position offering opportunity for advancement. MISS H. M. EYBEL, 574 West 176th st., New York. 26

STENOGRAPHER wishes position in New York city; 1 year's experience; excellent reference. Write to MISS ELSIE CORBY, 173 Euclid av., Hackensack, N. J. 2

STENOGRAPHER, beginner, 2 years' high school, graduate of business college; touch system; accurate transcriber; moderate salary to start. JEANETTE E. CASTELLANO, 180½ Chauncey st., Brooklyn, N. Y. 27

STENOGRAPHER SECRETARY desires position where reliability and good character are appreciated; 10 years' experience; 7 years in oriental countries. LETHA R. MORGAN, 12 W. 98th st., New York city. Phone Riverside 7890 4

EASTERN STATES

SITUATIONS WANTED—FEMALE

STENOGRAPHER (18) wants steady position; 18 months' experience; $12; capable of transcribing notes accurately; references. ADA RABONE, 150 Guernsey st., Brooklyn, N. Y. 2

STENOGRAPHER, many years' experience, desires position with reliable firm who would appreciate an efficient, reliable and conscientious worker; excellent references. MISS ADA BROZEN, 144 W. 111th st., New York. Tel. 9008 Morningside. 4

SWITCHBOARD OPERATOR, young lady (20), desires position in New York city; beginner; references. ETHEL A. PROBYN, 359 West 54th st., New York. 2

TELEPHONE OPERATOR or clerk—Young lady wants position. LORETTA B. REICHHARD, care Vieira, 41-43 Old Broadway, New York. 4

VISITING GOVERNESS—French teacher, graduate, highest references, wishes position; private or school; reply by letter only. MME. ROUX RAVIOL, 515 W. 134th st., New York. 2

WANTED—Position to demonstrate or cashier; some experience in both lines. MISS CLARA TOMLIN, 104 W. 40th st., New York. 2

WOMAN wants day's work washing, ironing, with small families Tuesdays and Wednesday; steady; good laundress. MRS. MARY B. CARTER, 22-24 W. 137th st., New York city. 26

YOUNG ENGLISHWOMAN wants position as nurserymaid to one or two children. MISS G. ROBERTS, 117 Kenilworth pl., Brooklyn, N. Y. 3

CENTRAL STATES

HELP WANTED—MALE

ALL-AROUND COUNTRY PRINTER wanted for well-equipped office in northern Michigan; work anything necessary around a country office; situation permanent; preference given married man. Address, stating wages and experience, PROGRESS, Elk Rapids, Mich. 2

SHIPPING CLERK and packers for wholesale clothing house; must be experienced in this line. SCHOENBERG BROS., 529 S. Franklin st., Chicago. 4

WANTED—Salesman on salary basis with railway supply and roofing experience preferred, for New York office of western factory; must be clean-cut, forcible and a producer. THE LEHON CO., W. 45th st. near Western av., Chicago. 26

WANTED—Trustworthy solicitors to take charge of agencies in Joliet, Peoria, Rockford and Danville, Ill.; Milwaukee, Madison and Racine, Wis.; Battle Creek and Kalamazoo, Mich.; Ft. Wayne and South Bend, Ind.; salary and commission; permanent positions. CLARENCE E. PANG, Room 10, 701 Davis st., Evanston, Ill. 27

WANTED—Single man to work on farm; must have good habits and have had some experience in farm work. FREDUS JOHNSON, Brooklyn, Wis., R. F. D. 3. 4

SITUATIONS WANTED—MALE

AMBITIOUS YOUNG MAN, willing, good penman, speaks, writes 5 languages, desires position in store for foreign department or office immediately. S. ROSENBAUM, 2342 E. 63d st., Cleveland, O. 27

ARTISTIC PAINTER, kalsominer, decorating, graining, varnishing; Norwegian, 45, married, desires work in Chicago; 10 years with one firm. MARTIN SOHOL, 2338 W. Wolfram st., Chicago, Ill. 4

ATTENDANT (26), experienced, wants position; would travel as companion. HARRY B. HAMILTON, 400 Forest av., Buffalo, N. Y. 28

BOOKKEEPER, cashier, creditman or any office position; familiar with modern system. J. W. RHU, Springfield Pike, sta. R., Cincinnati, O. 27

BOY (15) wants situation for general office work; can run switchboard. NICHOLAS J. MILLER, 2053 Fullerton av., Chicago; phone Lincoln 2356. 3

BUSINESS MAN, 28 years' experience with one firm in the manufacture of roofing tile (superintendent 10); position in clay line preferred; best references; will go anywhere. PETER PFEIFER, 497 W. Exchange st., Akron, O. 2

BUYER OF FURNITURE, upholstery goods and allied lines would make a change; conversant with decorations, furnishings and merchandising; correspondence solicited. RAY D. MINTURN, 712 W. 6th st., Cincinnati, O. 26

CARPENTER-JOBBER wants work remodeling, etc. J. R. ANDERSON, 330 S. Hoyne av., Chicago. 27

CHAUFFEUR, married, own repairs, careful man, strictly temperate and obliging; will go anywhere; good mechanical reference. OTTO O. YAAP, 630 42d st., Rock Island, Ill. 3

CHAUFFEUR, single man of three years' experience in automobiles; can do own repairs; temperate and reliable; age 24; German. CHARLES HOY, 301 N. Race st., Urbana, Ill. 4

CHAUFFEUR, steady, reliable, married man; A1 references. EDWIN J. BRENNAN, 7219 Perry ave., Chicago, Ill. Phone Normal 3935. 4

CHEF, experienced colored man; thoroughly competent; best of references. LEROY FUGUA, 5489 Ridgewood court., Chicago, Ill. 2

CHEF (colored) desires position; can take charge; good on pastry; will go anywhere; 20 years' experience. U. O MOFFETT, 15 Hogue st., Youngstown, O. 26

CIVIL ENGINEER desires any kind of position requiring technical knowledge or practical business experience; Kansas City or vicinity preferred. F. C. BADER, 751 Bittersweet pl., Chicago. 3

COLLECTOR and office assistant; references, and can give bond. EDW. DIETERLE, 3333 Oxford ave., Maplewood, St. Louis, Mo. 4

COLLEGE AND LAW GRADUATE, experienced as manager, credit manager and private secretary, conscientious, ambitious, desires change; preferably to advertising field or any executive position leading to permanency; no objection to leaving city. HUGH A. HOWISON, 4339 Oakenwald av., Chicago; tel. Drexel 1695. 26

COMMERCIAL CATALOGER and systematizer of filing departments; 8 years' experience; now employed by large university; will go East or West. E. McKINNEY, 211 W. Gillman st., Madison, Wis. 26

COMPETENT D. E. BOOKKEEPER and stenographer—Ten years' experience; prompt, accurate, dependable; salary moderate. Address M. STAENDERS, 1468 Cullom av., Chicago. 27

EXPERIENCED SPECIAL ORDER CUTTER desires position with a Chicago country order house. Address O. WILSON, 1240 George st., Chicago. 26

EXPERIENCED SPECIAL ORDER CUTTER desires situation with good house. RUDOLPH KRAL, 1641 So. Homan av., Chicago. 3

FARMER—Married man wants work on farm by the month; also two sons; all experienced and reliable; will go anywhere. G. S. ROUTT, Paxton and Ferdinand sts., Hyde Park, O. 3

GENERAL WORK, inside or outside, wanted by man (40), temperate and reliable, mornings, in Chicago; North Side preferred. Address AXEL W. LEAF, 737 Briar pl., Chicago. 27

GERMAN-AMERICAN (45), married, wants work of any kind; all-round, handy in factories; blacksmith helper by trade; want living wages. JOHN BECKER, 1018 Straight st., Camp Washington, Cincinnati, O. 27

GENERAL WORK wanted by colored couple; will go anywhere. C. CRENSHAW, 2829 Lawton av., St. Louis, Mo. 4

JEWELER-WATCHMAKER, all-round man, wishes positon, preferably in southern states; best references as to character and workmanship. G. R. HUNT, 339 Gilbert av., Terre Haute, Ind. 27

MACHINE and auto repairing or charge of men; situation wanted. EDW. DIETERLE, 3333 Oxford av., Maplewood, St. Louis, Mo. 3

OFFICE MAN, 15 years 'experience as assountant, auditor, office manager and credit man, desires position, steady or temporary; best references. R. A. HAMILTON, 1022 Winona av., Chicago. Tel. Sunnyside 8686. 26

CENTRAL STATES

SITUATIONS WANTED—MALE

OFFICE WORK wanted by young man (24); can operate typewriter and billing machine; 7 years' bank experience. ED SUSSDORF, 1320 Race, Cincinnati, O. 3

POSITION wanted near Boston by middle-aged man; expert in pumps, hydraulics, refrigeration, compressors, gas engines selling, and practical; now employed. NORMAN G. POECOKE, 2256 Francis Lane, Cincinnati, O. 28

POULTRYMAN, practical and of years' experience in laying out plants and taking charge of poultry farm, is seeking a position; correspondence invited. CHARLES WALKER, 110 Irving av., Chicago. 26

PRINTER, job and ad man, wants permanent situation; 15 years' experience; married; country town preferred. MAURICE MacDONALD, Box 74, Longton, Kans. 26

SALES CORRESPONDENT—Experienced young man, well educated, splendid ability and sound business judgment, desires position; best references. E. B. WALDRON, 4247 Prairie av., Chicago. 3

SALESMAN wants to represent reliable eastern or western institution in Chicago and surrounding territory. Address EDWARD GUSTAFSON, 2254 Leland av., Chicago. 3

SALESMAN of 10 years' experience, now handling specialty line on road, desires city sales position where he can locate permanently, anywhere. Address W. R. BROWN, Evanston, Ill. 2

SALESMAN—Experienced young man wants position; Chicago and surrounding cities; speaks English and German fluently. KURT NEUKRANZ, 1547 Sherwin av., Birchwood, Chicago. 3

SALESMAN—Active, middle-aged man, good at drumming up city trade, wants connection. GEORGE A. MILLER, 1252 Elm st., rm. 12, Cincinnati. 3

SALES MANAGER or salesman wants position; wide acquaintance among automobile and engine manufacturers, also mine purchasing agents and managers. ARCHUR S. DOANE, 1825 Main st., Quincy, Ill. 2

SPANISH SPEAKING AMERICAN wants selling position; willing to go anywhere; 2 years in Cuba and now employed. G. W. GARRET, 334 Federal bldg., Detroit, Mich. 2

STOREKEEPER for factory or plantation, in South or Latin America; American (44); single; fluent Spanish; familiar with gas, steam and electrical supplies. HARRY E. HUMPHREYS, 131 Muskingum av., Zanesville, O. 27

TRAFFIC MANAGER, 10 years' experience with perishable goods concerns, desires position with progressive establishment; can install department if desired. Address M. L. HURD, 1304 12th st., Des Moines, Ia. 30

WANTED—Employment as elevator man or night watchman; best reference. C. B. LITTLE, 81 Madison st., Room 604, Chicago. 3

WANTED—Position as advertising man for catalogue or illustrating; have had experience in same line for 20 years; Ill. preferred; good references. A. T. SCHMIDT, 4501 Bernard st., Chicago. 4

WANTED—Positon at any kind of work by salesman wishing to make a change. T. W. ROBERTS, 1623 N. Monticello av., Chicago. 27

WANTED—Position as accountant, general office or salesman; efficient and profitable services; location immaterial; unlimited experience in all commercial departments. K. B. FOGG, 170 West North av., Chicago. 27

WANTED by a first-class coppersmith and steamfitter, a good position in round house or back shop, on any good railroad in central or western states. ERNEST C. SIMPSON, 218 4th av., So., Oelwein, Ia. 27

WANTED—Position to work on farm by young German; single, good habits, industrious. KURT BAHR, 4524 Cottage Grove av., Chicago. 3

YOUNG ENGINEERING STUDENT seeks employment for about two hours after 5 o'clock on school days, and whole day Saturdays. WALTER F. THIELE, 3325 Armour av., Chicago. 3

YOUNG MAN (18) wants position with opportunity to show ability and gain advancement; best of references as to honesty and willingness. S. WEAREN, 530 N. Troy st., Chicago.; Garfield 6455. 26

YOUNG MAN, well educated, good address, desires position; specialty salesman or advertising preferred; references; unmarried. BENJAMIN SHOFSTALL, 4743 Kenmore ave., Chicago, Ill. 2

YOUNG MAN (29), ambitious, desires position where work and ability will merit advancement; mechanically inclined; best references. WM. ROBINSON, 2038 Park av., Chicago. 4

YOUNG MAN of 18, mechanically inclined, with good education and best of references; not afraid of hard work. LOUIS W. SCHULTZE, 6335 Wayne av., Chicago. 27

YOUNG MAN, considerable mechanical experience, 2 years charge of sales department, desires change where there is greater opportunity for advancement. C. B. WOODWARD, The Belvedere, Toledo, O. 27

YOUNG MAN (married) wishes position as automobile repairer or truck driver. J. C. RIGGS, 2443 Penn st., Kansas City, Mo. 3

YOUNG MAN with some experience in automobiles and supplies desires position with reliable concern in Chicago; can make good. EDWARD MILLAR, 923 East 40th st., Chicago. 3

SITUATIONS WANTED—FEMALE

ATTENDANT-COMPANION, English, 32, wants position; will travel. E. L. SMITH, 4020 Drexel blvd., Chicago. 26

BOOKKEEPER and stenographer, one year's experience, desires position; ambitious and reliable; A-1 references. MARY EMINGER, 2720 S. Trumbull ave., Chicago, Ill. 2

CENTRAL STATES

SITUATIONS WANTED—FEMALE

BOOKKEEPER (d. e.), and stenographer, 10 years' experience; prompt, accurate, dependable; salary moderate. MISS M. STAENDERS, 1468 Cullom av., Chicago. 2

BOOKKEEPER, experienced, competent, capable of taking charge, wants first-class position; references. CLARA E. WARD, 2315 N. Kedzie blvd., Chicago. 2

BOOKKEEPER (d. e.), competent, trial balance, etc.; best references. H. CARPENTER, 338 N. Mason av., Chicago; tel. Austin 23603. 3

COMPANION—Lady, traveled extensively at home and abroad, desires position as companion, traveling or otherwise; accustomed to care of children; moderate compensation. SARA HAYWOOD, 4541 Lake Park av., Chicago. 3

COMPANION OR ATTENDANT—Lady of refinement wishes position; no objection to travel; can sew well. MRS. J. M. WILLIAMS, 7029 Prairie ave., Chicago. 4

DRESSMAKER, days work, 8 to 5 o'clock; $2 per day; phone Kenwood 2802. MARY GLASCO HYTE, first flat, 4042 Indiana ave., Chicago, Ill. 2

DRESSMAKER, high class, would like work by the day; young and competent. MISS LAURA MILLER, 530 Bowen av., Chicago; phone Oakland 5428. 3

EXPERIENCED STENOGRAPHER desires position; capable of assuming responsibilities. MISS LOUISE SHANNON, 5802 W. Ohio st., Chicago. Phone Austin 118. 26

HOUSEKEEPER—Young refined woman with boy 11 and girl 7 desires position in family or hotel where children may be with her. MRS. M. F. DUNN, 304 15th st., Apt. 32, Milwaukee, Wis. 27

HOUSEKEEPER or infant's attendant. MRS. DAVIS-FISHER, 322 Seeley av., Chicago; tel. Seeley 267. 3

LADY would like care of children, day or evenings; will also do mending or altering. MRS. PESIE, 4240 Indiana av., Chicago. Phone 2656. 27

LAUNDRY and cleaning wanted, $1.50 a day. V. LEONARD, 748 W. 7th st., Cincinnati, O. 2

LAUNDRY WORK wanted in private families. MRS. HILDA RUNDGREN, 1024 Townsend st., Chicago. 2

POSITION wanted by efficient and reliable stenographer as office assistant; capable bookkeeper and can take entire charge; $20 to $25. ANNA LEANDER, 6423 W. Lake st., Oak Park, Ill. 2

POSITION wanted by refined young woman; competent and experienced; best of references. Kindly address MISS ALMA SCHAM, 3908 Janssen av., Chicago. 26

SEAMSTRESS wishes work by the day; plain sewing, alterations; $1.50 day and carfare. MRS. J. E. CARLSON, 1011 N. Franklin st., Chicago. 27

SITUATION WANTED by first-class dressmaker; cutting, fitting and designing; 12 years' experience; can give good references; colored. IDA BROWN, 3813 Rhodes av., Chicago; Doug. 8561. 26

STENOGRAPHER or general office work; willing worker; experienced; reasonable salary. A. MARIE M. CARAHER 805 E. 13th st. Kansas City, Mo. 2

STENOGRAPHER (19) wishes position; just finished business course; 3 years high school. GRETA M. SPERRY, 739 W. 55th st., Chicago. 27

STENOGRAPHER — Engineering, construction and insurance experience; able office assistant; A1 references. MISS CHARLOTTE A. ERWOOD, 1419 Arthur av., 3d apt., Chicago. 27

STENOGRAPHER, experienced, desires work half days. MISS MARION QUINE, 1717 East 90th st., Cleveland, O.; tel. Doan 2842-M (evenings). 27

STENOGRAPHER-PRIVATE SECRETARY, good business sense and judgment, desires position of trust and responsibility; 9 years' experience; $18 to start. GERTRUDE MICON, 1305 St. Louis av., Chicago. 2

STENOGRAPHER OR PRIVATE SECRETARY, experienced, well educated and competent, desires position. MISS GERTRUDE HUTCHINGS, 16 Hague av., Detroit, Mich. Tel. North 3826-J. 27

TRAVELING COMPANION, a young woman desires position; has had experience at home and abroad; references exchanged. MRS. A. H. SMITH, 122 Hunter ave., Kansas City, Mo. 2

TRIMMER wants position with a reliable milliner; middle-aged woman with a number of years' experience; not particular as to location. MRS. M. M. RIDDLER, 6434 Ellis av., Chicago. 27

YOUNG LADY desires position in office; experienced; best of references. CARRYE ZSCHAY, 1310 Cornelia av., Chicago. 3

SOUTHERN STATES

HELP WANTED—FEMALE

WANTED—Girl to assist young married woman with household duties; good home for girl who does not mind a moderate amount of work; send references with application and state pay desired. J. M. CALDWELL, JR., Squaw Shoals, Ala. 2

SITUATIONS WANTED—MALE

COMPETENT YOUNG MAN with knowledge of shorthand and typewriting would like position as office assistant with reliable firm in Washington. L. D. WING, 1326 Euclid st., Washington, D. C. 26

COPPER SMELTING BLAST FURNACE FOREMAN OR BLACKSMITH—Practical man; would go anywhere, South America preferred; speaks Spanish. WILLIAM FENTON, 421 E. 10th st., Wilmington, Del. 2

EXPERT BOOKKEEPER and general office man desires connection with strong corporation. S. A. LAMB, 38 West Beaver st., Jacksonville, Fla. 2

A Class of Workers

Reading a Paper of a Type Such as the Monitor Represents

Should appeal to the employer as possible employees of the right caliber. Those seeking help may get in direct touch with workers of this sort and at no expense whatever.

At the top of Page 2 of this paper will be found a coupon which if filled in and mailed to the Monitor with an advertisement will entitle the sender to a week's insertion of that advertisement free of charge.

These want ads have been the means of securing employees of the right sort and of finding good jobs for those seeking work. When in need of help will you not make use of this free service?

SOUTHERN STATES

SITUATIONS WANTED—MALE

JANITOR, married man, no children, desires work in church. M. V. CHAMBERLAIN, 2122 H. st. N. W., Washington, D. C. 2

LAWYER wants position at $35 weekly, locating for investors, etc.; undivided attention. HOWARD S. HADSON, 705 W. Fayette st., Baltimore, Md. 27

LOCOMOTIVE ENGINEER with 12 years experience, main line, construction and log roads, best reference. B. BRITHEL, 410 N. 23d st., Birmingham, Ala. 2

SHOW-CARD WRITER—Situation wanted by a man desiring more experience at window trimming; sample sent if wanted; Ohio preferred. Reply by letter only. THEODORE WRIGHT, Box 158, Catlettsburg, Ky. 26

SUMMER SCHOOL wanted by middle-aged man (single); good village school; 10 years' experience; first grade state license. F. W. OBORN, 317 West Harris st., Savannah, Ga. 3

WANTED—Position as vocal instructor in college or young ladies' seminary, by pupil of Handegger of London, England. WILLIAM RICHARDS, Colonial Hotel, Knoxvile, Tenn. 3

WOOLEN SALESMAN, experienced, desires position; acquainted with southern and western tailoring trade. H. S. FOCKE, 3621 Fairview ave., Forest Park, Baltimore, Md. 2

YOUNG MAN, American, temperate and good habits, wants positon as bookkeeper, sales or shipping clerk with wholesale or retail house or manufacturing plant; references furnished. ROBERT H. JONES, South Richmond, Va. 4

SITUATIONS WANTED—FEMALE

COMPANION, child's attendant or switchboard operator; young lady wants situation; good references. MISS BESSIE O. LIBBY, 1625 15th st., N. W., Washington, D. C. 2

COMPANION or secretary—Young woman desires position, city or country; willing to travel. MISS SUSANNE MACMULLEN, 1004 Shallcross av., Wilmington, Del. 27

PACIFIC COAST

HELP WANTED—MALE

GLASSMAKER wanted, first class, for Southern California, to manage plant; must have references, furnish bond; state salary expected. BEN WEINGART, 403 E. Fifth st., Los Angeles, Cal. 4

MAN wanted to work in garage; apply evenings. JACOB H. HARMS & CO., 1374 20th ave., San Francisco, Cal. 2

SITUATIONS WANTED—MALE

BAKESHOP or other work wanted at once. FRANK MILLER, 719½ Crocker st., Los Angeles, Cal. 2

BOOKKEEPER or salesman, 7 years' experience, familiar with Mexican mining and land laws, Spanish, German and English languages; best credentials. C. E. MINCK, 519 Higgins bldg., Los Angeles, Cal. 2

CIVIL ENGINEER, 33, 8 years' experience chiefly on irrigation in West; has and will handle large irrigation work from investigation stage to turning water on the ground; best references; go anywhere, West or South. H. T. PEASE, Deer Park, Wash. 2

EDITOR, associate or managing; experienced in small town newspaper work; free to go anywhere; prefer Pacific coast territory; salary $30-$35. O. W. DAVIS, 422 Commercial st., Astoria, Ore. 27

ENGINEER (49), married, with electrical wiring and station work experience, steady and conscientious. WM. J. MACFARLANE, 3883 Howe st., Oakland, Cal. 26

MIDDLE-AGED, energetic, experienced hotel clerk, absolutely temperate, now employed, desires position anywhere; references. L. E. JET, 1522 E. 23d st., Los Angeles, Cal. 2

OFFICE MAN, cost accountant and stenographer, desires position. H. O. PERBINE, 2557 Pico st., Los Angeles, Cal. 2

SALESMAN wants position; specialty or regular line in southern California; 9 years in Los Angeles, 12 years' selling experience. ALBERT LORD, 619 Pyrites st., Los Angeles, Cal. 27

WANTED—Position by young married man, experienced in collection and adjustment, sales and purchasing departments; preferably southern California; references. C. H. WHITE, 7028 17th av., N. E., Seattle, Wash. 26

WANTED—Position as chauffeur; good general knowledge of machine work; willing to keep machine in first-class condition; best of references; married. Address P. E. Cornwell, 1516 E. 49th st., Los Angeles, Cal., or phone So. 3273. 26

WANTED—Lawn and garden work of all kinds, also fence (wood and wire); good pick and shovel man; will do any general work. Address GEO. DIVELY, 4953 Monte Vista av., Los Angeles, Cal. 3

WORKINGMAN, age 35, temperate and good habits, wants work of any kind, odd jobs or regular; steady, reliable, willing and handy with tools. J. W. HOUSE, 727 W 6th st., Los Angeles, Cal.; Home phone F-4052. 2

YOUNG MAN, good ad writer and correspondent, several years' experience selling office specialties, seeks position. L. A. IRELAND, 644 Ninth av., San Francisco. 26

YOUNG MAN desires position to learn carpenter trade; active and willing worker; quick to learn; prefer in or around Sacramento. EDWARD R. MACIVER, 424 24th av., San Francisco, Cal. 2

YOUNG MAN, English, temperate, desires position as valet or butler; experienced; will travel. WILLIAM J. T. WHITEMAN, 636½ South Grand ave., Los Angeles, Cal. 2

SITUATIONS WANTED—FEMALE

ATTENDANT—Experienced, middle-aged woman wishes situation; references. MISS L. E. VALENTINE, 229 13th st., Portland, Ore.; tel. Mar. 698. 2

ATTENDANT-COMPANION (43), 6 years experience. F. B. LEE, 1356 Geary st., San Francisco, Cal. 27

BOOKKEEPER and stenographer, 8 years' experience, desires position. EMILY L. BROWN, 1565 Washington st., San Francisco, Cal. 27

CLERICAL or office assistant wants situation. EMMA LUNDSTROM, 310 Almira aprts., Portland, Ore. 26

COMPETENT, experienced dressmaker wants sewing by day; references if necessary; $3 per day; phone East 4938. MRS. IDA MANHIRE, 562 East Ash st., Portland, Ore. 2

COOK OR SECOND for institution or small hotel. EDWIN HEUSTIS, 337 W. 7th st., Cincinnati, O. 4

COOKING OR HOUSEWORK, chamberwork in apartment house, clean, capable, trustworthy woman; excellent references; home nights; private home or institutional work. CAROLINE JESIORSKY, 337 No. Alma st., Boyle Heights, Los Angeles, Cal. 4

LADY, middle-aged, desires situation to care for furnished rooms; city or country; will look after linen. MRS. ISADORA SWEET, 332 W. 68th st., Los Angeles, Cal. 2

NURSERY GOVERNESS (first lessons), or managing housekeeper; refined woman (38) wants situation. DELLA DOWNING-WATSON, 870 Palm av., Fresno, Cal. 27

SITUATION wanted by capable, honest man as California representative for eastern firm. HENRY LEVI, 1448 Rialto blvd., Venice, Cal. 4

STENOGRAPHER, 3½ years' experience, desires position in San Francisco or Oakland, Cal.; excellent references. MISS GRACE McCOLLOUGH, 8437 E. 14th st., Oakland, Cal. 2

STENOGRAPHER (young), 2½ years' experience, desires position in San Francisco; excellent references. MISS ELSIE A. ASCHMANN, 5416 California st., San Francisco. 2

WANTED by middle-aged woman position as mother's helper or as housekeeper. MARY E. GETCHELL, 829 Pacific ave., Glendale, Cal. 26

WOMAN of experience in newspaper, advertising and publicity writing, booklets, real estate, correspondence, etc., wishes employment. ANGELIA NEWTON, Hotel Barstow, San Diego, Cal. 26

PACIFIC COAST

SITUATIONS WANTED—FEMALE

YOUNG MAN, single, 6 years' sales experience, including mail order direction and correspondence; clean, open record with best of references. HENRY S. SIMONS, Apt. 10, 1400 Washington st., San Francisco, Cal. 4

YOUNG LADY, well educated, wants position as companion or governess; good seamstress; speaks German, French and English; years of experience. ELMA H. LICHTNER, 601 Temple st., Los Angeles, Cal. 2

WESTERN STATES

HELP WANTED—FEMALE

MOTHER'S HELPER or motherly woman wanted to care for children; good wages; permanent position. MRS. C. A. BOWERS, 1021 First ave. North, Fargo, N. D. 4

WANTED—Lady understanding making hair switches, wishing to go to Colorado. MRS. ANA BETHMAN, care Hotel Main, Pueblo, Col. 26

WANTED—Woman needing a home and small wages to do light housework and care for two small children during day. MRS. INEZ HIGBEE, 517 East Rodgers st., El Reno, Okla. 3

SITUATIONS WANTED—MALE

TRAIN DESPATCHER desires position in any good location in United States; 15 years' experience; records clear, good habits. J. H. SHOEMAKE, 1121 Larimer ave., Wichita, Kan. 2

YOUNG MAN (26) wants situation as traveler's companion; can drive coach team, do farm work, care for poultry and dairy; good education; write. JULIUS A. MOE, Washington Hotel, Fargo, N. D. 2

SITUATIONS WANTED—FEMALE

EXPERIENCED SALESLADY wanted to handle dry goods, notions and ready-to-wear; $30 per month to start; no one over 30 need apply; good position to right party; send references and full particulars with first letter. STEIN MERCANTILE COMPANY, Durango, Col. 2

SWITCHBOARD OPERATOR—Middle-aged lady would like private branch exchange in Spokane or Portland; several years' experience in telephone work. BEATRICE BIGGS, Vollmer, Ida. 4

WANTED—By young, ambitious, educated woman, clerical or apprentice (or typist) position on fruit ranch in West, affording opportunity for learning fruit horticulture. RAE WELLMAN, 268 No. State st., Salt Lake City, Utah. 3

CANADA

SITUATIONS WANTED—MALE

ACCOUNTANT desires employment, part or whole time; French, German, Italian, Spanish translations. THOMAS SMITH, 614 Hamilton st., Vancouver, B. C. 2

BRICKLAYER wants work. JAMES MURRAY, Granvile st., British Columbia. 2

SITUATIONS WANTED—FEMALE

DEMONSTRATORS—Two ladies of wide general experience, possessing necessary bearing, desire contract for Panama exposition; references from leading firms. A. C. HINDS, 204 1st st., West, Calgary, Alta., Can. 2

POULTRY AND DAIRY WOMEN (two), thoroughly experienced, desire positions together on reliable farm; understand all branches; milking machines; highest testimonials. MISS HANSON, 614 Church st., Toronto, Ont., Can. 3

GREAT BRITAIN

HELP WANTED—FEMALE

GENTLEWOMAN, daily or resident, to read mornings and take charge of boy (18 months) rest of day. MRS. STANLAKE JAMES, 29 St. Johns rd., Putney Hill, London, S. W., Eng. 2

GOOD IRONER wanted for public high-class laundry; piece work; to live out. Manageress, FLEET HAND LAUNDRY, Fleet, Hants, Eng. 3

WANTED, end of March, for small family, London, cook, general, £25; house parlormaid, £23. MRS. ARTHUR RICHMAN, Arborfield Grange, Reading, England. 3

WANTED—Young girl as cook-general; 3 in family, baby 7 months; flat; good situation; state wages and previous experience. MRS. ARTHUR PREEN, 29 Rutland Park Mansions, Willesden Green, London, N. W., England. 3

SITUATIONS WANTED—MALE

BLACKSMITH, fitter, 24, seeks employment; at present employed as gas works mechanician 5 years; married; willing worker. ARTHUR KANPMAN, 37 Shirburn rd., Upton, Torquay, S. Devon, Eng. 27

GENTLEMAN (public school boy) requires engagement as secretary-companion; experienced in all branches of sport; traveled extensively in India and Africa; excellent connection both socially and commercially; bachelor, 39. W. HOWARD COBB, 1 Southampton ter., So. Farnborough, Eng. 2

LINOTYPE OPERATOR (Soc.); news, jobbing; quick, clean; excellent references; mechanical knowledge; temperate. E. FOOT, 76 Pleasant rd., Southend, Essex, Eng. 3

MAN, active, middle-aged, requires position of trust as collector for individual or corporation in Manchester. GEORGE F. JEUNE, 21 Haydn av., Manchester, Eng. 2

YOUNG MAN seeks situation as overlooker in silk mill; weaving department preferred; good experience; 3-year contract. ALBERT JOHNSON, 55 Garfield ave., Manningham, Bradford, Yorks, England. 26

YOUNG MAN (22), just obtained university engineering degree, with distinction, desires some good practical experience; civil engineering preferred; opportunity for learning and advancement more important than salary; excellent testimonials. E. GARDNER, B. A., B. A. I., Trenton, Balls Bridge, Dublin, Ireland. 2

SITUATIONS WANTED—FEMALE

LADY requires engagement as companion; musical; needlewoman; in or near Bedford, England. MISS GOULD, "Bella Vista," Carbis Bay, Cornwall, England. 25

LADY GARDENER desires position in garden where there is glass; college training and two years' experience in post. MARJORIE DODGSHUN, 25 Shaw lane, Headingley, Leeds, Yorkshire, Eng. 3

SECRETARY—Lady desires responsible post in London; seven years' experience; good organizer and bookkeeper. MISS ST. CLAIR, 13 Newton road, Bayswater, London, England. 26

WANTED—Situation as useful help where servant is kept; understands household duties and cooking; small salary; Bournemouth or neighborhood preferred. MISS K. WILKINSON, 29 West End av., Harrogate, Eng. 2

YOUNG LADY (French), good English, traveller, packer, needlewoman, wants position as useful traveling companion. MISS SCHEITEL, 17 Crown ct., Pall Mall, London, Eng. 27

SWITZERLAND

SITUATIONS WANTED—MALE

YOUNG MAN (23) wants positiion in leather house; knows this branch well; speaks German and French; good correspondent, bookkeeper. ARNOLD SCHMIDT, care R. Law, 49 Rue de la Servette, Geneva, Switzerland. 2

SITUATIONS WANTED—FEMALE

LADIES' MAID or governess for young ladies—Educated French-Swiss, good seamstress, desires position; England or elsewhere. MARIE ROSCH, Corcelles, Neuchatel, Switzerland. 3

BUYERS' GUIDE TO SHOPS OF QUALITY

EASTERN

BOSTON

ACCOUNT BOOKS and all requisites demanded by the penman of the office or in the home may be found at BARRY, BEALE & CO., 108-110 Washington st., Boston. Phone Richmond 1492.

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BIBLES — Largest assortment; lowest prices; various versions, languages and bindings. Send for catalogue S. MASSACHUSETTS BIBLE SOCIETY, 41 Bromfield st., mail address 12 Bosworth st.

BRUSHES, Dusters and Brooms, Sponges and Chamois Skins. G. H. WORCESTER & CO., 35 Exchange st., off State st.

CARPET BEATING—Naphtha Cleansing, Vacuum Cleaning. ADAMS & SWETT CLEANING CO., 130 Kemble st., Roxbury.

CHILDREN'S NOVELTIES, Kindergarten Goods, Gift and Birthday Cards. MRS. J. C. WHITE, 19 Bromfield st.

CLEANERS AND DYERS — LEWANDOS 17 Temple Place Phone Oxford 555-556-557 284 Boylston st Phone Back Bay 3900-3901-3902 284 Huntington avenue Phone Back Bay 3881.

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244 Woodward Ave. Shop 402

PRINTING
WINDER PRINTING CO.
81-83 Park Place. Phone Main 4433.

REAL ESTATE—For very choice residence and also desirable vacant property see
F. W. GEORGE
39 Buhl blk. Cherry 4341

REAL ESTATE—Detroit investments, small mortgages, farms, timber. C. S. BEADLE & SON, 4 McGraw Bldg. Main 6524.

Repairing, Refinishing and Upholstering Furniture. DETROIT WOODWORKING CO., 100 Brush St., Cadillac 2040.

SHOES for Men and Women ROGERS SHOE CO. Exclusive makes, highest grade. Ye Booterye, 243 Woodward ave.

SUITS, GOWNS, BLOUSES
Made to Order
Novelty Wash Goods
NORTHMORE & CO., 129 Farmer st.

WORKS OF ART, Pictures, Frames and Art Mirrors. JAMES E. HANNA & BROS., 203 Washington Arcade.

GRAND RAPIDS, MICH.

AGENCY in Grand Rapids for Mullane's Cincinnati TAFFIES and Martha Washington CANDIES is at SCHROUDERS' Stores, 47-49-98 and 350 Monroe Ave.

ARTISTIC PICTURE FRAMING
THE RICHARDS ART STORE
105 Division ave. S. Citz. phone 1411

CANDY SHOP AND LUNCHEON ROOM
MISS TEAL
39 FOUNTAIN ST., CITY. Phone 5937.

CHINA, GLASSWARE AND ART GOODS
FOSTER, STEVENS & CO.
157-159 Monroe Ave.

Chicago Packing House Market
W. T. PETTY CO., 132 Division Ave., S. E.
CUT RATE CASH MARKET

CLEANERS AND DYERS, Accordion Plaiting. Mail orders promptly filled, ECONOMY DYE HOUSE.

COAL—WOOD—COKE — Wykes-Schroeder & Co., G. C. Schroeder, mgr. Citz. 8484, Bell 484 Main. Prescott St. and M. C. R. R.

COAL, COKE, WOOD—Prompt delivery. Best quality. PAUL G. BEHNKE, 252 Michigan St., N. E. Citz. 6859—Bell Main 2916.

CODY HOTEL CAFETERIA—Music during meals. Entrance 10 West Fulton St. or through Cody Hotel Lobby.

CONSERVATIVE INVESTMENT SECURITIES — Netting 4% to 7%. HOWE, SNOW, CORRIGAN & BERTLES.

CENTRAL

GRAND RAPIDS (Continued)

DELICACIES FOR THE TABLE
We furnish your table complete.
BERTCH MARKET—243-245 Monroe Ave.

ENGRAVED Stationery—Steel die and copper plate cards, invitations and announcements. THE TISCH-HINE COMPANY.

FURNITURE—HEYMAN COMPANY
Everything for the home. Established 40 years. Inspection and comparison invited.

GAS, ELECTRIC and Combination Fixtures—THE McINTOSH-RICHARDS CO., Ltd., 349 Division av., S. Citz. tel. 6355.

In this town
LILY WHITE FLOUR
is "the flour the best cooks use."

INSURANCE—EDWARD H. HOLMES.
103 Michigan Trust Building.
Citizens Phone 1260.

INSURANCE—MRS. E. M. CRAFT, 807 Michigan Trust bldg. Citz Tel.—Office, 8448; Res., 34815.

JEWELRY, Diamonds, Watches, Silverware
J. C. HERKNER JEWELRY CO.
114 Monroe Avenue.

KODAKS AND SUPPLIES — FINISHING.
THE CAMERA SHOP, INC.
16 Monroe Ave., Opp. Monument Park.

LADIES' WEAR
Latest fashions in ladies' wearing apparel at special prices. THE EMPIRE. A. S. WEGUSEN & SONS, 323-325 Monroe ave.

LADIES' WEAR
Suits, Coats, Dresses, Furs and Millinery at prices that will interest you. EMPIRE CLOAK & SUIT CO., 323 Monroe ave.

LEWIS ELECTRIC COMPANY
THE MOTOR FIRM
Motors, Mazda Lamps, Wiring

MEN'S WEAR
"That's just a little different."
GANNON-PAINE CO.

MANICURING—BERTHA BAUMGART. Suc. to Tessendorf. Ladies 35c, Gents 50c. 27 Porter Blk. Citz. 9326. Bell M 584.

"NON-KRUSH" Dress Linen, 36-inch., 40 fast colors and Ivory White, Price 65c. Write Dept. L. for samples. WURZBURG'S LINEN STORE "Sole Agents."

OFFICE SUPPLIES—Everything for the Office—Furniture, Filing Devices, Stationery. BIXBY OFFICE SUPPLY CO.

PAUL STEKETEE & SONS
DRY GOODS
Undermuslin values reach their zenith in our third floor section; unprecedented selling attests the superiority of Steketee quality.

PHOTOGRAPHY
THE FRYETT'S POPULAR STUDIO
87 Monroe ave. Phone Citz. 5901.

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THE HERRICK PIANO COMPANY
New Location 35 Ionia Ave., N. W.

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QUINN STATIONERY CO.
SOCIETY STATIONERY and ENGRAVING SHOP, invites your patronage.

REAL ESTATE AND INSURANCE—Koelin & Kochling, 541-543 Mich. Trust bldg., city. Phone 7211-1R. Bell Main 3620.

SHAMPOOING and Manicuring—Bossler's Hair Shop, mfrs. of artistic hair goods. 20 Monroe av. Tels. Bell 4430, Citizens 2904.

SHOES
HANAN & SONS—PURITAN
WELCH-ATKINSON SHOE CO.

STEBBINS CORSET SHOP — Standard makes; complete line of brassieres and accessories; expert service. MRS. L. G. STEBBINS, 80 Monroe st. City phone 9433.

"THE GIFT STORE"
60 Division Ave. N., Keeler Bldg.
THE SHOP OF THOUGHTFUL GIFTS

TIMBER LANDS
Bought and sold in large and small tracts
Write JOHN J. FOSTER COMPANY
318 Murray Building.

WALL PAPER—PAINTS
Artist Materials and Picture Framing
HEYSTEK & CANFIELD CO

OUR ANNUAL March Sale of Muslin Underwear begins Monday, Mar. 2. The extensive preparations for this event warrant your attendance. M. FRIEDMAN & CO.

WYOMING PARK
Grand Rapids' most beautiful Suburb.
S. H. WILSON & CO., Owners and Builders

WE SELL nothing but Clothing, Hats, and Furnishings for Gentlemen, and we make that a study.
CARR-HUTCHINS-ANDERSON CO.

KALAMAZOO, MICH.

LA MODE CLOAK HOUSE, 117 So. Burdick st.—Exclusive shop for ladies' suits, coats, dresses, waists; popular prices.

MERCHANDISE THAT IS DEPENDABLE—GILMORE BROTHERS, One of Michigan's Best Stores.

CANADA

WINNIPEG

ARCHITECTS
JORDAN AND OVER
47 Canada Life Building

DYEING, CLEANING, PRESSING
THE CLEANERS
Cor. Jessie and John sts. Phone F. R. 2096

GRAIN COMMISSION MERCHANTS—To the Grain Growers of Manitoba, Saskatchewan and Alberta: Ship your grain to the commission firm of McBEAN BROS., Grain Exchange, Winnipeg, Man.

GROCERIES—H. E. WELDON & CO., 383 Portage ave. and 286 Edmonton st. Phones Main 181, 182 and 4681.

CENTRAL—CANADA

WINNIPEG (Continued)

LADIES' READY-TO-WEAR APPAREL and Manufacturers of Ladies' and Men's High Grade Furs. FAIRWEATHER & CO., LIMITED, 207-9 Portage Ave., Winnipeg.

PARKYTE SWEEPING COMPOUND Floor Oil, Floor Oilers, Metal Polish, Furniture Polish, Spray Polish, Liquid Soap, Soap Fixtures. PARKER-WHYTE LTD., Winnipeg, Canada.

PLUMBING and HEATING
BEAIRSTO PLUMBING CO., LTD.
276 Fort Street
Phone Main 3830

RESTAURANT — BRADLEY'S, Phoenix Blk., cor. Notre Dame and Princess Sts. Phone Garry 2916.

WINNIPEG PRINTING & ENGRAVING CO., 211 Rupert St. Phone G. 3938, Winnipeg, Canada.

VICTORIA

BUILDER and CONTRACTOR
Houses for Sale—Plans prepared.
A. C. Westgate 1315 Yates St. Phone 5308-L.

CAFE AND LUNCH COUNTER—Up to date—for ladies and gentlemen. TIGHE & WHEELER, 653 Yates St.

CLOTHING PARLOR, FIT-RITE — Furnishings. RICHARDSON & STEPHENS, 1413 Government St., Victoria. Vancouver, New Westminster.

FIRE INSURANCE and Automobile Insurance. C. A. Katzenbach, 524 Sayward Bldg. Cheapest—Safest—Best. Tel. 1897.

FLORIST—A. J. WOODWARD
Sole Agents for Sutton's Seeds
616 Fort Street

FOOTWEAR of a High Grade; ENGLISH and AMERICAN. CATHCARTS, Pemberton Bldg., 621 Fort St.

GENERAL TRANSFER, teaming, trucking and furniture moving. VICTORIA CARTAGE CO., 1318 Wharf st.

GORDONS LIMITED, 739 Yates St. Fine Dry Goods and Wearing Apparel For Women and Children

HENRY BROTHERS—Dealers in fancy and staple groceries. Prompt delivery and lowest prices. Oak Bay Ave.

LADIES' exquisite wearing apparel from abroad and domestic fashion centers. FINCH & FINCH, 717-719 Yates St.

LAUNDRY — THE VICTORIA STEAM LAUNDRY CO., Ltd., 947 North Park St. Phone 172.

LAUNDRY—New Method Laundry, Ltd., "QUALITY LAUNDERS"
1015-17 No. Park St. Phone 2300

MILLINERY
MISS C. S. SHANNON,
Corner Fort and Douglas Sts.

REAL ESTATE AND FINANCIAL AGENTS. GREEN & BURDICK BROS., Ltd. Insurance. Victoria, B. C.

REAL ESTATE—BURDICK BROS., Ltd. Reports furnished on property in British Columbia. 620 Broughton St.

SHORTT, HILL & DUNCAN, LIMITED
Jewelers and Diamond Merchants
Victoria, B. C.

TAILORING—Importer of High Grade Woolens. P. M. LINKLATER, 1114 Broad St.

WEILER BROS., Ltd.
Complete House Furnishers
Cor. Government and Broughton Sts.

W. R. VAUGHAN
LAWYER
704-709 B. C. Permanent Bldg.

MONTREAL

JEWELER, expert on restoring antique and valuable clocks. A. E. NORRIS, 900 St. Catherine St., W.

PRINTERS, Publishers, and Bookbinders; Multigraph work a specialty; The CHRONICLE PUB. CO. Dept. C., 381 St. Joseph st., Lachine.

OTTAWA

FINE PERIOD FURNITURE
EXACT REPRODUCTIONS
STEWART & CO., Rideau St.

MASSON'S
WEAR
SHOES

TORONTO

REAL ESTATE—MUNRO & CO., 2464 Queen East. Choice Real Estate Investments, beach properties. Phone Beach 812.

VANCOUVER

A. SCOTT, BROKER, 404 Homer St. Businesses, investments, mortgages, insurance and city property.

Patrons of This Advertising
Will note that

SHOPS OF QUALITY ADVERTISING

From Merchants in

Eastern U. S. and Canada

Appears each Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday.

Shops of Quality advertising from

Central and Western U. S.

Appears each Monday, Wednesday and Friday.

This advertising costs 10c per line and is placed under annual contract. No advertisement is accepted for less than 3 lines.

"We Have Received More Results

from the small advertising that we have placed in your publication than from any other newspaper advertising we have done. We have at least been able to attribute the results directly to this advertising, inasmuch as many of the customers who have favored us with their business have called our attention particularly to the fact that they have noticed our advertisement in your paper.

We would be pleased to recommend this method of advertising to any interested, and can assure you of our appreciation of the results obtained from the small investment which we have made with you."

This was the experience of a hardware dealer in California who regularly advertises in these

SHOPS OF QUALITY

columns

Is it not fair to presume that you will be as well satisfied if you use this method of making yourself and your business known to a good class of buyers?

Real Estate Market ❁ T Wharf Activities ❁ Sailings

Numerous titles to Back Bay property have changed owners lately, and from all indications many more are to follow soon. Among the deeds placed on record today is one from Fred Holdsworth and Robert D. Farrington, owners of the four-story brick residence No. 50 Fenway, very near the Westland avenue entrance. The property is assessed for $30,000, half of which applies on the 3000 square feet of land.

Another estate transferred is the three-story swell front brick dwelling and 2136 square feet of land situated 82 St. Stephen street, near Gainsborough, owned by Webster Wells and assessed for $11,000, including $3700 land value. Victoria Panella is the new owner.

Deeds have gone to record in the sale of that five-story and basement brick residence property numbered 484 Beacon street, valued by the assessors at $17,500, together with 3400 square feet of land carrying an additional $25,500. It was conveyed by Lila S. Scovil to William J. Stober.

W. Stanley Tripp has taken title to an estate located 1275 to 1283 Washington street, bounded by Wilkes street, Leland place and Bradford street, containing in all 13,034 square feet of land on which there is a frame shack taxed for $100. The total assessment is $27,400. Property was conveyed by William P. Natale.

Victor Rottenberg is the buyer of two valuable West End parcels of real estate, situated 40 Staniford street, near Green street, assessed for a total of $19,300, $7300 being on 1458 square feet of land. Also 111 and 113 Brighton street, near Poplar street, assessed for $23,000, with $6000 of that amount on the 2400 square feet of land. Both buildings are five stories high, with basements, and were conveyed by A. S. Hirshberg et al.

SALES OF ROXBURY PROPERTY

Henry W. Savage, Inc., have sold for Mary M. Murphy the estate at 45 Dale st., corner of Rockland avenue, Roxbury, consisting of a frame dwelling and 2864 square feet of land. The whole is assessed on a valuation of $5400, of which $1600 is on the land. The purchaser, Elizabeth M. Abbe, M. D., will occupy after making extensive repairs.

Hotel Eliot, a five-story brick apartment building at 68 and 70 Bartlett street, Roxbury, has changed hands today. Frank B. Sterry sells to the Guarantee Trust, Inc. The building contains 10 modern suites and carries an assessed valuation of $35,000. The 9009 square feet of land is taxed for $6800 and stands on the corner of Blanchard street.

Another transaction reported affects property on Elm Hill district, being those two-story light brick apartment houses numbered 23 and 25 Intervale street, near Blue Hill avenue, including 5760 square feet of land. All taxed for $18,600. The land value is $2600. A. S. Hirshberg et al. conveyed title to Victor Rottenberg.

JAMAICA PLAIN SALE

Mary J. O'Brion has sold her property numbered 42 Dunster road, Jamaica Plain. This estate consists of a handsome two-family house and 4500 square feet of land assessed for $8200. The purchase price and terms are private. William M. Maher of Roxbury purchased title through the office of Robert T. Fowler.

BOSTON REAL ESTATE EXCHANGE

The legislative committee of the Boston Real Estate Exchange, J. Sumner Draper, chairman, at the request of the directors attended the hearing before the committee on metropolitan affairs yesterday on the Chamber of Commerce fire prevention bill, Senate 313, and advocated the bill through Robert Homans as counsel excepting certain amendments. Objection was made to a provision in section 5 of the bill inflicting a first lien on real estate for the cost of removal and storage of combustible material, if either occupant or owner neglects to obey an order of the proposed fire commission for such removal. Besides the inexpediency of burdening real estate with further liens, when other means of enforcing such an order may be easily employed, such a penalty might have the effect of penalizing an owner for the negligence of a tenant.

Mr. Homans in behalf of the directors also asked for less drastic sprinkler requirements and the adoption of the alternate sections on this subject as printed in the bill.

DORCHESTER TRANSACTIONS

The frame dwelling and lot of land at 86-88 McLellan street, near Bradshaw street, owned by Mary J. McLaughlin et al., has passed into the possession of Mary Cohen, who takes title for a home. The lot contains 3036 square feet and carries $900 of the total $6900 assessed valuation.

Bertha Berger is another buyer of Dorchester property, taking title from Albert Besson to the frame dwelling situated 40 Wellesley Park East, near Melville avenue. Total assessment is $5500 and the value of the 3884 square feet of land is $1200.

Winthrop Miller et al., have sold to Dina Colmes and another, an estate numbered 6 and 8 School street, near Washington street, valued by the assessors at $5000. It consists of a frame dwelling and 6520 square feet of land, the land being valued at $1600.

Papers have gone to record in the transfer of the frame dwelling house property located 57 Richfield street, corner of Davidson avenue, taxed in the name of Mary F. Meheegan for $4000. The land, containing 4500 square feet, carries $1400 of that amount. Harry A. Schobel is the buyer.

A BRIGHTON SALE

Lelia L. Nelson has sold her frame dwelling house and lot of land containing 4025 square feet, situated 13 Oak Square avenue, near Washington street, Brighton, to John H. Stone. The improvements are taxed on a valuation of $3000 and the lot for $700; total $3700.

SMALL DUXBURY FARM SOLD

The Chapin Farm Agency has sold for Edward W. Sawyer his fruit and poultry farm, comprising 28 acres of land situated on Tremont street in the town of Duxbury, Plymouth county, with an old colonial gambrel roof house overlooking the water. Also barn, poultry houses and other outbuildings, and there is a large fruit orchard and tract of woodland. The estate was sold to Miss Minnie E. Caldwell of East Braintree.

SUFFOLK REGISTRY TRANSFERS

The following list of property comprises the latest recorded transfers taken from the official report of the Real Estate Exchange:

BOSTON (City Proper)

A. S. Hirrshberg et al. to Victor Rottenberg, Staniford st.; q.; $1.
Same to same, Brighton st.; q.; $1.
Caroline G. Nichols to Wendell L. Nichols, West Brookline st.; q.; $1.
William P. Natale to W. Stanley Tripp, Washington, Wilkes and Bradford sts. and Leland pl.; q.; $1.
Rebecca S. Butler to Louis Jacobovitz, Hanover st.; rel.; $1.
Charles O. Little to Alfred M. Little, Margaret st.; q.; $1.
Salvatore Cina to Antonio Cina, Oswego st.; q.; $1.
Antonio Cina to Salvatore Cina et ux., Oswego st.; q.; $1.

SOUTH BOSTON

Susan A. Osgood, mtgee., to Susan A. Osgood, Dresser st.; d.; $850.
Susan A. Osgood to Morris Liebel, Dresser st.; w.; $1.
Sarah A. Maley to Ignotas Sadauskas, Silver st.; w.; $1.
Salvatore Nolfo to Rosalia Nolfo, O st.; q.; $1.

EAST BOSTON

Pamelia G. Laughton est. to Max Adelman, Lexington st., 2 pcs.; d.; $4100.
Anna F. Withington et al. to Max Adelman, Lexington st., 2 pcs.; q.; $1.

ROXBURY

Frank B. Sterry to Guarantee Trust, Inc., Bartlett and Blanchard sts. and Sanborn ct., 4 lots; q.; $1.
A. S. Hirshberg et al. to Victor Rottenberg, Intervale st., 2 lots; q.; $1.
Fenton J. Fitts to John J. Delaney, Warren st.; w.; $1.
Webster Wells to Victoria Panella, St. Stephens st.; q.; $1.
Joseph Lavezzo, gdn., to Rose Lavezzo, Dudley st.; d.; $1100.
Joseph Lavezzo et al. to Rose Lavezzo, Dudley st.; w.; $1.
Mary M. Murphy to Elizabeth M. Abbe, Dale st. and Rockland av.; q.; $1.

DORCHESTER

Mary J. McLaughlin et al. to Mary Cohen, McLellan st.; q.; $1.
Annie A. Fouhy to Catherine L. Hanley, Leever st.; w.; $1.
Albert Besson to Bertha Berger, Wellesley Park East; q.; $1.
Mansusto Binda to Columbo R. Binda, Blue Hill av.; q.; $1.
Harriet G. Gurney, mtgee., to Harriet G. Gurney, Seaver st.; d.; $2150.
Mary F. Mehegan to Henry A. Schobel, Richfield st. and Davison av.; w.; $1.
Morris L. Morison to Jacob Levin, Walker st.; q.; $1.
Winthrop Miller et al. to Dina Colmes et al., School st.; q.; $1.

WEST ROXBURY

Mary J. O'Brien to William M. Maher, Dunster rd.; w.; $1.

BRIGHTON

Lelia L. Nelson to John H. Stone, Oak Square av.; q.; $1.
Nils J. Soderland to James J. Conway, Nonantum rd.; q.; $1.

HYDE PARK

Harriet R. Culp to Joseph A. Galvin et ux., Vose av.; w.; $1.

CHELSEA

Michael F. Lawlor, gdn., to Julius Fine, Arlington st.; d.; $177.
Annie Leach et al. to Julius Fine, Arlington st.; q.; $1.
Weymouth Savings Bank, mtgee. to John P. Hunt, Hawthorne st.; d.; $3000.

WINTHROP

Emily R. Haggersten to Almon E. Whittemore, Bates and Willow avs.; q.; $1.

REVERE

Point of Pines Trust to Frances H. Neas, Fowler av.; d.; $1.
William E. Harmon, tr., to Atwood B. Hobbs, Washington av.; d.; $1.
Philip W Carson et al to Oliver H. Toothaker, Hutchinson st.; q.; $1.

BUILDING NOTICES

Permits to construct, alter or repair buildings were posted in the office of the building commissioner of the city of Boston today as printed below. Location, owner, architect and nature of work are named in the order here given:

Mendelssohn st., 8, ward 23; Edward Radden to John M. Soeldner; frame dwelling.
Hillsboro st., 16 and 16 rear, ward 16; Chas. L. Hutchins, Wm. V. Tripp; frame dwelling and locker.
Fulton st., 43, ward 6; Bruce estate; alter storage.
Washington st., 404-420, cor. Summer st.; Business Real Estate Trust; alter mercantile.
Medford st., 22, ward 8; E. Torrey and E. Bowker estate; alter mfg.

WELLESLEY GIRLS TO COMPETE FOR DEBATING HONORS

WELLESLEY, Mass.—In College hall tonight the trial debate, preliminary to the choosing of the Wellesley debating team, will take place before the college. Six girls have been selected from a large number of aspirants to enter the final try-out for the Wellesley-Mt. Holyoke debate on March 14.

The question for discussion is "Resolved that the minimum wage principle should be adopted in all industries, manufactures, etc., in the United States."

For the affirmative there will be Ruth Lindsay '15, Milwaukee, Wis.; Helen Lange '15, Scranton, Pa.; Marguerite Stitt '14, New York, N. Y.

The negative will be upheld by Ruth Watson '15, Chicago, Ill.; Eleanor Boyer '15, Pittsburgh, Pa.; Sara Snell '16, Brookline.

Elizabeth Hirsh '14 of Philadelphia also will be given a chance to compete tonight, although her absence from college prevented her from being on the trial team.

The glee and mandolin clubs will entertain the maids at the maids' social at the Barie tonight at 7:30.

Charles Rann Kennedy will read one of his plays in the chapel of College hall at 7:30 this evening.

NEWPORT TAX RATE LARGER

NEWPORT, R. I.—Newport probably will have its highest tax rate this year, between $14 and $14.50, against $12.80 per $1000 last year.

SHIPPING NEWS

For the first time since Jan. 10, the United States customs boarding officials were enabled to board an incoming steamer while she was under way and coming up the harbor today, by the return of the revenue tug Winnisimmet to her usual duty as boarding boat. The Winnisimmet was hauled off Jan. 10 for retubing her boiler, and the work was finished Wednesday. Major D. H. L. Gleason, boarding officer went out to the Norwegian steamer Drenning Maud, from Cardenas, Cuba, today. The government did not provide a substitute boat while the Winnisimmet was off duty thereby causing much delay to all concerned. Boarding officers were obliged to await until steamers tied up before they could get aboard. Severe criticism of the government's attitude prevailed in shipping circles, interested parties declaring that while they were trying to build up the port of Boston, already the second port on the coast, the government let the port go unguarded by a boarding boat nearly seven weeks.

With 10,500 bags of sugar the Norwegian steamer Drenning Maud, Captain Ringen, reached port today from Cardenas, Cuba. She tied up at the Terminal wharf and railroad warehouse pier, Charlestown, to discharge, after breaking her way to the pier. Adverse conditions were encountered on the way up the coast, the steamer being two days late.

Scarcity of fresh groundfish continues at T wharf today. Six vessels reached the pier, two of them having good-sized trips. Prices were slightly lower. Arrivals: Schooners Pontiac 49,400 pounds, James W. Parker 36,000, Jeanette 6000, Ethel B. Penny 10,800, Sadie M. Nunan 12,300, and Elizabeth W. Nunan 14,300. The Pontiac also had 700 pounds halibut. Dealers' prices per hundredweight were: Stead cod $11.50, market cod $7.75, haddock $7.75, pollock $8, large hake $10.25, medium hake $7.25, and cusk $5.75.

With light burning brightly a red painted gas buoy is drifting about off Cape Sable, according to Capt. Ernest Parsons of the fishing schooner Pontiac, which reached T wharf today. The buoy was sighted Tuesday 40 miles southwest by south of Seal island, having broken from its moorings.

Nearly a week has elapsed since the gill netters have landed fish at Gloucester. Today's receipts by this type of boat were about 30,000 pounds. Two other vessels reached Gloucester today, the schooner Ingomar having 40,000 pounds fresh fish, 2000 fresh halibut, and the schooner Mentor 8000 pounds fresh halibut and 4000 salt cod. The three trips of fresh halibut brought in Wednesday sold for 6½ cents per pound, the lowest figure for this fish quoted since summer.

An abandoned three-masted schooner, badly waterlogged, was sighted 10 miles southeast of Brizil rocks, by the crew of the fishing schooner Kineo, which is at Gloucester today from Green Bank after a severe passage. Captain Greenleaf of the Kineo said he could make out the letters "Younitev," and the hailing port "Bridgeport," on the abandoned vessel, but nothing else could be seen. It is possible that the craft was the overdue three-masted schooner "Unity," of Bridgeton, recently reported as being four weeks out on a passage from New London for Halifax. The Kineo's main boom and foregaff were broken.

From Bay of Islands, Newfoundland, comes news that herring is reported scarce at Woods island and also at Middle Arm. Teams hauled 85,000 herring from Woods island Saturday. The United States naval tug Potomac is five miles north northwest of Lobster Head Light station, in Bonne bay. She has on board only 20 tons coal and provisions to last 15 days.

Tomorrow noon the Cunarder Andania is expected to reach port from Liverpool and Queenstown via Halifax, N. S., with 263 cabin and 483 steerage passengers. She called at Halifax this morning to disembark 88 cabin and 139 steerage, and sailed for Boston at 10:50 a. m.

Cable advices today report the Cunard line steamship Campania on a passage from New York to Liverpool arrived at Fishguard at 10:25 a. m. today and proceeded at 11:12 a. m.

Due here March 10 from Mediterranean ports, the White Star liner Canopic is now crossing the tlantic with 30 cabin, 210 second cabin and 858 steerage passengers.

Mariners are notified by the lighthouse inspector of the removal of Quicks Hole ledge gas buoy and Yankee wreck gas buoy, which will be replaced by unlighted spar buoys, respectively.

Rescued off Brown's bank, Feb. 18, Capt. Harry Brown of Swampscott and his crew of three men of the British fishing schooner Dolly Gray have reached T wharf on board the fishing schooner Mary, Capt. William French. Robert Burke, Charles Langley and Joseph Peters, the crew, come from Nova Scotia and will be sent home by the British consul. The Dolly Gray foundered after losing her sails and masts.

About noon today the German freight steamship Pisa sailed from Mystic docks for Hamburg with a large general cargo taken on at Philadelphia and Boston. The vessel arrived soon after midnight Wednesday and as she came coastwise from the Quaker city proceeded at once to her berth. Here she unloaded 1197 bales cotton waste, 20 cases blacking and 1000 barrels merchandise.

Maine coast harbors closed to navigation is upsetting the schedule of coastwise steamers running to Boston. Bangor harbor has been closed since December, the Kennebec line has ceased operating, and Winterport can no longer be reached.

Sailing at noon today for New York to finish discharging, the British steamer Kathlamba will load at the metropolis and return east. Final estimates on the damage to her cargo, received before the vessel arrived here by water entering the forepeak and No. 1 hold, shows it to be approximately $30,000. A tug was hired to pump the vessel out.

PORT OF BOSTON

Arrived

Steamer Dronning Maud (Nor), Ringen, Cardenas.

Str Suffolk, Hersey, Norfolk.

Str Governor Dingley, Clark, Portland, Me.

Str City of Gloucester, Godfrey, Gloucester, Mass.

Steam lghtr Herbert, Rickes, Newburyport, Mass.

Tug Orion, Doane, Sandwich, Mass., twg bg Bessie J.

Tug Tamaqua, Isaaksen, Philadelphia, twg bgs Glendower, Hanatawney and Molino.

Cleared

Str Grecian, Rogers, Philadelphia.

Str Juanita, James, Norfolk.

Str H F Dimock, Crowell, New York.

Str Governor Dingley, Clark, Portland.

Sailed

Str Pisa (Ger), Hamburg; steam lighter Eureka, Newburyport; tugs H A Mathis, Portsmouth; Tamaqua, twg bg Molino, Portsmouth.

NEW YORK ARRIVALS

Strs Koenig Albert, Bremen; Olympic, Southampton, Cherbourg and Queenstown; Noordam, Rotterdam and Boulogne.

COASTWISE TRAFFIC

BALTIMORE, Feb 26—Arrd, str Main, Bremen via Philadelphia; 25, strs Lord Antrim, Philadelphia; Invergyle, New York.

Sld, 25, str Cretan, Jacksonville via Savannah.

CHARLESTON, S C, Feb. 25—Arrd str Onondaga, Boston for Jacksonville, and proceeded; 24, strs Annetta, Port Antonio and left on return; 25, str Henry Williams, Baltimore via Georgetown.

PORTSMOUTH, N. H., Feb. 25—Sld, schrs Eva A. Danenhower, Eastport; Kennebec and Sarah & Lucy, Calais; Metinic, Vinalhaven; Chas. C. Lister, St. John, N. B.; Wawenock, Rockland; Gracie J., Mary Langdon, Rockport.

WORK OF SUNDAY SCHOOLS TALKED

Delegates to the annual convention of the Norumbega district of the Massachusetts Sunday School Association, held yesterday at the First Baptist church, Watertown, were addressed by the Rev. F. F. Peterson of Medford on "A Sunday School Fit for Service," and by Mrs. Etta M. G. Luce, superintendent of temperance instruction in the public schools and colleges of the state. Miss Martha K. Lawton of New York spoke on "Example vs. Training."

At the evening session an address was delivered by Dr. Albert M. Hyde on "Three Questions About Sunday School," and the work of the student volunteer convention at Kansas City in December was described by Aubrey S. Bishop, William J. Selzer and Archibald G. Adams of the Newton Theological school.

MANY BEQUESTS IN KISTLER WILL

LOCK HAVEN, Pa.—Although his will was unsigned, the family of Wilson Kistler, banker, will carry out his wishes, and many public institutions will benefit. The value of the estate is $6,000,000.

All the gifts to public institutions were not made public, but it is understood that very large sums will be given to the Tuskegee Institute and a school in Egypt. A number of institutions in different parts of the United States will also benefit, it was said.

SAVINGS BANKS' DEPOSITS GROW

CONCORD, N. H.—Deposits in New Hampshire savings banks increased $5,000,000 in 1913, reaching a total of $104,000,000, according to the annual report of the state banking department made public tonight.

SCHOOL LOT IS SOUGHT

MAYNARD, Mass.—A special town meeting tonight in Cooperative hall is to decide upon another high school location, since William Wood has declined to sell the town a lot on Main street.

YALE GRADUATES 21 FORESTERS

NEW HAVEN, Conn.—A class of 21 was graduated from the Yale forestry school yesterday.

ROXBURY LATIN SCHOOL ALUMNI FURTHERING FUND

Plans to raise $200,000 for a new building will be perfected at a meeting of the fund committee of the alumni of the Roxbury Latin school to be held at the Harvard Club Friday night.

More than $37,000 has already been contributed, including $10,000 donated by Thomas W. Slocomb of New York, a graduate of the school. Another dinner has been arranged for the alumni for March 15, at which it is expected to increase the sum. The committee in charge has sent out circulars to the alumni and to all persons interested, and have been receiving favorable replies. Those in charge are Clarence W. Gleason, the Rev. Dr. James DeNormandie, president of the trustees; William H. Slocomb, S. Reed Anthony, the Rev. Dr. Edward S. Rousmaniere, John E. Rousmaniere, Dr. George B. McGrath, W. Dudley Cotton, Jr., Headmaster D. O. S. Lowell, Dr. Hilbert F. Day, Eliot T. Putnam, Thomas W. Slocomb, Stanwood G. Wellington, Earnest E. Smith, Robert H. Gardiner and Winthrop Wade.

WIRELESS REPORTS

(Note—Nautical miles on usual steamship routes from Boston lightship: To Sable island, 490; Cape Race, N. F., 830; Nantucket South Shoal lightship, 128. From Ambrose Channel lightship: To Sable island, 648; Nantucket South Shoal lightship, 193; Diamond Shoal lightship, Hatteras, 330.)

SS Sagamore (Br), Liverpool for Boston, was 500 miles from Boston light at 2:30 p m Wednesday.

SS Empress of Ireland (Br), Liverpool for Halifax, was 485 miles southeast of Cape Race at 8:50 p m Wednesday.

SS Provence (Fr), Havre for New York, was 1216 miles east of Ambrose Channel lightship at 7:15 p m Wednesday.

SS Gothland (Belg), Antwerp for New York, was 1100 miles east of Ambrose Channel lightship at 2 a m Wednesday.

SS Verona (Ital), Naples, etc, for New York, was 700 miles east of Ambrose Channel lightship at noon Tuesday.

SS Philadelphia, Southampton, etc, for New York, was 1920 miles east of Ambrose Channel lightship at 5 p m Tuesday.

SS Cincinnati (Ger), Naples, etc, for New York, was 1450 miles east of Ambrose Channel lightship at 6:30 p m Tuesday.

SS Athenai (Greek), Piraeus for New York, was 700 miles east of Ambrose Channel lightship at noon Wednesday.

SS Ockenfels (Ger), Narvik for Philadelphia, passed Nantucket at 7 am Thursday.

SS Parthian, Providence for Baltimore, was 6 miles southwest of Winter Quarter lightship at 8 p m Wednesday.

SS Lexington, Boston for Philadelphia, was off Montauk Point at 8 a m Wednesday.

SS Comanche, New York for Jacksonville, was 60 miles south of Scotland lightship at 7 p m Wednesday.

SS Creole, New York and New Orleans, was 66 miles south of Scotland lightship at 7 p m Wednesday.

SS Ontario, Boston for Baltimore, was 26 miles southwest of Fire Island at 6:30 p m Wednesday.

SS Nacoochee, Boston for Savannah, was 183 miles southwest of Gay Head at 6 p m Wednesday.

SS Merrimack, Baltimore for Jacksonville, was 18 miles north of Cape Romaine at 6 p m Wednesday.

SS Cristobal, New York for Cristobal, was 745 miles south of Scotland lightship at noon Wednesday.

SS City of Augusta, Savannah for Boston, was 131 miles northeast of Diamond Shoal lightship at 4:30 p m Wednesday.

SS Tivives (Br), Port Limon for Boston, was 1101 miles south of Nantucket at 7 p m Wednesday.

SS Herman Frasch, Newport News for Sabine, passed Sand Key at 7 p m Wednesday.

SS Caracas, New York for San Juan, was 75 miles south of Scotland lightship at 8 p m Wednesday.

SS Alamo, New York for Galveston, was 42 miles south of Scotland lightship at 7 p m Wednesday.

SS El Oriente, Galveston for New York, was 260 miles east of Galveston at noon Wednesday.

SS San Jacinto, Galveston for New York, was 40 miles east of Galveston bar at 7 p m Wednesday.

SS Vigilancia, Guantanamo for New York, was 18 miles north of Bird rock at noon Wednesday.

SS Apache, Jacksonville for New York, was 15 miles north of St Johns bar at 7 p m Wednesday.

ACCURACY BEFORE SPEED IS PLEA

Accuracy before speed is essential to success in stenography declared Edwin Flynn, secretary of the Stone & Webster Management Association, yesterday before more than 100 stenographers at the Women's Educational and Industrial Union.

STEAMSHIP SAILINGS

These sailings are compiled from advance lists that are subject to change without notice.

Transatlantic Sailings

EASTBOUND

Sailings from New York	
*Barbarossa, for Bremen	Feb. 26
President Lincoln, for Hamburg	Feb. 26
Cedric, for Liverpool	Feb. 26
Principello, for Rotterdam	Feb. 26
New York, for Southampton	Feb. 27
*California, for Glasgow	Feb. 28
Canada, for Marseilles	Feb. 28
Carmania, for Liverpool	Feb. 28
Dwinsk, for Rotterdam and Libau	Feb. 28
*Koenig Albert, for Naples	Feb. 28
Minnewaska, for London	Feb. 28
President Lincoln, for Hamburg	Feb. 28
Rochambeau, for Havre	Feb. 28
*Saxonia, for Naples	Feb. 28
*Verona, for Mediterranean ports	Feb. 28
Sailings from Boston	
Arabic, for Liverpool	Feb. 27
*Fuerst Bismarck, for Hamburg	Feb. 27
Winifredian, for Liverpool	Feb. 28
Andania, for Liverpool	March 5
Sagamore, for Liverpool	March 5
Canadian, for Liverpool	March 7
Cymric, for Liverpool	March 10
Pretorian, for Glasgow	March 12
*Canopic, for Mediterranean ports	March 14
Devonian, for Liverpool	March 14
*Rhaetia, for Hamburg	March 18
Michigan, for Liverpool	March 19
Bohemian, for Liverpool	March 21
Arabic, for Liverpool	March 24
Ionian, for Glasgow	March 26
Palermo, for Mediterranean ports	March 28
Laconia, for Liverpool	March 31
Sailings from Philadelphia	
Marquette, for Antwerp	Feb. 27
Ancona, for Mediterranean ports	March 2
Prinz Adalbert, for Hamburg	March 3
Stampalia, for Mediterranean ports	March 10
Menominee, for Antwerp	March 13
*Merion, for Liverpool	March 14
Texas, for Gothenburg	March 22
America, for Mediterranean ports	March 24
Prinz Oskar, for Hamburg	March 24
Manitou, for Antwerp	March 27
*Haverford, for Liverpool	March 28
Sailings from Portland	
Numidian, for Glasgow	Feb. 26
Dominion, for Liverpool	Feb. 28
Ansonia, for London	Feb. 28
Canada, for Liverpool	March 17
Scandinavian, for Glasgow	March 14
Teutonic, for Liverpool	March 21
Sailings from Halifax	
Alsatian, for Liverpool	Feb. 28
Empress of Ireland, for Liverpool	March 7
Royal George, for Bristol	March 11
Calgarian, for Liverpool	March 14
Empress of Britain, for Liverpool	March 21
Royal Edward, for Bristol	March 25
Alsatian, for Liverpool	March 28
Sailings from St. John	
Tyrolia, for Trieste	Feb. 28
Virginian, for Liverpool	March 4
Corinthian, for London	March 5
Victorian, for Liverpool	March 18
Ruthenia, for Trieste	March 28

Sailings from Montreal

All sailings from Montreal and Quebec go from Portland, Me., or Halifax, N. S., until spring.

WESTBOUND

Sailings from Liverpool	
Devonian, for Boston	Feb. 26
Baltic, for New York	Feb. 26
Calgarian, for Halifax	Feb. 28
Mauretania, for New York	Feb. 28
Michigan, for Boston	Feb. 28
Victorian, for St. John	March 4
Alaunia, for Boston	March 5
*Bohemian, for Boston	March 5
Empress of Britain, for Halifax	March 7
Mauretania, for New York	March 7
*Teutonic, for Portland	March 7
Arabic, for Boston	March 11
Haverford, for Philadelphia	March 11
Cedric, for New York	March 12
Alsatian, for Halifax	March 14
Carmania, for New York	March 14
Sachem, for Boston	March 14
Laconia, for Boston	March 17
Virginian, for St. John	March 18
Winifredian, for Boston	March 19
Canada, for Portland	March 21
Empress of Ireland, for Halifax	March 21
Lusitania, for New York	March 21
Cymric, for Boston	March 24
Baltic, for New York	March 26
Canadian, for Boston	March 26
Dominion, for Portland	March 26
Calgarian, for Halifax	March 28
Mauretania, for New York	March 28
Sailings from London	
Mesaba, for New York	Feb. 26
Minneapolis, for New York	March 5
Missouri, for New York	March 12
Minnetonka, for New York	March 21
Minnewaska, for New York	March 28
Sailings from Southampton	
St. Paul, for New York	Feb. 26
Ascania, for Portland	Feb. 26
Oceanic, for New York	March 4
Amerika, for New York	March 6
St. Louis, for New York	March 7
President Grant, for New York	March 8
Prinz Friedrich Wilhelm, for New York	March 8
Kronprinzessin Cecilie, for N. Y.	March 11
New York, for New York	March 11
Imperator, for New York	March 12
Olympic, for New York	March 18
Philadelphia, for New York	March 21
President Lincoln, for New York	March 22
Kaiser Wilhelm II., for New York	March 25
Majestic, for New York	March 25
Moltke for New York	March 25
Kaiserin Auguste Victoria, for New York	March 27
St. Paul, for New York	March 28
George Washington, for New York	March 29
Sailings from Glasgow	
Cameronia, for New York	Feb. 28
Scandinavian, for Portland	Feb. 28
Columbia, for New York	March 7
Ionian, for Boston	March 7
California, for New York	March 14
Caledonia, for New York	March 21
Grampian, for Boston	March 21
Cameronia, for New York	March 28
Scandinavian, for Portland	March 28
Sailings from Hamburg	
Pretoria, for New York	Feb. 26
Kaiserin Auguste Victoria, for New York	Feb. 28
Prinz Oskar, for Philadelphia	March 1
Amerika, for New York	March 5
President Grant, for New York	March 7
Imperator, for New York	March 11
Rugia, for Philadelphia	March 12
Pennsylvania, for New York	March 14
Pisa, for Boston	March 18
President Lincoln, for New York	March 21
Moltke, for New York	March 24
Kaiserin Auguste Victoria, for New York	March 26
Prinz Adalbert, for Philadelphia	March 28
Sailings from Bremen	
Bremen, for New York	Feb. 28
Hannover, for Boston	March 4
Prinz Friedrich Wilhelm, for New York	March 7
Kronprinzessin Cecilie, for N. Y.	March 10
Barbarossa, for New York	March 14
Kaiser Wilhelm der Grosse for New York	March 18
Seydlitz, for New York	March 21
Kaiser Wilhelm II., for New York	March 24
Koeln, for Boston	March 25
George Washington, for New York	March 28
Kronprinz Wilhelm, for New York	March 31
Sailings from Havre	
Chicago, for New York	Feb. 28
La Savoie, for New York	Feb. 28
La Lorraine, for New York	March 7
Niagara, for New York	March 7
La Touraine, for New York	March 14
Rochambeau, for New York	March 14
Floride, for New York	March 21
La Provence, for New York	March 21
Chicago, for New York	March 28
France, for New York	March 28
Sailings from Antwerp	
Finland, for New York	Feb. 28
Manitou, for Boston	March 5
Zeeland, for New York	March 7
Samland, for New York	March 14
Marquette, for Boston	March 19
Vaderland, for New York	March 21
Kroonland, for New York	March 28
Sailings from Rotterdam	
Potsdam, for New York	March 7
New Amsterdam, for New York	March 14
Noordam, for New York	March 21
Ryndam, for New York	March 28
Sailings from Genoa	
America, for New York	March 3
Palermo, for Boston	March 4
Prinzess Irene, for New York	March 5
Hamburg, for New York	March 11
Europa, for New York	March 12
Saxonia, for New York	March 14
Koenig Albert, for New York	March 19
Verona, for New York	March 24
Cincinnati, for New York	March 26
Stampalia, for New York	March 31
Sailings from Trieste	
Martha Washington, for N. Y.	Feb. 28
Ruthenia, for St. John	Feb. 28
Ultonia, for New York	March 10
Argentina, for New York	March 14
Saxonia, for New York	March 19
Pannonia, for New York	March 25
Kaiser Franz Joseph I., for N. Y.	March 28
Tyrolia, for St. John	March 28
Sailings from Fiume	
Carpathia, for New York	March 3
Ultonia, for New York	March 16
Saxonia, for New York	March 24
Pannonia, for New York	March 30
Sailings from Copenhagen	
United States for New York	March 5
Hellig Olav, for New York	March 12
Frederik VIII., for New York	March 19
Sailings from Gothenburg	
Noruega, for Boston	March 16

Transpacific Sailings

WESTBOUND

Sailings from San Francisco	
*Nippon Maru, for Hongkong	Feb. 27
*Lurline, for Honolulu	March 3
*Moana, for Sydney	March 4
*Mongolia, for Hong Kong	March 5
*Thomas, for Manila	March 5
*Sonoma, for Sydney	March 10
*Wilhelmina, for Honolulu	March 11
*Hongkong Maru, for Hongkong	March 17
*Manoa, for Honolulu	March 17
*Persia, for Hongkong	March 20
*Shinyo Maru, for Hongkong	March 21
*Sierra, for Honolu	March 24
*Matsonia, for Honolulu	March 25
*Lurline, for Honolulu	March 31
Sailings from Seattle	
*Shidzuoka Maru, for Hongkong	March 10
*Talthybius, for Liverpool via Manila	March 18
*Tamba Maru, for Hongkong	March 24
*Minnesota, for Hongkong	March 26
Sailings from Tacoma	
*Chicago Maru, for Hongkong	March 2
*Canada Maru, for Hongkong	March 16
Talthybius, for Liverpool via Manila	March 16
*Tacoma Maru, for Hongkong	March 30
Sailings from Vancouver	
Talthybius, for Liverpool via Manila	Feb. 28
Bellerophon, for Liverpool via Manila	March 28

EASTBOUND

Sailings from Hongkong	
Siberia, for San Francisco	March 3
Sado Maru, for Seale	March 10
China, for San Francisco	March 14
Cyclops, for Tacoma	March 18
Manchuria, for San Francisco	March 21
Yokohama Maru, for Seattle	March 24
Nile, for San Francisco	March 31
Sailings from Yokohama	
Ajax, for Tacoma	March 6
Korea, for San Francisco	March 7
Aki Maru, for Seattle	March 11
Siberia, for San Francisco	March 13
China, for San Francisco	March 24
Sado Maru, for Seattle	March 25
Cyclops, for Tacoma	March 28
Sailings from Honolulu	
Persia, for San Francisco	Feb. 28
Sierra, for San Francisco	March 7
Korea, for San Francisco	March 17
Ventura, for San Francisco	March 20
Siberia, for San Francisco	March 23
Sailings from Manila	
Cyclops, for Tacoma	March 11
China, for San Francisco	March 16
Sailings from Sydney	
Ventura, for San Francisco	March 7

*Carries United States mail.

Steamships Due in Boston

TODAY		
Louisiana	Copenhagen	Feb. 4
Yearby	Marseilles via Gibraltar	Feb. 10
Hermion	River Plate	Jan. 22
FRIDAY		
Marengo	Hull	Feb. 13
Andania	Liverpool	Feb. 17
Frankfurt	Bremen	Feb. 12
Sagamore	Liverpool	Feb. 14
Anglian	London	Feb. 14
SATURDAY		
Indianola	Hamburg	Feb. 12
Cotswald Range	Rotterdam	Feb. 11
City of Norwich	Calcutta and Colombo	
SUNDAY		
Minnesotan	Puerto Mexico	
Arimatea	Trieste via Lisbon	Feb. 10
MONDAY		
Menominee	Antwerp	Feb. 19
Canadian	Liverpool	Feb. 19

SIMMONS GIRLS PLAN COUNTY FAIR

Arrangements are being made by the freshmen at Simmons College for the "county fair" to be given in the refectory on Brookline avenue, March 14, in aid of the dormitory endowment fund. Booths for the sale of different kinds of articles will be placed in the hall. A feature of the fair will be a postoffice, from which letters and packages mailed will be delivered.

A vaudeville show is to be given by the girls in the affiliated houses. In charge of the fair is the following committee: Irene E. Schenck, Ada Bauer, Jane Baumler, Edna Lane and Rose Serber.

FOREIGN MAIL DESPATCHES FOR WEEK ENDING FEB. 28.

Mails for—	Conveyed by Steamship—		Mails close at Boston P.O. Letters	Other articles†
Jamaica and Costa Rica, via Port Antonio and Port Limon	Carrillo	Feb. 26	11 a.m.	10 a.m.
Europe, Africa, West Asia and East Indies, via Plymouth and Cherbourg	New York	Feb. 26	9:00 p.m.	8:00 p.m.
Europe, Africa (except south), West Asia and East Indies, specially addressed for Gibraltar, via Queenstown				
Gibraltar, via New York and Gibraltar	California	Feb. 27	9:00 p.m.	8:00 p.m.
Europe, Africa, West Asia and East Indies, specially addressed, via Queenstown, Fishguard and Liverpool	Koenig Albert	Feb. 27	9:00 p.m.	8:00 p.m.
Madeira and Gibraltar, specially addressed, via New York, Funchal and Gibraltar	Carmania	Feb. 27	9:00 p.m.	8:00 p.m.
Europe, Africa (except south), West Asia and East Indies, via Plymouth, Boulogne and Hamburg	Saxonia	Feb. 27	9:00 p.m.	8:00 p.m.
Newfoundland, St. Pierre and Miquelon, via Halifax	Fuerst Bism'k	Feb. 28	7:30 a.m.	6:30 a.m.
	(Supp.)		9:15 a.m.	8:15 a.m.
	A. W. Perry	Feb. 28	11 a.m.	10 a.m.

†Except parcel post.

Letters for Germany paid at the rate of 2 cents per ounce will be forwarded only on direct steamer from New York or Boston to Hamburg or Bremen.

Registered mails for Europe, Africa, West Asia and East Indies close Tuesday, Thursday and Friday at 8:45 p. m.; Monday at 10 a. m.; Friday at 6:45 a. m.; supplementary at 8:30 a. m. For other countries mails close 45 minutes earlier than the time shown above.

Newfoundland, except parcel post, via North Sydney, N. S., thence by steamer, closes daily (except Saturdays), 6:30 p. m.; also Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays at 7 a. m.

St. Pierre and Miquelon, via North Sydney, N. S., thence by steamer, closes at 6:30 p. m. March 1, 2, 15, 16, 29 and 30; and 7 a. m. March 2, 3, 16, 17, 30 and 31.

Parcel post for Newfoundland is forwarded only on direct steamers from New York and Philadelphia to St. John's.

Parcel post for Labrador can be forwarded only on direct steamers from New York and Philadelphia to St. John's between July 1 and Oct. 1.

Mails for Cuba, rail to Florida, thence by steamer, close daily at 12 m., 4 and 9 p. m.

Mails for Cuba, specially addressed, close at the Boston postoffice Wednesday and Friday at 9 p. m.; forwarded on direct steamers sailing from New York Thursday and Saturday.

Parcel post mails for Jamaica and Costa Rica close one half hour earlier than closing time shown above.

Parcel post mail for Great Britain and Ireland closes Thursday at 5 p. m.; Germany, Wednesday at 5 p. m.; Friday at 6:30 p. m.; Italy, Monday, Thursday and Friday at 5 p. m.; Norway, Sweden and Denmark, Monday, March 2, at 5 p. m.; Newfoundland, Friday at 5 p. m.

TRANSPACIFIC MAILS FORWARDED OVERLAND DAILY

Mails for—	Conveyed by steamship—	Via—	Mail closes at Boston P. O.
China, Japan and Korea, specially addressed	Chicago Maru	Tacoma,	Feb. 26, 6 p.m
Hawaii	Lurline	San Fran.,	Feb. 26, 6 p.m.
Tahiti, Marquesas, Cook Islands and New Zealand, specially addressed for Australia	Moana	San Fran.,	Feb. 27, 6 p.m
Guam and the Philippines	U. S. transport	San Fran.,	Feb. 28, 6 p.m.
Hawaii, specially addressed for China, Japan and Korea	Mongolia	San Fran.,	Feb. 28, 6 p.m.
China, Japan, Korea and the Philippines	Empress of India	Vancouver	Feb. 28, 6 p.m.
Hawaii, Samoan Islands, New Zealand (except parcel post) and Australia, except West Australia, which is forwarded via Europe	Sonoma	San Fran.,	Mar. 5, 6 p.m.
China, Japan, Korea and the Philippines	Shidzuoka Maru	Seattle,	Mar. 5, 6 p.m.

Merchandise for United States postal agent at Shanghai or Japanese parcel post cannot be sent via Canada.

North Manchuria is forwarded via Russia instead of Japan

Stock Market Active and Unsettled

STOCK MARKET UNSETTLED AND QUIETER TODAY

Securities Prices Move in an Erratic Fashion With Occasional Strong Spots Here and There—Mexican Situation

LOCALS ARE UNSTEADY

Securities displayed an unsettled tone this morning. Opening prices were fractionally lower than the closing last night. There were some slight recoveries during the first transactions, but there seemed to be a lack of stability, particularly in the New York market.

The extreme weakness developed in the late trading yesterday was not satisfactorily explained, and traders were quite unable to understand what caused the selling pressure which came from abroad chiefly. The Mexican situation which has become more acute was the only thing discussed, but it was thought that there must have been something besides this to cause the unusual pressure of stocks for sale. What it is may develop later.

Wabash preferred, which has been one of the weak features of the New York market lately, was strong this morning. The tone was steadier at the end of the first half hour.

Local stocks were active and unsteady. Price changes during the early trading were mixed.

Trading quieted down considerably after the early part of the session. Prices generally held their gains throughout the forenoon. The Rock Island issues, Denver preferred and Missouri Pacific, which were under pressure yesterday were moderately strong today. Seaboard preferred opened up 3/8 at 53 1/8 and advanced to 54.

The standard issues moved within a narrow range.

American Woolen preferred opened unchanged on the local exchange at 77 and declined a point. Boston & Maine opened up 1/2 at 43 and rose a point further. New Haven also improved. Some of the coppers advanced and others declined but trading was inactive.

Further improvement was shown in the afternoon trading. Mexican Petroleum had a good gain. Business was quiet and prices steady at the beginning of the last hour.

STANDARD OIL STOCKS

(Reported by Hornblower & Weeks)

	Bid	Asked
Anglo-American Oil	16 5/8	17
Atlantic Refining	672	780
Borne-Scrymser	300	310
Buckeye Pipe Line	162	165
Chesebrough Mfg	670	680
Colonial Oil	112	120
Continental Oil	218	222
Crescent Pipe Line	57	59
Cumberland Pipe Line	58	62
Eureka Pipe Line	300	305
Galena-Signal Oil	182	185
do pf	135	141
Indian Pipe Line	132	134
National Transit	40	42
New York Transit	300	305
Northern Pipe Line	118	122
Ohio Oil	157	159
Pierce Oil	98	102
Prairie Oil & Gas	505	510
Solar Refining	340	350
Southern Pipe Line	230	235
South Penn Oil	343	348
South West Penn Pipe Line	149	153
Standard Oil, California	320	322
Indiana	550	560
Kansas	485	495
Kentucky	260	270
Nebraska	450	455
New Jersey	407	410
New York	194	196
Ohio	410	420
Old Stock	1490	..
Swan & Finch	275	285
Union Tank Line	94	96
Vacuum Oil	210	215
Washington Oil	60	65

RAILWAY STEEL SPRING COMPANY

PHILADELPHIA—It is stated here that in view of heavy falling off in earnings of the Railway Steel Spring Company, during 1913, that directors, who will meet in a few weeks, will frown upon a common dividend.

BAR SILVER PRICES

NEW YORK — Commercial silver, 57 1/2c, unchanged; Mexican dollars, 45c, unchanged.

LONDON—Bar silver steady, 26 9-16d., unchanged.

WEATHER

UNITED STATES WEATHER BUREAU PREDICTIONS FOR BOSTON AND VICINITY: Fair and somewhat warmer tonight; Friday fair; moderate westerly winds.

WASHINGTON—The U. S. weather bureau predicts weather as follows for New England: Fair tonight and Friday, not so cold tonight in western portion; moderate west winds.

A weak disturbance which caused rain, sleet and snow in the gulf and the South Atlantic states yesterday has moved eastward and is central off the North Carolina coast with pressure 29.96 inches at Wilmington. Pressure is normal to high in all other districts, highest on the Pacific slope. Generally fair weather prevails throughout the country. Temperatures are below freezing except in extreme southern sections and on the Pacific coast, but above zero in nearly all districts.

TEMPERATURE TODAY

8 a. m.	22	12 noon	35

Average in Boston yesterday, 17 7-12.

IN OTHER CITIES

(8 a. m. today)

Albany	—4	New York	20
Buffalo	18	Philadelphia	20
Chicago	8	Pittsburgh	8
Denver	32	Portland, Me.	18
Des Moines	22	San Francisco	48
Kansas City	26	St. Louis	40
Nantucket	26	Washington	16

ALMANAC FOR TODAY

Sun rises	6:25	High water,
Sun sets	5:31	12:16 a.m., 12:30 p.m.
Length of day	11:05	

LIGHT AUTO LAMPS AT 6:01 P. M.

NEW YORK STOCKS

NEW YORK—Following are the transactions on the New York Stock Exchange, giving the opening, high, low and last sales to 2:30 p. m.

	Open	High	Low	Last Sale
Alaska Gold	21	21	21	21
Allis Chal Mfg Co	12 7/8	12 7/8	12 7/8	12 7/8
Allis-Chal Mfg Co pf	48	48	48	48
Am Ag Chemical	54	54	54	54
Amalgamated	72 7/8	73 3/4	72 3/4	73 5/8
Am Beet Sugar	22 1/2	22 1/2	22 1/2	22 1/2
Am B S & Fy Co pf	144	144	144	144
Am Can	29	29 1/2	28 7/8	29 1/2
Am Can pf	91 1/2	91 1/2	91 3/8	91 3/8
Am Car Foundry	49 3/4	49 7/8	49 1/4	49 7/8
American Cities pf	61 3/4	61 3/4	61 3/4	61 3/4
Am Cotton Oil	42 3/4	42 3/4	43	43
Am Locomotive	33	33 1/4	33	33 1/4
Am Locomotive pf	101 1/8	101 1/8	101	101
Am Smelting	65 5/8	66	65 1/2	65 5/8
Am Smelting pf	101 1/2	101 1/2	101 1/2	101 1/2
American Sugar	106	106	106	106
Am T & T	120 3/8	120 7/8	120 3/8	120 7/8
American Woolen	16	16	16	16
American Woolen pf	76 1/2	76 1/2	76 1/8	76 1/8
Anaconda	35	35 5/8	35	35 5/8
Atchison	96 1/4	97	96 1/4	96 7/8
At Coast Line	123	123	123	123
Baldwin Loco	42 3/4	43	42 3/4	43
Balt & Ohio	91	91 5/8	90 7/8	91 5/8
Bethlehem Steel	36 3/8	37	36 3/8	37
Bethlehem Steel pf	76	76	76	76
Brooklyn R T	92	92 1/2	92	92 1/2
Brooklyn Union	125	125	125	125
Cal Petroleum	25 1/2	26 1/4	25 1/2	26 1/4
Cal Petroleum pf	63 1/8	63 1/8	63 1/8	63 1/8
Can Pacific	210 1/2	212 3/8	210 1/2	211 7/8
Central Leather	30 1/4	30 7/8	30 1/8	30 7/8
Central Leather pf	99 3/4	100	99 3/4	100
Ches & Ohio	62 3/8	63 1/4	62 3/8	63 1/8
Chi M & St Paul	100 5/8	101 1/2	100 5/8	101 1/4
Chi & Gt Western	12 3/8	12 1/2	12 3/8	12 1/2
Chi & Gt West pf	29 1/4	30	29 1/4	29 5/8
Chi & N Western	134	134	134	134
Chino Copper	41	41 1/2	40 3/4	41 1/2
Colorado Fuel	31	31	31	31
Colorado Southern	24 1/2	24 1/2	24	24 1/2
Comstock Tunnel	8c	8c	8c	8c
Consolidated Gas	133	133	133	133
Corn Products	10 5/8	11	10 5/8	11
Corn Products pf	68	68	68	68
Del & Lackawanna	392	395	392	395
Denver	12 3/8	12 3/8	12 1/4	12 1/4
Denver pf	24	24	24	24
D S S & A	6	6	6	6
Erie	28 5/8	29 1/8	28 5/8	29
Erie 1st pf	45 1/2	46	45 1/4	46
Erie 2nd pf	37	37	37	37
Gen Electric	147 1/2	148 1/8	147 1/2	148
Gen Motor	68	70 1/8	68	70 1/8
Gen Motor pf	90 1/2	91 1/4	90 1/2	91 1/4
Goodrich, B. F.	22 1/2	23	22 1/2	22 3/4
Gt Northern Ore	36	36	36	36
Gt Northern pf	126 3/8	127 3/8	126 1/4	126 3/4
Gug Exploration Co.	50 5/8	50 7/8	50 5/8	50 7/8
Harvester of N. J.	103	103 1/4	103	103
Harvester Corp	103	103	103	103
Harvester of N.J. pf	117	117	117	117
Harvester Corp pf	117	117	117	117
Illinois Central	109 3/4	109 3/4	109 3/4	109 3/4
Inspiration	16 5/8	16 5/8	16 5/8	16 5/8
Interboro-Met	14 1/2	14 5/8	14 1/2	14 5/8
Interboro-Met pf	59 3/4	59 3/4	59 3/4	59 3/4
Kansas City So	24 5/8	25	24 5/8	25
Kansas City So. pf	60	60	60	60
Kansas & Texas	17 1/2	18 1/4	17 1/2	18 1/4
Kansas & Texas pf	53	54	52 3/8	54
Kayser Co	85	85	85	85
Kresge Co	102	103	102	102
Lehigh Valley	148 1/2	149 5/8	148 1/2	149 5/8
L-W Co 1st pf	103	103	103	103
Mackay Cos pf	70	70	70	70
Mex Petroleum	63	64 1/2	63	64 1/4
Miami	23	23	22 1/4	22 3/4
Missouri Pacific	23 1/2	24 3/4	23 1/2	24 3/4
Nat Biscuit	128 1/8	128 1/8	126 1/2	126 1/2
Nat Enamel	11 1/2	11 7/8	11 1/2	11 7/8
N RR of M 2d pf	10 1/4	10 1/4	10	10
Nevada Con	15 7/8	16	15 7/8	16
N Y Central	89 1/8	90	89 1/8	89 1/2
N Y N H & H	67 1/2	68 3/8	67 1/2	68
Norf & West	104	104	104	104
Norf & West pf	86 1/2	86 1/2	86 1/2	86 1/2
Northern Pac	113	113 3/4	112 3/4	113
Ont & West	27 1/8	27 1/4	27 1/8	27 1/4
Pac Mail	24 1/2	24 1/2	24 1/2	24 1/2
Pennsylvania	111 1/8	111 3/4	111 1/8	111 1/2
Pitts Coal	20 3/4	21 1/8	20 3/4	21 1/8
Pitts Coal pf	91	91 5/8	91	91 5/8
Pressed St Car	41 3/4	42 5/8	41 3/4	42 5/8
Pressed St Car pf	103	103	103	103
Pullman	154 3/4	154 3/4	154 3/4	154 3/4
Ray Con	19 1/2	19 5/8	19 1/2	19 5/8
Reading	164 1/4	165 3/8	164 1/8	165
Rdg 2d pf	90 1/2	90 1/2	90 1/2	90 1/2
Rep I & S	24 3/8	24 3/4	24	24 3/4
Rep I & S pf	88 1/8	88 1/2	88 1/8	88 1/2
Rock Island	4 3/4	5 7/8	4 3/4	5 7/8
Rock Island pf	8 1/8	8 7/8	8	8 7/8
Rumely	13	15	13	15
Rumely pf	28	31	28	31
Ry S S	27	27	27	27
Seaboard A L	20 1/4	20 1/4	20 1/4	20 1/4
Seaboard A L pf	53 1/8	54	53 1/8	54
Sears-Roebuck pf	124	124	124	124
Southern Pac	94 7/8	95 3/8	94 3/4	95 3/8
Southern Pac ctfs	100 7/8	101 1/8	100 7/8	101 1/8
Southern Ry	24 3/4	25 1/8	24 5/8	25
Southern Ry pf	82 1/2	83	82 1/2	83
St L & SF	3 1/2	3 1/2	3 1/2	3 1/2
St L Sou pf	60 1/8	60 1/8	60	60
Studebaker	26 1/2	26 1/2	26 1/2	26 1/2
Tenn Copper	34 1/2	35 3/8	34 3/8	35 3/8
Texas Co	146	147 1/4	146	147 1/4
Third Ave	42 1/2	43 1/4	42 1/2	43 1/4
Un B & P	7 3/8	7 3/8	7 3/8	7 3/8
Union Pac	169 1/2	160 5/8	159 1/4	160 5/8
Union Pac pf	85 3/8	85 3/8	85 3/8	85 3/8
U S C I P	12 3/4	12 3/4	12 3/4	12 3/4
U S Express	54	56	54	56
U S Rubber	58 1/4	59	58 1/4	58 3/4
U S Rubber pf	101 1/4	101 1/2	101 1/4	101 1/2
U S Steel	63 7/8	64 5/8	63 3/4	64 3/8
U S Steel pf	109 5/8	109 3/4	109 5/8	109 3/4
Utah Copper	53 1/2	54	53 1/4	53 7/8
Va-Car Chem	30 1/4	30 1/2	30 1/4	30 1/2
Wabash	2 1/4	2 1/4	2 1/4	2 1/4
Wabash pf	7	7 1/8	7	7 1/8
Western Maryland	30 3/4	30 3/4	30 3/4	30 3/4
Western Union	63 5/8	63 7/8	63 1/2	63 5/8
Westinghouse	69 3/4	70 5/8	69 3/4	70
Woolworth pf	116 3/4	117 1/2	116 3/4	117 1/2

*Ex-dividend.

DAIRY PRODUCTS

Boston Receipts

Today, 2646 tbs 1950 bxs 131,106 lbs butter, 677 bxs cheese, 4993 cs eggs; 1913, 2436 tbs 1520 bxs 139,985 lbs butter, 36 bxs chees, 1813 cs eggs.

New York Receipts

Today, 6255 pkgs butter, 1582 bxs cheese, 14,860 cs eggs; 1913, 8185 pkgs butter, 578 bxs cheese, 7906 cs eggs.

Other Markets

CHICAGO, Feb 25—Bttr firm: Ex 29 1/2 @30c, ex lsts 28@29, pkg stk 18 1/2@ 18 3/4; receipts 5474. Eggs firm: 1sts 26, ordinary 1sts 25@25 1/4; receipts 9822.

BRITISH IRON AND STEEL TRADE

LONDON—Value of British imports of iron and steel in 1913 was $119,000,000, compared with $105,000,000 in 1912. Value of exports was $474,000,000 in 1913 and $438,000,000 in 1912.

Quantity of pig iron exported last year was 1,124,815 tons, against 7,262,383 tons in previous year.

PRODUCE

Arrived

Str Juniata, from Norfolk, with 280 bags peanuts 125 bbls kale 714 bbls spinach.

Str Howard, from Norfolk, with 700 bags peanuts 360 bxs grape fruit 420 pkgs truck.

Str Katahdin, from Jacksonville, with 496 bxs oranges, 350 bxs grapefruit, 200 cts cabbages, 95 cts vegetables.

Str H F Dimock, from New York, brought 40 bbls potatoes, 259 bxs grapefruit, 296 bxs oranges, 35 bags peanuts, 30 cts, pines, 233 bxs macaronia.

Str Fuerst Bismarck, from Hamburg, brought 300 bags beans.

PROVISIONS

Boston Receipts

Apples 476 bbls 630 bxs, cranberries four bbls, strawberries 40 crts, Florida oranges 2061 bxs, California oranges 2776 bxs, grapefruit 1269 bxs, lemons 392 bxs, pines 30 crts, peanuts 1515 bags, potatoes 21,000 bu, sweet potatoes 311 bbls, onions 1507 bu.

Boston Poultry Receipts

Today 493 pkgs, last year 820 pkgs.

Boston Prices

Flour—Spring patents, in sacks, $4.90@5.40; special short patents, $5.35@5.70; winter patents, $4.85@5.30; winter straights, $4.60@5; winter clears, $4.45@4.70; spring clears, in sacks, $3.90@4.15; Kansas patents, in sacks, $4.40@4.80.

Millfeed—Spring bran, $28; winter bran, $28.25@28.75; Canadian bran, $28.25; Argentine bran, f. o. b. N. Y., $26.50@27; middlings, $27@30; mixed feed, $28.85@30; red dog, $30.50; cottonseed meal, $31.75@32.25.

Corn—Spot and nearby, No. 2 yellow, 76c.; No. 3 yellow, 72c; yellow, 71 1/2c; ship, No. 2 yellow, 75 1/2@76c; No. 3 yellow, 71@71 1/2c; yellow, 70 1/2@71c.

Oats—Junction points, No. 1 clipped white, 49@50c; No. 2 clipped white, 48c; No. 3 clipped white, 47c; ship fancy, 40 lbs, 46 1/2@47c; fancy, 38 lbs, 46@46 1/2c; regular, 38 lbs, 45@45 1/2c; regular, 36 lbs, 44 1/2@45c; Canadian, No. 2 western, 47 1/2c; No. 3 western, 47c.

Cornmeal — Granulated, $3.75@3.80; bolted, $3.70@3.75; feeding, $1.40@1.42; cracked corn, $1.43@1.46; bag meal, $1.41@1.43.

Hay—Choice, $22; No. 1 grade, $21; No. 2, $19@19.50; No. 3, $15@15.50; stock, $14.50.

Straw—Rye, $18@18.50; oats, $11.

Butter—Northern creamery, extra, 31@31 1/2c; western creamery, extra, 29 1/2@30 1/2c; western firsts, 29 1/2@30 1/2c

Eggs—Choice hennery and nearby, 35@36c; eastern extra, 34@35c; western extra, 32@33c; western prime firsts, 31@32c; western firsts, 29@30c.

Lard—Raw leaf, 12 1/2c; rendered leaf, 12 1/2c; pure lard, 11 7/8c

Potatoes—Maine, $1.85@1.95 per 2-bu. bag; sweet, 75@90c baskt.

Onions—Spanish, per case, $3.50; Connecticut, per 100-lb. bag, $3.25@3.50; York state, per 100-lb. bag, none offering.

Beans—Pea, new, per bu, $2.15@2.20; California, small white, $3.75@3.85; yellow eyes, $3; red kidneys, old, $2.70@2.90; new $3.

Fruit—Oranges, Florida, $1@2 box; California, $1.50@3.25; grapefruit, $2.50@4; tangerines, $2.50@4 strap; cranberries, $8@11 bbl, $2.50@3.50 crt; strawberries, 35@45c box.

Apples—Baldwins, $3.50@6; northern spy, $4@5; greenings, $3@4.50; western box apples, $2.25@3.

Sugar—American Sugar Refining Company's net quotations for 20-bbl lots: Crystal dominoes, 7.30@7.80c; eagle tablets, 6.10c; cubes, 4.70c; cut loaf, 5.60c; XXXX powdered, 4.30c; granulated and fine, bbls and 100-lb bags, 4.25c; 25-lb bags and under, 4.50@4.75c; diamond A, 4.15c; Ontario A, 4.20c; empire A, 4.15c; extra Cs, 3.90@4.05c; yellow Cs, 3.75@3.95c. Wholesale grocers quote: Granulated and fine, bbls and 100-lb bags, 4.40c.

CONDITIONS IN THE NORTHWEST

MINNEAPOLIS—February circular of Northwestern National Bank says: "Crop outlook for the coming season is very satisfactory, especially for wheat. Reports indicate a greatly increased acreage of spring wheat, and so far condition in the winter wheat belt has been excellent."

COTTON MARKET

NEW YORK—Cotton opening: March 12.21 bid, May 11.89, July 11.82, August 11.67, September 11.48, October 11.42@11.44, December 11.47, January 11.40@111.42.

LIVERPOOL, 2 p. m.—Cotton futures steady, up to 1/2 off: March-April 6.67 1/2, May-June 6.62 1/2, July-August 6.54, October-November 6.21 1/2. Sales spot 8000, including 7200 American.

METAL MARKET

NEW YORK—At the metal exchange tin was firm and five tons of June sold at 38.75c. Spelter was a shade lower. Quotations: Spelter 5.27 1/2@5.37 1/2. Tin 38.15@38.50. Lead 3.95@4.05.

BOSTON STOCKS

BOSTON—The following are the transactions of the Boston Stock Exchange, giving the opening, high, low and last sales to 2:30 p. m. today:

	Open	High	Low	Last Sale
Alaska Gold	21 1/8	21 1/2	21	21 1/2
Algomah	1 1/2	1 1/2	1 1/2	1 1/2
Allouez	41	41	40 5/8	41
Am Ag Chem	54	54	53 1/2	54
Am Ag Chem pf	95	95	95	95
Amalgamated	73	73 5/8	72 3/4	73 5/8
Am Pneumatic	3 1/2	3 1/2	3 1/2	3 1/2
Am Sugar	105 3/4	106	105 3/4	106
Am Tel	120 1/2	121	120 3/8	121
Am Woolen pf	77	77	76	76 1/8
Am Zinc	19	19 3/8	19	19 3/8
Ariz Com	4 11-16	5	4 11-16	4 11-16
Atl Gulf & W I pf	15	15	15	15
Boston & Albany	189	189	189	189
Boston Elevated	82	82	82	82
Boston & Lowell	170	170	170	170
Boston & Maine	43	44	43	43
Butte & Sup	35 1/4	35 3/4	35 1/4	35 1/2
Calumet & Ariz	67	67	67	67
Calumet & Hecla	435	435	430	430
Centennial	16 3/4	16 3/4	16 3/4	16 3/4
Chino	41	41 1/8	41	41 1/8
Copper Range	38	38 1/4	38	38
Cum Power pf	97 1/4	97 1/4	97 1/4	97 1/4
Daly West	2 1/2	2 1/2	2 1/2	2 1/2
East Boston	13	13	13	13
East Butte	11 1/2	11 3/4	11 1/2	11 3/4
Edison Elec	257 1/2	258	257 1/2	258
Franklin	5 1/4	5 3/4	5 1/4	5 3/4
General Elec	148	148 1/4	147 3/4	148
Granby	85	85	84	85
Greene-Cananea	38	38	37 1/2	38
Gt Nor rts	1 5/8	1 21-32	1 5/8	1 5/8
Hancock	19 1/2	19 3/4	19 1/2	19 3/4
Isle Royale	21	21	21	21
Kerr Lake	4 11-16	5	4 11-16	5
Keweenaw	3 7/8	3 7/8	3 3/4	3 7/8
Lake Copper	8 3/4	8 3/4	8 3/4	8 3/4
La Salle	5 1/4	5 1/4	5 1/4	5 1/4
Mass	3 3/8	3 3/8	3 1/4	3 1/4
Mass Gas	93	93 1/2	93	93 1/2
Mergenthaler	216 1/8	216 1/8	216 1/8	216 1/8
Mohawk	44 1/2	45 1/4	44 1/4	45 1/4
Nevada Cons	16 1/8	16 1/8	15 7/8	16
New Arcadian	3 3/4	3 7/8	3 3/4	3 7/8
New England Tel	138 1/2	138 1/2	138 1/2	138 1/2
Nipissing	6 7-16	6 1/2	6 3/8	6 3/8
North Butte	28 1/2	28 3/4	28 1/4	28 1/2
N Y N H & H	67 1/2	68 3/8	67 1/2	68
Nor Texas Elec	105	105	105	105
North Lake	2 1/4	2 1/4	2 1/4	2 1/4
Old Colony	165	165	165	165
Old Colony Mining	4 1/4	4 1/4	4 1/4	4 1/4
Pond Creek Coal	18 1/2	18 1/2	18 1/2	18 1/2
Pullman	154 1/2	154 1/2	154 1/2	154 1/2
Ray Cons	19 3/4	20	19 3/4	20
Reece Button	18 1/4	18 1/2	18 1/4	18 1/2
Santa Fe	2	2	2	2
Shattuck & Ariz	28 1/2	28 1/2	28 1/2	28 1/2
St Mary's	38	38 1/2	38	38 1/2
Superior	29	29 1/4	28 3/4	28 7/8
Sup & Boston	2 3/8	2 1/2	2 3/8	2 1/2
Swift & Co	107 3/8	107 1/2	107 1/4	107 1/4
Tamarack	40 1/4	41	40	40 3/4
Trinity	4 1/2	4 1/2	4 1/2	4 1/2
Tuolumne	60c	60c	60c	60c
United Fruit	168	168	167 1/2	167 1/2
Uni Shoe Mac	54 1/4	54 3/4	54	54 1/2
U S Smelting	41 1/2	41 3/4	41 1/2	41 3/4
U S Smelting pf	48 3/8	48 3/4	48 3/8	48 3/4
U S Steel	63 7/8	64 3/4	63 7/8	64 1/2
U S Steel pf	109 1/2	109 5/8	109 1/2	109 5/8
Utah-Apex	2 1/8	2 1/8	2 1/8	2 1/8
Utah Cons	12 1/2	12 1/2	12 1/4	12 1/2
Vermont & Mass	125	125	125	125
Victoria	1 1/2	1 1/2	1 3/8	1 1/2
West End	71	71	71	71
West End pf	93	93	93	93
Western Union rts	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Winona	4 1/2	4 1/2	4 1/4	4 1/4
Wolverine	46	46	46	46

BONDS

	High	Low	Last
Am Tel & Tel 4s	89	88 3/4	88 3/4
Am Tel & Tel cv 4 1/2s	96 3/4	96 1/2	96 1/2
Atl Gulf & W I 5s	66 1/2	66 1/2	66 1/2
C B & Q jt 4s	96	96	96
Chicago Junction 5s	100 1/4	100 1/4	100 1/4
Mass Gas 4 1/2s 1929	96	96	96
N E Tel 5s 1932	101 3/8	101 3/8	101 3/8
Pond Creek 6s	105 1/4	105 1/4	105 1/4
United Fruit 4 1/2s 1923	95 3/4	95 1/2	95 1/2
Western Tel 5s	97 1/2	97 1/4	97 1/4

BOSTON CURB

	High	Low	Last
Bay State Gas	15c	14c	14c
Boston-Corbin	31c	30c	30c
Bohemia	1 7-16	1 7-16	1 7-16
British Columbia	1 3/4	1 3/4	1 3/4
Calaveras	1 1/4	1 1/4	1 1/4
Calumet Corbin	24c	22c	22c
Chief	1	1	1
Consolidated Cop Mines	2 3/4	2 3/4	2 3/4
Contact Copper	50c	50c	50c
Crown Resv	1 3/4	1 3/4	1 3/4
Davis Daly	1 13-16	1 13-16	1 13-16
First National	2 7/8	2 7/8	2 7/8
Hollinger	16 1/2	16 3/8	16 1/2
Houghton	3	3	3
La Rose	1 3/4	1 3/4	1 3/4
Mexican Metals	27c	25c	27c
Nevada Douglas	1 1/4	1 3-16	1 3-16
New Baltic	2 1/8	2	2 1/8
New River pf	35	33	33 1/2
Old Dominion Trust Rcts	7	7	7
Stewart	1 1/4	1 1/4	1 1/4
Tonopah Mining	6 7/8	6 7/8	6 7/8
West End Cons	3 3-16	3 1-16	3 1-16
Yukon	2 1/2	2 1/2	2 1/2

CHICAGO BOARD

(Reported by C. F. & G. W. Eddy, Inc.)

	Open	High	Low	Close
Wheat—				
May	.95	.95 1/8	.94 7/8	.94 7/8b
July	.89 3/4	.89 3/4-	.89 1/2-	.89 5/8
Corn—				
May	.67 1/2	.67 5/8	.67 1/8	.67 1/8-
July	.67	.67 1/8	.66 3/4	.66 7/8
Sept	.66 1/4	.66 1/2-	.66	.66 1/8
Oats—				
May	.40 7/8	.41	.40 3/4	.40 3/4
July	.40 5/8	.40 3/4-	.40 3/8-	.40 1/2
Pork—				
May	21.67	21.72	21.57	21.57
July	21.72	21.77	21.65	21.65
Lard—				
May	10.80	10.92	10.80	10.80
July	...	11.02	10.97	10.97

PHILADELPHIA STOCKS

PHILADELPHIA—American Railways 39, Cambria Steel 49 3/4, Electric Storage Battery 52 7/8, General Asphalt pfd trc 79 3/4, Lehigh Nav tru 82 7/8, Lehigh Valley 74 7-16, Pennsylvania Steel pfd 66, Philadelphia Company 42 1/2, Philadelphia Company pfd 43, Philadelphia Electric 26 5/8, Philadelphia Rapid Transit 18, Philadelphia Traction 83 1/8, Union Traction 45 7/8, United Gas Improvement 83 3/4.

VULCAN DETINNING COMPANY

NEW YORK—The Vulcan Detinning Company reports for the year ended Dec. 31: Net loss from operations $213,570; for quarter ended Dec. 31 a loss of $51,335.

BURLINGTON'S LOADINGS

CHICAGO—Burlington's Feb. 1 loading to date shows a decrease of 5 per cent. Only increase is in coal.

MAINTENANCE EXPENDITURES OF RAILROADS

Extraordinary Increase in This Item During Last Year—Fairly Good Gain in Gross Earnings But Decline in Net

ESTIMATE OF RESULTS

NEW YORK—No feature of the experience of the railroads during 1913 is more interesting to investors and business men generally or more important to the commercial welfare of the country than their fiscal affairs. These can be summed up in the statement that while gross earnings, measuring pretty accurately the volume of their business, surged forward by approximately $137,000,000, their net earnings after paying operating expenses and taxes slipped back to the extent of about $37,000,000. For the calendar year partly estimated gross and net earnings compare with 1912 as below: Gross earnings, $3,255,500,000; increase, $136,000,000; per cent, 4.4. Net after taxes, $785,000,000; decrease, $37,000,000; per cent 4.5.

These figures are based on the reports of the interstate commerce commission for 10 months of the year, embracing roads earning 96 per cent of the total railroad revenues of the country, on similar reports for November and December of last year and the known trend of earnings and expenses for the last two months of this year, and on the usual proportions between the earnings of the reported and unreported companies. They are naturally subject to some revision when the complete returns are in, but they represent with fair accuracy what has happened to the railroad income account this year.

More nearly accurate figures can be made up for the "Class A" roads, those included in the commission's monthly reports of aggregate earnings. Estimating these from November and December gives the following results:

	1913	Inc.	%
Gross earn.s.	$3,060,106,000	$127,764,000	4.3
Oper. expense	2,167,057,000	150,540,000	7.4
Net oper. rev.	892,959,000	*22,776,000	2.5
Aux. opns. (net def.)	700,000	*2,108,500	..
Taxes	130,185,000	10,620,300	9.0
Net op. inc.	762,074.000	*35,504,800	4.4

*Decrease.

Obviously the increase in gross was only a moderate one. In good years railroad earnings have frequently increased as much as 10 per cent, against less than 5 per cent last year. But the railroads would have done well enough the past year with the business they had if able to control expenses. Rail operating expenses, the expense of conducting "auxiliary operations" (nothing to do with investments, which are source of "other income") and taxes together increased $163,300,000, or $35,600,000 more than gross.

Of the increase of $150,540,000 in expenses alone the larger part was due to increased maintenance. Ten months' reports show the following increases: Maintenance of way, $44,359,000; maintenance of equipment, $50,369,000; total, $90,728,000; transportation expense, $56,889,000.

The increase in maintenance is, on its face, extraordinary. It includes, however, replacement of much the larger part of the damage done by the floods of last March in Ohio and Indiana and subsequent high water in the lower Ohio and Mississippi valleys. In Ohio and Indiana alone the spring floods did damage to railroad property estimated at $12,000,000 to $15,000,000.

DIVIDENDS

The Ciribou Cobalt Mines Company has declared a dividend of 2 1/2 per cent, payable March 3 to holders of record March 16

Railway Steel Spring Company declared regular quarterly dividend of 1 3/4 per cent on its preferred stock payable March 20.

National Lead Company declared the usual quarterly dividend of 3/4 of 1 per cent on its common stock, payable March 31.

The Chicago Telephone Company has declared the regular quarterly dividend of $2, payable March 31 to stock of record March 30.

The Monogahela Valley Traction Company has declared a dividend of 1 1/2 per cent on its common stock, payable March 2.

The Childs Company declared regular quarterly dividends of 1 3/4 per cent on its preferred and 2 1/2 per cent on its common stocks, payable March 10.

American Car and Foundry Company declared regular quarterly dividends of 1 3/4 per cent on preferred and 1/2 per cent on common stock, payable April 1 to stock of record March 10.

E. I. Du Pont de Nemours Powder Company declared regular quarterly dividend of 2 per cent on common stock, payable March 16 to stock of record March 5, also a dividend of 1 1/4 per cent on preferred stock, payable April 25 to stock of record April 15.

LONDON METALS

LONDON—Best selected copper £69 5s; pig tin ended strong, spot up £1 10s to £174 15s; futures £176 15s up 10s; spelter steady unchanged at £21 10s. Cleveland warrants unchanged at 50s 4 1/2.

INCOME TAX

How to Make Returns

We have prepared two circulars based on the latest rulings of the Treasury Department. One of these gives directions for making returns on form 1040 prescribed by the Government for individuals, and the other gives directions for returns on form 1041 prescribed for fiduciaries. The directions cover every item called for in the Government forms, and specimen forms correctly filled in are reproduced.

We shall be glad to send a copy of either circular on request.

LEE, HIGGINSON & CO

New York BOSTON Chicago

THE Mutual National Bank of Boston

NEW YORK BONDS

NEW YORK—Following are the transactions in bonds on the New York Stock Exchange, giving the high, low and last sales to 2:30 p. m. today:

	High	Low	Last
Am Ag Chem 5s	101 1/4	101 1/4	101 1/4
Am H & L 6s	102 1/2	102 1/2	102 1/2
Am T & T clt	88 7/8	88 3/4	88 7/8
Am T&T cv 4 1/2s	96 1/2	96 1/2	96 1/2
Armour 4 1/2s	92 7/8	92 3/4	92 3/4
Atch adj 4s	87 1/2	87 1/2	87 1/2
Atch 4s	95 1/8	94 7/8	95 1/8
Atch cv 4s 1960	97	96 5/8	96 3/4
At C L 4s	93	93	93
B & O 4s	94 1/2	94 1/2	94 1/2
B & O cv	93	92 3/4	92 7/8
Beth Steel fdg	86 1/2	86 1/4	86 1/4
Brooklyn 4s	91 1/2	91 1/2	91 1/2
B R T 5s 1918	99 1/2	99 3/8	99 1/2
Cent Leather 5s	98 3/4	98 3/4	98 3/4
Central Pac 1sts	93	93	93
C & O cv	84	84	84
C B & Q Ill. 4s	95	95	95
C & O 4 1/2s	95	95	95
C B & Q Ill 3 1/2s	84 1/2	84 1/2	84 1/2
C B & Q gm 4s	93 3/4	93 1/2	93 3/4
Chi Gt West 4s	74 1/4	74 1/4	74 1/4
C R I & P 4s	47 1/4	46 1/2	47 1/4
Denver fdg	67 1/2	67 1/2	67 1/2
Erie cv A	74 3/4	74 3/4	74 3/4
Erie cv B	74	74	74
Erie gl	74 7/8	74 7/8	74 7/8
Erie gen 4s	86	86	86
Gen Motors 6s	100 7/8	100 7/8	100 7/8
Ill Cent fdg	94	94	94
Indiana Steel 5s	101	101	101
Inter Met 4 1/2s	77 5/8	77 1/2	77 5/8
Iowa Cent 4s	54	54	54
Lack Steel 1950	77 3/8	77 3/8	77 3/8
Lake Shore 4s	91 3/4	91 3/4	91 3/4
Lake Shore 4s 1931	92	92	92
L & N 4s	94	93 1/2	94
Manhattan 4s	91 3/8	91 3/8	91 3/8
No Pac cv	72	72	72
N Y Cent 4s	91 1/2	91	91 1/2
N Y City 4 1/4s	101	101	101
N Y City 3 1/2 1954	86	86	86
N Y City 4s 1957	97 5/8	97 5/8	97 5/8
N Y City 4 1/2s 1863	106 1/2	106 3/8	106 3/8
N Y Ry 4s	78 1/4	78 1/4	78 1/4
N Y Ry 5s	62 1/2	61	61 1/2
NY NH & H 6s	114 3/8	114 3/8	114 3/8
Norf & West 4s	94 5/8	94 5/8	94 5/8
Nor Pac 4s	95	94 1/2	94 1/2
Pa cv 3 1/2s	98 3/4	98 3/4	98 3/4
Pac T & T 5s	98 1/8	98 1/8	98 1/8
Ray Con 6s	109	109	109
Reading 4s	95	94 3/4	94 7/8
Rock Island fdg	78 1/2	78	78 3/8
Seaboard A L fd	77 1/4	77	77 1/4
Seaboard A L adj	77 1/4	77	77
So Pac 4s	92	91 3/4	91 3/4
So Pac cv 4s	88 1/8	87 7/8	88
So Pac fdg	92 1/8	92 1/8	92 1/8
So Pac cv wi	102 3/8	102 3/8	102 3/8
So Ry 4s	74 7/8	74 3/4	74 7/8
So Ry 5s	105 3/8	105 3/8	105 3/8
St L & S F fdg	77	77	77
St L & Sou cv	76	76	76
St Paul cv	102 1/4	102	102 1/4
Texas Co cv	104 1/4	104	104 1/4
Third Ave adj 5s	81 7/8	81 1/4	81 1/2
Third Ave fdg 4s	83	82 1/2	82 7/8
Union Pac cv 4s	90 7/8	90 1/8	90 3/4
Union Pac 4s	96 3/8	96 1/4	96 1/4
Un RRs of SF 4s	58	58	58
U S Steel 5s	102 5/8	102 1/2	102 5/8
Va Ry 5s	99 3/4	99 3/4	99 3/4
Wabash 4s	57 3/4	56 1/2	57 3/4
Wab-P 1st 4s T ctfs	12	10 1/4	12
Western Union 4 1/2s	92 1/8	92	92

GOVERNMENT BONDS.

	Opening Bid	Opening Asked	Closing Bid	Closing Asked
Registered 2s	98 3/4	99 1/4	98 3/4	99 1/4
coupon	98 3/4	99 1/2	98 3/4	99 1/2
Registered 3s	102	103	102	103
coupon	102 1/4	......	102 1/4	103 1/4
Registered 4s	111 3/4	112 3/4	111 3/4	112 3/4
coupon	112	......	112	......
Panama 2s	98 1/2	......	98 1/2	......
Panama 2s '38	98 1/2	......	98 1/2	......
coupon	101 1/2	102 1/2	101 1/2	102 1/2
Panama 3s '61	101 1/2	......	101 1/2	......

CHICAGO STOCKS

(Reported by Hayden, Stone & Co.)

	Bid	Asked
Am Can	28 3/4	29 3/4
do pf	91	91 3/4
Booth Fisheries	37	..
do pf	75	..
Chicago City Rys	..	70
Commonwealth Edison	135	136
Chicago Title & Trust	208	215
Chicago Union Carbide	145	146
Chicago Pneumatic Tool	57 3/4	58 1/4
Chicago Rys No 1	92	93 1/2
do No 2	32 1/4	33
do No 3	6 1/2	7 1/4
do No 4	2 7/8	3 1/2
Diamond Match	99	100
Illinois Brick	64	66
Kansas City Light	..	18
do pf	..	36
Chicago Elev	20	30
do pf	65	85
National Carbon	155	159
do pf	115 1/4	..
Quaker Oats	240	250
do pf	105	107 1/4
Am Ship Building	35	38
do pf	80	81 1/2
Sears, Roebuck Co.	184 1/4	185
do pf	124	..

BANK OF FRANCE REPORT

PARIS—Weekly statement Bank of France: Gold on hand increased f.9,958,000; silver on hand decreased $1,475,000; notes in circulation decreased 56,526,000; treasury deposits decreased 306,000; general deposits increased 76,270,000; bills discounted decreased 1,340,000; advances decreased f.3,590,000.

LONDON MARKET RALLIES AFTER EARLY DECLINE

Oversold Condition Develops and Followed by Urgent Buying Causing a Strong Finish—Consols Have Recovery

AMERICANS STRONGER

Special Cable to the Monitor from its European Bureau

LONDON—After dull opening markets improved at the close.

(By Boston Financial News)

LONDON—Late in the day an oversold condition in securities developed with a resulting rally and the finish was strong.

There were evidences of a cautious change to a somewhat more bullish attitude on the part of insiders.

A favorable influence was the better showing in the Bank of England return than had been looked for. The bank loaned lightly but did little or no discounting. Discounts shaded slightly. Consols spurted on covering in advance of the monthly carryover. Improvement took place in home rails.

Professionals imparted a stronger tone to Americans, partly in response to New York.

Apprehensions of a poor showing of earnings for January affected Canadian Pacific.

Foreigners and mines became firmer. Debeers unchanged at 18 3/4, Rio Tintos up 3/8 at 69 7/8.

PARIS—Bourse was firmer at the close.

BERLIN—Bourse left off weaker.

LONDON MARKET—CLOSE

		Advance
Amalgamated	73 1/2	*1/4
Atchison	96 3/8	*1/4
Baltimore & Ohio	91	*3/8
Canadian Pacific†	212	7/8
Chesapeake & Ohio	62 5/8	*1/4
Chicago Great Western	13 3/8	7/8
St. Paul	101 5/8	5/8
Denver & Rio Grande	12 1/2	2 1/4
Erie	29	1/8
do 1st pf	45 3/4	1/4
Illinois Central	109 7/8	*3/8
Louisville & Nashville	136 1/4	1/4
Kansas & Texas	17 7/8	*1/4
New York Central	89 7/8	1/2
Norfolk & Western	103 1/2	*3/8
Ontario & Western	27 1/8	*3/8
Pennsylvania	111 3/4	1/4
Reading	164 3/4	..
Southern Railway	24 3/4	*1/4
Union Pacific†	159 7/8	..
United States Steel†	64 1/8	..
Wabash	2 3/8	3/8

*Decline. †Ex-dividend.

ORDERS FOR RAILS PLACED

PHILADELPHIA—Pennsylvania Steel Company has received an order for 3000 tons Mayari open-hearth steel rails for Great Northern railway.

Maryland Steel Company, a subsidiary of the Pennsylvania Steel Company, has received an order for 12,000 tons of steel rails from the Atlantic Coast Line Railroad Company.

HENDEE MANUFACTURING COMPANY

Makers of INDIAN MOTORCYCLES

Preferred and Common Stock

(Tax Exempt in Mass.)

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Financial, Commercial and Investment News

UNSATISFACTORY YEAR FOR AMERICAN SUGAR REFINING

Shareholders Do Not Expect Much Better Showing Than Earning of the Seven Per Cent Dividend on the Preferred — Good Average Results

While stockholders of American Sugar Refining Company will not be able to take much comfort in the financial results of 1913, it is well to remember that the 12 months just expired were the most trying which the sugar trade has known for 20 years. Possibly the statement would not be too strong that it was the poorest year in the entire history of the industry.

For this reason American Sugar stockholders do not expect a showing of profits much better than the earnings of the 7 per cent dividend on the $45,000,000 preferred. The surplus after preferred dividends for the $45,000,000 common will be small—probably not over 1 per cent.

This does not raise any question of the continuance of the common stock dividend. In the three years 1911, 1912 and 1913, the American Sugar Refining Company has earned a balance of 35 per cent for its common stock, or 14 per cent more than the amount distributed in dividends.

The average therefore has been a good one, and directors have every confidence that this average will continue to be satisfactory.

It is the history of the sugar business that two poor years never come in succession. Barring a reversal of precedent, therefore, it is reasonable to look for a sharp up-turn in American Sugar earnings during 1914.

The company is of course in wonderfully strong position as respects cash and quick assets. Its working capital totals $40,000,000, of which more than 50 per cent is in cash. American Sugar and Arbuckle are the only two sugar refining companies which are continuously free from the necessity of borrowing money in the open market. They are usually lenders through their banks of deposit.

It will probably be 1915 before the sugar industry gets really settled down to the changes created by the new tariff. A 25 per cent cut in raw sugar goes into effect March 1, and will be followed by further reductions until sugar goes on the free list in 1916.

But curtailment of sugar growing which free sugar is bringing is expected to begin to make itself decisively felt in 1915 and should be apparent by the end of this year. In the meantime the outlook is for a slightly higher market for raws during the balance of this year, and an advancing market for raws normally means net profits for American Sugar.

Few persons appreciate how narrow is the margin of profit in the sugar refining business. It was more or less of an axiom a few years ago that 15 per cent was a fair manufacturing profit. That percentage still prevails in certain lines. But American Sugar's profits, counting in its profits on raw sugars, do not average 5 per cent. It is doubtful if the company makes 3 per cent on its average refining profit year in and out. It is the volume of business which gives the company its earning power.

MONEY-ORDER REGULATIONS AND THE EXPRESS COMPANIES

NEW YORK—Express company officials are interested in a prospective money-order regulation, which will permit payment of postal money orders at any one of the 54,594 money-order stations throughout the country, instead of at the offices only on which they are drawn. The subject has been referred by the postmaster-general to the congressional committee on postoffice matters, and it is generally expected that the proposed regulation will be reported favorably. It is said the regulation will materially broaden the scope of the government's domestic money order, and in some quarters it is believed it will cut into such business done by express companies.

Some express officials are inclined to believe that proposed regulation will eventually have that effect, notwithstanding that the express money order will retain certain minor advantages over the postal order, chief among which perhaps is the one that express orders may be drawn for any amount while the postal orders are limited to $100.

Other express officials, and they are in the majority, say the companies will be able to hold their own whatever the effect of this contemplated move by the government. They feel confident the latter's money-order business will not expand simply because of the somewhat greater elasticity the new regulation would impart to it, and that this latter feature will not impel regular users of the express order to adopt the postal order.

While gross revenue derived annually from sale of domestic express money orders is not large compared with gross revenue from transportation, even in the case of American Express Company, which does the largest money order business, it is nevertheless a fairly considerable item in this day of reduced express rates and a steadily expanding parcel post.

The government's annual domestic money-order business mounts roughly to about six times that of all express companies and rates for the two services are identical. Volume of domestic money order business done by the four principle express companies annually, the last three years, together with revenue yielded, is indicated in the following tabulation:

Company:	Year	No orders	Amount	Rev
Adams Ex.	1913	1,129,687	$10,839,846	$76,551
	1912	1,058,826	10,479,780	71,604
	1911	969,181	10,082,603	66,851
Amer Exp.	1913	4,899,160	45,298,787	329,523
	1912	4,749,629	44,087,640	311,127
	1911	4,686,828	43,726,708	277,135
U S Exp.	1913	1,488,505	13,280,740	87,965
	1912	1,484,972	13,797,667	91,888
	1911	1,532,487	15,119,242	99,000
Wls, F&Co.	1913	2,574,956	28,774,590	190,797
	1912	2,414,272	28,560,857	184,576
	1911	1,955,537	22,987,771	141,886

As shown above, the express companies last fiscal year sold 10,092,328 domestic money orders representing $98,193,963 and an average, approximately, of $9.80 per order sold. The government, during the same period sold 90,656,145 domestic money orders aggregating $624,849,096 with $6.90 as about the average.

Express company officials, of course, would regard it as unfortunate should their companies be subjected to increased governmental competition even in this limited division of operation as under the steadily expanding competition of the parcel post and the greatly reduced rates on state and interstate business, operative since Feb. 1 last, any loss of revenue, however small, would make itself felt.

GOOD BUSINESS GAIN OF THE MAIL ORDER HOUSES

Sears, Roebuck has started its new [illegible] in a vigorous manner which gives [illegible] of another twelvemonth of ex[illegible] results. January gross made a [illegible] of 8.3 per cent, and now February following along at the rate of a 10 [illegible] cent expansion in selling volume.

It is interesting to observe that a 10 [illegible] cent gain in gross would give total [illegible] of $105,000,000 for 1914, or $100,000 after taking out all allowances, [illegible]unts and other features.

Sears, Roebuck & Co. has only recently [illegible]ent to stockholders its statement [illegible]erations for the 1913 year. Montgomery Ward, the other big Chicago mail [illegible] house, has also given out its 1913 [illegible]ults.

A comparison is therefore in order and [illegible]als some very interesting points of [illegible]rence. Sears, Roebuck is of course [illegible] the larger undertaking. Its gross [illegible]$95,584,000 compares with $39,725,000 [illegible] the Montgomery Ward people, a [illegible]rence of $56,000,000.

The major distinction between the [illegible]companies however, is in net. Sears, [illegible]uck made last year a profit of 9.8 [illegible]cent on each $1 of gross sales. Montgomery Ward, on the other hand, made a [illegible]t of less than half that, or 4.1 per [illegible].

This difference is so wide as to demand [illegible]anation. It is partly accounted for [illegible] the fact that Sears, Roebuck manufactures a considerable percentage of its [illegible] in its own factories. In other [illegible]rds, the company is not only a huge [illegible]selling organization, but an industrial [illegible]anufacturer as well. Montgomery [illegible]ard makes practically none of the goods it sells. It is simply a distributing machine.

Sears, Roebuck probably manufactures between $20,000,000 to $25,000,000 of the $91,000,000 of products it distributed last year. Montgomery Ward's proportion of own manufactured goods is negligible.

It is unfair to bear down too heavily upon the net results of Montgomery Ward for 1913. It was a period of reorganization, refinancing and the opening of new branch houses whose sales did not have time to measure themselves in net profits. In other words, a large bulk of unusual and incidental expense was written off during 1913 and the company starts this year with prospects much better for a fair margin of profit. In 1912 the company's ratio of net to gross was 6.7 per cent against 4.1 per cent in 1913. There is no reason whatever why the larger figure should not prevail again this year.

QUAKER OATS CO. ANNUAL REPORT

NEW YORK—Quaker Oats Company reports for year ended Dec. 31, 1913:

	1913	Decrease
Net profits	$2,287,010	$342,041
Depreciation	225,583	*27,929
Balance	2,051,426	163,970
Preferred dividend	540,000	
Common dividend	749,892	*249,892
Total dividends	1,289,892	*249,892
Surplus	761,534	413,862
Previous surplus	2,201,549	1,324,601
Total surplus	2,963,083	1,738,466
Stock div 50% on com		2,500,000
Final surplus	2,963,083	*761,534

*Increase.

OPERATIONS OF LEHIGH VALLEY FOR JANUARY

NEW YORK—Lehigh Valley, the first system to publish January earnings, reports very indifferent results, and indications are that January railroad statements during the next two weeks will not be very flattering. Lehigh's gross declined 20 per cent, and net was less than half that of a year ago, percentage of decrease being 54 per cent. Operating ratio was 81 per cent of gross, against 73 per cent the previous January.

The road succeeded in cutting down expenses so that the total was 11.3 per cent below January, 1913, but not sufficiently to compensate for the sharp drop in gross. Of total decrease in expenses of $282,046, maintenances of way, which was running high last year, contributed $182,222. Transportation expenses were reduced 3.9 per cent.

Maintenance of equipment was curtailed only $67,916, and for seven months is $87,622 ahead of last year, which was a period of very heavy maintenance. Lehigh has been spending freely on equipment, with expectation that a turn in gross before close of the current fiscal year will make any substantial retrenchment here unnecessary.

The close of the seven months' period finds the road with gross and net comparing as follows:

	1914	Decrease	
Gross	$23,957,900	$1,981,385	7.6%
Net af txs	6,322,199	1,656,962	20.8

Mild weather this winter has, until recently, severely restricted consumption, and, therefore, movement of anthracite; and coal revenues, which a year ago were at record figures, this year have been below normal. January, however, witnessed similarly a sharp falling off in revenues from transportation of general freight, reflecting the condition of iron and steel and other industries. Trunk lines are busy considering and devising means to curtail expenses, in view of unsatisfactory trend of gross; and a better grip on costs may be expected in coming months, saving net to a greater degree Eastern roads are pruning wherever possible, and only the most necessary improvement work is being done.

CORN SITUATION MAY BE CHANGED

CHICAGO—Those who have been close to the bull side of corn and who have been carrying the load of cash and futures here, are doing so in the belief that in the advent of mild weather and the inauguration of spring farm work there will be a complete change in the situation surrounding corn. The downstate speculators who sold out some time ago, or about the same time Patten disposed of his line, are again to be seen on the bull side. At the moment there is no business in corn from Chicago and the importing countries are being furnished with all the grain they are able to use by Argentina. Chicago stocks are increasing and there is a possibility they will reach the 10,000,000 bushel mark by March 1.

Argentine crop advices on corn have not been quite as good the past week as previously. Late planted corn suffered considerably.

COLUMBUS GAS COMPANY DEAL

NEW YORK—A deal has been closed between Columbus Gas & Fuel Company and Ohio Fuel Supply Company by which former will take over the Federal Gas & Fuel Company, a subsidiary of Ohio Fuel Supply, which supplies Columbus, O., with a part of its gas.

The deal will give Columbus Gas & Fuel Company the exclusive distribution of gas in Columbus and suburbs. Columbus Gas & Fuel Company will turn over to Ohio Fuel Supply all its natural gas lands, reserving the oil rights, and will purchase its gas at wholesale from Ohio Fuel Supply and Columbus Natural Gas companies. The closing of this deal will render unnecessary the building of the projected new pipe line from Ohio into the West Virginia field by Columbus Gas & Fuel Company.

CALGARY POWER COMPANY'S YEAR

MONTREAL—The annual meeting of the shareholders of the Calgary Power Company will be held in Montreal on March 16.

For 1913 gross earnings of the company amounted to $240,116, operating expenses $52,055, leaving net earnings available for bond interest $188,060. After paying interest of $100,034, a balance of $88,026 remains, equivalent to 4¾ per cent on the common stock.

A comparison of the earnings for 1913 with those of 1912 shows how business has increased:

	1912	1913
Gross earnings	$192,346	$240,116
Oper expenses	40,639	52,055
Net earnings	151,707	188,060
Net interest, charges	89,757	100,034
Surplus	61,949	88,026

SUGAR MARKET

NEW YORK—Domestic refined and spot ray sugar markets unchanged; London beets unchanged—February and March 9s 3d; May 9s 4½d, unchanged.

BUENOS AIRES DOAN

NEW YORK—A London cable says that the £2,500,000 Buenos Aires city 5 per cent loan was quickly oversubscribed in that city.

WOOLWORTH CO. GOOD SHOWING FOR THE YEAR

Balance for Common Stock Increases More Than Two Per Cent in Twelve Months—Expense Ratio Kept Down Well

INCREASE IN ASSETS

NEW YORK—Report of F. W. Woolworth Company for fiscal year ended Dec. 31, 1913, the second to be issued under the new capitalization, shows net available for dividends of $6,461,118. The balance after providing for preferred dividends, amounted to $5,411,118, an increase of approximately 24 per cent over that item in 1912 and equal to 10.82 per cent on the $50,000,000 common stock, compared with previous year's surplus of 8.73 per cent

Surplus after dividends for 1913 showed a decrease of $703,681, caused by placing the common stock on a 6 per cent basis, adding thereby $1,000,000 to the disbursement on that issue. Accumulated surplus now totals $6,025,917, equal to 12.50 per cent on the common stock.

Net current assets as of Dec. 31, 1913, aggregated $12,152,587, compared with $11,040,330 on corresponding date of the previous year. Working capital may be summarized as follows:

Current assets—	1913	Increase
Inventory of mdse	$9,579,064	$950,223
Cash on hand & on dep	2,703,985	130,850
Accts receivable	169,015	*6,925
Adv payments on goods in transit	27,366	*58,022
Divs & int accrd	13,624	8,702
Totals	$12,487,054	$1,118,720
Current liabilities—		
Accts, paymts, txs, int	$71,970	$6,643
Div on pfd stock	262,500	
Totals	334,470	6,643
Net cur assets	12,152,587	1,112,257

*Decrease.

During the year 56 new stores were opened, bringing total up to 687. Expenses conected with the establishment of the new stores did not have any apparent effect on net earnings, as they increased $1,046,320 on a $5,670,305 increase in gross sales. This represents considerable improvement over 1912, when 50 new stores were opened, sales increased $7,941,644, and net only $459,543. Introduction of stores in new territory is always accompanied by an increase in operating ratio, which, of course, declines as business of the new stores increases. The margin of profit for the year's operations showed an improvement, ratio of net income to gross sales being 9.76 per cent, against 8.95 per cent for 1912.

WOOL BUYERS IN MONTANA FIELD

BUTTE—Wool buyers representing Boston houses are in the Montana field the earliest in years, more than 1,000,000 pounds of wool already having been contracted for Eisemann Brothers of Boston, at prices ranging from 15 to 17 cents.

One of the largest clips in northern Montana has been secured, the wool being purchased still on the backs of from 40,000 to 50,000 sheep of the Long bands. The prices being paid show little change from last year; if anything a firmness is displayed that is encouraging flockmasters to look for still higher prices. Some sales at 11 cents a pound have been reported from Wyoming for inferior grades of wool.

RAILWAY EARNINGS

COLORADO & SOUTHERN		
January—		Increase
Oper rev	$1,134,385	*$134,228
Net op rev	313,529	*92,132
Surplus	61,963	*59,823
From July 1—		
Op rev	8,447,149	*845,422
Net op rev	2,314,187	*842,859
Surplus	586,203	*904,734
BUFFALO, ROCHESTER & PITTSBURGH		
Third week Feb	$209,550	*$15,565
From July 1	7,585,363	314,293
WESTERN PACIFIC		
Third week Feb	$80,000	*$24,500
From July 1	4,115,600	101,300
DENVER & RIO GRANDE		
Third week Feb	$390,700	*$34,700
From July 1	15,785,200	*612,200
CHESAPEAKE & OHIO LINES		
Third week Feb	$583,078	*$179,454
From July 1	23,524,281	536,030
ATCHISON		
January—		
Gross earnings	$8,541,448	*$1,157,471
Oper expenses	6,081,893	*989,841
Net oper revenue	2,459,524	*167,630
Taxes	446,826	56,558
Oper income	2,012,598	*224,183
From July 1—		
Gross earnings	66,447,695	*4,479,553
Oper expenses	44,174,883	*2,277,528
Net oper revenue	22,272,812	*1,702,025
Taxes	3,231,366	504,854
Oper income	19,041,445	*2,206,880
ST. LOUIS SOUTHWESTERN R. R.		
Third week February	$239,000	*$4,000
From July 1	8,814,297	*157,365
INTERBOROUGH RAPID TRANSIT		
January—		
Gross oper revenues	$2,933,870	$130,520
Oper expenses	1,138,553	*16,199
Net oper revenues	1,795,317	46,725
Taxes	174,132	*170
Other income	44,251	10,325
Gross income	1,665,436	57,220
Interest, rentals, etc	912,471	*12,569
Net corp income	752,965	69,789
From July 1—		
Gross oper revenue	18,933,322	292,809
Oper expenses	7,472,626	*181,211
Net oper revenues	11,460,696	474,020
Taxes	1,225,53	*47,478
Other income	370,993	131,023
Gross income	10,606,136	652,521
Interest, rentals, etc	6,580,797	137,129
Net income	4,025,339	5153,92
Surplus	2,275,339	515,392

*Decrease.

COPPER STATEMENT

NEW YORK—A copper man with excellent sources of information estimates producers' statistics for February will show close to a stand-off between production and deliveries.

STEEL SPECIFICATIONS ARE ENCOURAGING TO TRADE

More Blast Furnaces Are Going in as Various Companies Have Been Using Up Accumulations of Pig Iron—Developments in Finished Lines Meager

NEW YORK—The Iron Age says: Reports from the large steel companies emphasize the good rate of specifications more than that of strictly new orders. Chicago notes an appreciable lull in new business in steel products, as well as pig iron; at Pittsburgh recent conditions are practically unchanged both as to mill operations and new bookings.

The extent to which manufacturing consumers have caught step with the rolling mills is a matter on which steel makers are seeking light in determining how far the restocking movement of recent weeks will have the backing of expanding industry. The coming month may make this clearer. Foundries have shown practically no increase in their melt of iron and in machinery lines there has been no real movement thus far.

Steel companies have been using up accumulated pig iron and a few more blast furnaces are going in, including two at Sparrows Point and three of the Carnegie Steel Company stacks. Last week the Steel corporation blew in four furnaces. Its active steel ingot capacity this week is 82 per cent. The average of independent companies is below this. For the month a considerable increase in the Steel corporation's unfilled orders is said to be indicated.

Late additions to the illuinois Central's rail orders bring the total up to 67,500 tons, divided between the Ensley and Chicago district mills. The Great Northern has placed a total of 15,000 tons with three companies, and the Buffalo, Rochester & Pittsburgh has bought 5000 tons at Pittsburgh, besides placing similar contracts with two other companies. A sale of 7500 tons has been made for shipment to the east coast of South America.

Structural contracts let in the week amount to 40,000 tons, of which about 15,000 tons went to the leading company. At Philadelphia the Widener building will require about 9000 tons and the Great Northern office building at St. Paul 8000 tons.

Developments in most finished lines have been meager. The mills are quite well sold for March, but here and there an order comes up that is eagerly competed for, as is to be expected with existing slack in capacity.

Buying in a small way for shipment to the United States is reported in Belgian and German finished material markets, and German steel bars are being offered at more attractive prices on our Atlantic seaboard, though without sales. There has been some inquiry also on American account for continental semi-finished steel of special analysis. German pig-iron stocks increased 38,000 tons in January to 653,000 tons, against 243,000 tons on Feb. 1 last year, not a heavy gain considering the strain on the German iron trade in the year.

The eastern pig-iron market is interested in recent offerings of foundry iron from the Dominion Iron & Steel Company's furnaces at Sydney, Nova Scotia. Arrangements have been made to bring in cargoes of this iron at Philadelphia for distribution through the East. It has been offered at about $15 for No. 2 at and near Boston.

To the recent buying of basic pig iron in eastern Pennsylvania several transactions were added in the week, one steel company closing for 10,000 tons.

Some buyers are sounding the foundry iron market for the second half. Furnaces have so little profit on their sales for the first six months that they are asking 50 cents to $1 advance on deliveries beyond July. 1.

SHOE BUYERS

(Compiled by The Christian Science Monitor, Feb. 26)

Among the boot and shoe dealers and leather buyers in Boston today are the following:

Atlanta—C. E. Hymson; U. S.
Chicago—E. L. Kennedy of M. B. Holden Co.; U. S.
Chicago—W. Porgess of Lloyd Co.; Essex.
Columbus, O.—A. V. Holbrook; Tour.
Corinth, Miss.—J. Rubel; Essex.
Havana, Cuba—C. Vilas; U. S.
Houston, Tex.—I. Miller; U. S.
Moultrie, Ga.—Louis Friedlander of Moultrie Bargain House; U. S.
New York—Fred Koch of Standard Mail Order House; Essex.
Portsmouth, O.—M. Lehman of Lehman & Bros.
Sacramento, Cal.—E. T. Reidy of Winestock & Lubin; Essex.
Tifton, Ga.—S. Kulbeish; U. S.

LEATHER BUYERS

Glasgow, Scotland—Cecil Weir of Schrader, Mitchell & Weir; Tour.
Havana, Cuba—C. O. Ribera of Pedro Gomez Cueto Co.; 161 South st.
Liverpool, Eng.—Harry Boston of Henry Boston & Sons; Tour.
London, Eng.—John Morton of John Morton & Sons; Essex.
Rochester, N. Y.—Geo. Metzger of Utz & Dunn.

(The New England Shoe and Leather Association cordially invites all visiting buyers to call at its headquarters and trade information bureau, 166 Essex street, Boston. The Christian Science Monitor is on file.)

MATURITIES OF THE AMERICAN TELEPHONE CO.

It is understood that American Telephone has maturing this year some $15,000,000 of subsidiary company six months' paper. Of this $10,000,000 was sold in October last and matures in April. The other $5,000,000 does not come due until June. Funds for payment of these notes have already been arranged for through the sale of $10,000,000 long time bonds of the Central District Printing & Telegraph Company. The other $5,000,000 will be provided for through an equal amount of Southern Bell Telephone 5 per cent bonds.

It is also understood that American Telephone, the system, came into the new year with about $30,000,000 of cash on hand. This money together with the proceeds of the sale of Western Union stock, which will come in by April 1, should easily permit the company and its subsidiaries to go through this year without further consideration of the question of finance.

BANK OF ENGLAND REPORT

LONDON — Following changes are shown in the Bank of England weekly statement:

		Increase
Total reserve	£32,944,000	£45,000
Circulation	28,210,000	133,000
Bullion	42,705,000	178,000
Other secs	37,986,000	844,000
Other deps	43,438,000	*2,519,000
Public deps	20,636,000	3,412,000
Government secs	11,252,000	*3,000

*Decrease.

Proportion of the bank's reserve to liabilities is now 51.40 per cent, against 52 per cent last week, and compares with a decline from 46⅜ per cent to 43⅝ per cent in this week last year.

Clearings through London banks for the week, £298,710,000 against £406,370,000 last week and £279,149,000 last year.

LOCOMOTIVE ORDERS

PHILADELPHIA—During week ending Feb. 21 Baldwin Locomotive Works received an order for three Mikado type and one ten-wheeled type locomotive for the Missouri & North Arkansas railway.

FINANCIAL NOTES

Buyers in New York from St. Louis and Chicago say trade is excellent in the middle West.

Deposits in New Hampshire savings banks increased $5,000,000 in 1913, reaching $104,000,000.

Southern Railway has authorized expenditure of $500,000 for 27 large locomotives and $250,000 for the construction of new freight terminals.

Third Avenue Railroad will receive sealed proposals for purchase of the whole or any part of $4,000,000 first refunding mortgage 4 per cent gold bonds, due Jan. 1, 1960, on or before noon at March 10. In making allotments stockholders of record March 2 will have the preference.

George J. Gould authorized the statement that whatever money Missouri Pacific might need to pay an assessment on its $13,000,000 Wabash Railroad Company common and preferred shares would be furnished by the Gould family. A Missouri Pacific director also declared that present plans for taking care of the $25,000,000 Missouri Pacific notes maturing in June contemplate an exchange of the notes for 6 per cent bonds of St. Louis, Iron Mountain & Southern. Those not exchanged will be paid in cash.

UNITED GAS IMPROVEMENT CO. REPORT

United Gas Improvement Company reports for year ended Dec. 31 last:

	1913	Increase
Gross earnings	$8,613,194	*$1,875
Expenses	1,142,087	51,708
Net profits	7,471,107	*53,583
Dividends	4,440,236	...
Sinking fund	790,500	16,000
Surplus	2,240,371	*69,583

*Decrease.

Per cent of profits on capital was 13.46, compared with 13.56 in 1912.

LAST MONTH'S COTTON CREDITS

NEW YORK—During January exports of cotton from the United States totaled $68,476,559, or more than $10,000,000 in excess of January, 1913. Value of cotton comprised about two thirds of the principal groups of farm exports and mineral oils. For seven months ending with January cotton exports were worth $451,777,052, or about three quarters of total balance of trade to our credit at the end of last year.

The country is now getting an average of 12.59 a pound for exports of this staple, compared with 20.40 in January a year ago. Average price for seven months is 13.09.

BELL TELEPHONE OF CANADA

MONTREAL—Northern Electric Company, which recently increased capital to $10,000,000, is absorbing Imperial Wire & Cable Company, big Canadian subsidiary of Bell Telephone Company. President of merged companies will be E. F. Sise, and vice-president, Paul F. sise.

UNION SWITCH & SIGNAL

PITTSBURGH — Union Switch & Signal Company earnings have been favorable and justify the report that a special stock dividend of 33 1-3 per cent will be declared in March.

Tax Exempt in Massachusetts

City of New Bedford

Coupon

4 Per Cent Bonds

Due serially
November 1, 1919 to 1933

Price to Yield 3.60 Per Cent

N. W. Harris & Co

Incorporated Boston 35 Federal St

IMPROVEMENT IN AGRICULTURAL CHEMICAL CO.

Press notices state that rumors are in circulation that the 4 per cent dividend on the $18,000,000 American Agricultural Chemical common may be passed or reduced. It is quite true that last summer when the fertilizer industry was unfavorable and when American Agricultural was closing up a year that showed less than 6 per cent earned on its common, against 10 per cent two years before, there was much discussion pro and con as to the ability of the company to maintain its dividend.

But the situation has radically bettered in the last seven or eight months. There is no doubt that the company will have a handsome recovery in net earnings for its current fiscal year to end June 30 next and the line of probability is that the common dividend will be earned at least twice over. Directors are confident that 4 per cent dividends will be the minimum for some years to come.

So far as recent financing is concerned it is well to remember that this will entail a very slight additional expense ahead of dividends. American Agricultural has for a year or more been borrowing $5,000,000 from the banks and at rates which have averaged at least as much and sometimes more than the 5 per cent interest which the new bonds carry. There has, therefore, been raised through the medium of the new financing $2,000,000 of new money to finance future expansion in gross sales or plant and property additions. This means only $100,000 of further charges per annum, and of this only $50,000 will fall within the current fiscal period.

However, this $2,000,000 will all be invested in revenue producing channels, so that the broad effect of the financing should be nugatory so far as the common stock dividend is concerned.

ERIE ARRANGES NEW FINANCNIG WITH MORGAN CO.

NEW YORK—Erie has sold to J. P. Morgan & Co. $13,500,000 5½ per cent 3-year notes to provide for its $12,500,000 3-year 6 per cent notes due April 8 next and other miscellaneous bank loans maturing in near future.

Notes are callable at any time after one year at 102½ and interest. They will be dated March 1, 1914, and mature March 1, 1917.

Sale of $13,100,000 notes provides for the company's pressing refunding necessities. The next maturity which company will have to meet is $4,550,000 notes maturing Oct. 1 next, which it is expected can be taken care of by sale of bonds to be issued under proposed new $300,000,000 general mortgage which the company will execute to provide against refunding of all its outstanding obligations as they mature and for future improvement and betterment needs. About $67,000,000 will be available for latter purposes. Details of this mortgage are now being worked out.

Albert H. Wiggin, president of Chase National Bank, was recently elected a director of Erie R. R.

REGULATION OF COTTON EXCHANGE

MEMPHIS—Cotton exchange passed resolution urging Congress to regulate future cotton exchanges requiring adoption of first: Government standard classification; second, commercial differences; third, limitation of grades deliverable on contract to six different half grades, including full grades. Class of each bale to be identified separately.

Resolution severely condemns the New York contract and system of future trading and a committee of three members was appointed to take the matter up with other cotton exchanges and propose uniform method of relief.

CLEARING HOUSE

New York funds sold at the clearing house today at par.

Exchanges and balances for today compare with the totals for the corresponding period in previous year as follows:

	1914	1913
Exchanges	$25,916,688	$25,929,716
Balances	876,678	1,546,864

United States sub-treasury shows a credit balance at the clearing house today of $42,315.

DISCOUNT RATE UNCHANGED

LONDON — The Bank of England's minimum rate of discount remains unchanged at 3 per cent.

6% First Farm Mortgages 6%

Made and looked after for investors by the largest, oldest and strongest exclusive Farm Mortgage House in the Northwest.

You will feel very comfortable and secure when your investments are handled by us.

VAN SANT COMPANY

Capital and Surplus $670,000. Saint Paul, Minn.

Leading Events in Athletic World — English Football

WORCESTER AND EXETER FAIL TO WIN GOOD PLACES

Favorites to Win B. A. A. Interscholastic Meet Will Have to Do Some Exceptional Work

That Phillips Exeter Academy and Worcester Academy, the two favorites to win the team trophy of the Boston A. A. interscholastic indoor games at Mechanics hall Saturday afternoon will have to do some exceptional work in the running events is today evident as the result of the drawing for positions that took place at the B. A. A. clubhouse Wednesday afternoon.

While no one school appears to have a decided advantage in the races, Exeter and Worcester did not win the average number of good positions and her runners will be forced to go round a large field in each event in order to breast the tape in the lead.

Among the schools which fared the best are Boston High School of Commerce, Morris Heights high, St. John's Preparatory, Boston College high, Dean Academy, Powder Point, Lynn English high, Somerville high, Huntington and Noble & Greenough.

There are no less than 479 entries for the meet which breaks all previous records.

The Harvard-B. A. A. relay race will be started at 2:30 instead of 3 o'clock, as previously announced, which will give the B. A. A. team about five minutes to board a train at Trinity place station for New York, where it will compete in the Fordham College meet in the evening.

RELAY RACES ARE ADDED TO THE N. E. A. A. U. MEET

A number of relay races, which are expected to prove interesting contests, have been added to the program arranged for the N. E. A. A. U. indoor track and field championships which are to take place at Mechanics hall tomorrow evening as follows:

West End House vs. Charlestown Neighborhood Center and East Boston Young Men's Hebrew Club; Plant chapter of the Telephone and Telegraph Society of New England vs. Western Electric Company and Edison Employees Club; Houghton & Dutton vs. William Filene's Sons Company; North Dorchester Athletic Association Juniors vs. Boston College High Juniors; United Shoe Machinery Company vs. W. H. McElwain Company, and two teams of Boston Athletic Association Midgets.

Entries for the championships number over 200 and the number in the junior events is particularly large. These junior events will be run off as far as possible before senior events of a similar distance.

The list of officials comprises practically those who usually officiate at the B. A. A. meets in similar games, so that the events will be run off promptly and efficiently.

BOSTON L. C. TO MEET HARVARD IN FIRST GAME

Members of the Boston Lacrosse Club are today looking forward to a successful season in 1914 following their meeting at the Harvard Union Wednesday night. Near 30 members attended the meeting.

Captain Gustafson, the former Harvard player, announced that three games had already been scheduled and that four more were pending. Harvard will be the first opponent, the game taking place at Soldiers field, April 4.

May 9 the club will meet the Crescent A. C. and on May 30 Stevens Institute. The games pending are with the Mt. Washington Club of Baltimore, the Bronx Lacrosse Club of New York and the Carlisle Indians.

Boston defeated Harvard last year when Harvard won the intercollegiate championship, and as it has acquired additional strength through new material, it bids fair to show national superiority this year.

New players in the club who have won reputation on previous Harvard teams are R. S. Simmons, '13, N. B. Lincoln, '13, J. F. Foristall, '13, F. R. Churchill, '13, C. C. Earle, Jr., '12, C. S. Parker, '12, and R. N. Shaw, '10.

HOPPE DEFEATS SUTTON EASILY

CHICAGO—William F. Hoppe, professional champion 18.2 balkline billiard champion of the world, is today being congratulated over his winning his match with George Sutton Wednesday by finishing the 1500-point contest with a total of 1500 to 734 for his opponent.

When Hoppe started in on last night's play he had a commanding lead and was conceded the match. In the final block of 500 points Hoppe ran out in 10 innings, his opponent scoring but 160 points.

Hoppe finished the match with a grand average of 55 to 28 6-26 for Sutton. The highest run was 250, made by Hoppe. The score by innings follows:

Hoppe—119, 5, 156, 18, 116, 27, 28, 17, 11, 3; total, 500.

Sutton—15, 86, 0, 14, 14, 1, 0, 7, 23; Total, 160.

ENGLAND SEES THREE INTERESTING FOOTBALL MATCHES



(Copyrighted by Sport & General)

OXFORD UNIVERSITY VS. CAMBRIDGE, IN ANNUAL SOCCER FOOTBALL MATCH FOR 1914 AT QUEEN'S CLUB

Heading out from a corner at the Oxford goal

(Special to the Monitor)

LONDON—Three interesting football matches were down for decision on the first Saturday afternoon in February. While the rugby representatives of Scotland were endeavoring to gain at Cardiff their first victory on Welsh soil since 1892, England were routing Wales at Plymouth in the amateur association international. At the same time Oxford and Cambridge met in London at Queen's Club in the annual inter-university association match. The encounters between the two universities in all branches of sport have an interest of their own, and the association football match is no exception. Now that the split between the Football Association and the Amateur Football Association has become a thing of the past the universities will be able to arrange fixtures with the leading professional clubs, and the game at Oxford and Cambridge will assume more importance than it has had for some years past. It is to be hoped, however, that it will not lose the pleasant sporting character which makes amateur football to many people so enjoyable both as a game and as a spectacle.

As mentioned in our cable despatches, Cambridge won this match by 2 goals to 1. It may be said at once that they fully deserved their victory. The match provided a contrast in styles, Oxford playing the rushing, long-passing game, in which the wing players are made the utmost use of, while Cambridge adhered to the older type of short-passing play between the center forward and the two inside men, the wing players being utilized mostly when play is impossible in the center. One could scarcely help feeling that Cambridge might have increased their score had they made more use of their wing players. D. St. G. K. Boswell, on the right, was particularly neglected. When he did get the ball he showed speed and skill, but he had very few chances of doing anything. R. H. Callender, on the left, had rather more to do, but the ball was almost exclusively monopolized by the three inside men, of whom H. Hegazi was much the best. Hegazi's footwork was at times of the highest class. The best player on the field was, however, the Cambridge captain, M. Woosnam, who plays at center half, but who is a sixth forward and a third back when the necessities of the game demand it. The Oxford captain, R. F. Popham, also played a splendid game at fullback and did not spare himself.

The victory of Cambridge was not a victory for their method of play, but was due rather to their all-round superiority, except for a period of about 10 minutes in the second half when Oxford played with great vigor and seemed to have a chance of drawing the match. On the other hand, Cambridge repeatedly seemed likely to increase their score, Boswell, for example, on one occasion giving Foster a splendid opportunity of improving Cambridge's position. The center forward, however, with an open goal in front of him shot yards wide of the posts. Both goalkeepers played well.

The rugby international match at Cardiff resulted in a victory for Wales by 2 placed goals, 2 dropped goals, 1 penalty goal, and 1 try to 1 goal, but the defeat of Scotland was not so overwhelming as a hasty glance at the score would lead one to suppose. At half-time the score was 2 goals to 1 in favor of Wales, but at that point Wales had not succeeded in crossing the Scottish lines, their two goals coming from a drop kick and a penalty kick respectively. Scotland opened the scoring. Sloan and Hamilton got the ball out to Sutherland who passed to Scobie, and the latter transferred to Stewart, just as the Olympic sprinter had got into his stride. Going at a tremendous pace, Stewart found no difficulty in running round Hirst and Bancroft to score between the posts. Curiously enough Stewart was not very prominent after this. Scotland kept their lead until almost the close of the first half, although it was reduced from five points to one, Hirst dropping a goal for Wales, as he did against England at Twickenham, while apparently making for the line. Just before half time a Scottish forward was penalized for off-side and Bancroft kicked a goal from the touch-line, so that Wales crossed over leading by a couple of points.

In the second half Sutherland, who had been playing a magnificent game at center threequarter, was compelled to go on the wing, Will taking his place. The inability of Sutherland to do anything in the second half was one of the principal causes of Scotland's defeat. In the first half he and Sloan put up a magnificent defense against the Welsh forwards, their strong kicking and ability in finding touch being of the greatest value to their side. The Scottish pack were playing with great determination against superior Welsh forwards, and had Sutherland been able to find touch with his kicks as he did in the first half, his side would not have been beaten by so large a score. With the transference of Sutherland to the wing, however, the threequarter line became practically useless, and its inability to find touch was as marked as the reverse had been in the first half. Too much work was therefore thrown on the forwards, who proved unequal to the strain.

In the second half the Welsh forwards were irresistible, and tries were scored in quick succession by Ivor Davies and J. Wetter. Lewis then dropped a goal, bringing the score to 19-7, and the scoring finished with a try by Hirst, Bancroft converting from an extremely difficult position. Although defeated in such hollow fashion, there is no doubt that Scotland have the makings of a good team, and with some improvement forward should do well in their remaining two international matches. Their incapacity to do anything against Wales is of course historic, Scotland's last rugby win on Welsh soil taking place as long ago as 1892. Of the last 10 matches Wales have won nine.

In the match at Plymouth between amateur teams representing England and Wales, the English team were as much superior to the Welshmen as the score of 9 goals to 1 in their favor would indicate. Crabtree, the English goalkeeper, had only two shots to save in the course of the match and Wales were fortunate in not losing by a larger margin. Louch scored four goals for England. In the league matches the principal event was the defeat of Swindon, in a southern league match by Crystal Palace. This brought the two teams level, but as Crystal Palace had the better goal average, Swindon, for the first time this season, lost their position as leaders of the league. In the first league Blackburn Rovers are once more securing a commanding position and five points now separate them from Sunderland, who are second.

BATTERY MEN AT DARTMOUTH OUT FOR PRACTISE

HANOVER, N. H.—Some 14 candidates for the Dartmouth College varsity battery positions are practising daily in the gymnasium, under the supervision of Capt. Paul Loudon. This number includes 10 pitchers and four catchers. The men who are out for pitching are H. D. Brown '14, H. K. Hallett '14, F. S. Child '15, W. M. McConnell '15, N. M. Parrott '15, G. J. Platt '15, R. L. Bartlett '16, E. T. Doyle '16, H. H. Johnson '16, and V. W. Porter '16. The catchers are L. D. Castle '15, E. A. Keddie '16, C. M. Salmonsen '16, and A. M. Telfer '16.

Hallett was last year's varsity pitcher, and Parrott was a substitute. The graduates from the freshman battery squad are Johnson, Keddie and Salmonsen. Telfer, who made a good reputation in preparatory school, is likely to make good. Doyle played outfield on the freshman team last year. The practise which they are doing is light, and is more in the line of conditioning than real baseball work.

Candidates for the other positions will not be officially called out until the arrival of Coach Wood, probably about the first of March. The prospects for the success of the team this season appear reasonably bright, although no definite conclusions can be reached until the men get outdoors in the spring.

NEW QUARTERS FOR THE RED SOX

New down-town quarters have been engaged by the Boston American baseball club and the work of moving the furniture was started today. The new quarters are on the third floor of 70 Devonshire street and consist of a fine suite of four rooms. It will be made the permanent business quarters of the club the year round.

Since Fenway park was completed the club has had its summer quarters there, but this idea is to be given up. The new quarters were engaged because the old ones in the Tremont building had become too small.

HARVARD WILL SEND RELAY MEN

NEW YORK—Harvard, Yale, Princeton, Pennsylvania, Columbia, Cornell, Dartmouth and Massachusetts Institute of Technology have entered relay teams for the national indoor championships, which will be held in Madison Square Garden next Monday night.

In the list are a score of champions, many of whom were on the last Olympic team.

AMHERST WANTS BROWN TO COACH

AMHERST—The Amherst College athletics authorities are doing their best to get R. W. P. Brown, Harvard '98, as head coach for their football team.

A committee of Boston alumni is trying to sign him, and Professor Nelligan of the Amherst physical education department said that he would surely know by tomorrow morning whether or not Brown will coach Amherst

BROWN SWIMMERS DEFEAT HARVARD BY 34 TO 19 SCORE

PROVIDENCE, R. I.—The ability of the Brown swimmers to win the 200-yard relay race, the opening event of the dual meet here Wednesday night with Harvard, gave them the meet by a score of 34 to 19.

Captain Smith of Brown and Fullerton of Harvard were the stars of the meet, winning 11 and 10 points respectively. The Harvard swimmer competed in the relay race, the 100 and the 220-yard swim, and won the last two, making a new record for the Brown tank in the 220-yard swim. Captain Smith entered every competition of the meet with the exception of the 220 and the plunge, and captured first in the 50, first in the dives and third in the 100-yard swim.

200-yd. relay—Won by Brown (McIntire, Tobeleman, Hull and Smith); Harvard (Starbuck, Putnam, Fullerton and Wentworth), second. Time, 1m. 54 4-5s.

50-yd. dash—Won by Smith, Brown; second, Hull, Brown; third, Wentworth, Harvard. Time, 27 3-5s.

100-yd. swim—Won by Fullerton, Harvard; second, Hull, Brown; third, Smith, Brown. Time, 1m. 5 4-5s.

220-yd. swim—Won by Fullerton, Harvard; second, McLaughlin, Brown; third, Starbuck, Harvard. Time, 2m. 50 2-5s.

Diving contest—Won by Smith, Brown; second, Laroe, Brown; third, Small, Harvard.

Plunge for distance—Won by Pickernell, Harvard, distance 59ft. 6in.; second, Williamson, Brown, distance 49ft. 3in.; third, Starbuck, Harvard, distance 44ft. 6in.

Score, Brown 34, Harvard 19.

SYNDICATE WILL WAIT FOR TAFT

CHICAGO—The syndicate composed of William Hale Thompson, James A. Pugh and Charles A. McCulloch took courage that it might have a chance to buy the local Nationals when news came from Cincinnati that Mr. Taft had rejected the bid made by Louis J. Behan.

Mr. McCulloch said however that his group would take no further action until Mr. Taft answered their telegrams asking if his stock was for sale. So far, he said, Mr. Taft had not acknowledged having received one of the numerous messages sent him by the Thompson syndicate.

RICHARDS WINS POLE VAULT

I. G. Richards '16 won the handicap pole vault of the Harvard winter carnival Wednesday with a height of 11ft. 3ins. G. G. Haydock '16 was second with 10ft. 6ins. J. B. Camp '15 made the best vault, but being an "H" man was ineligible for the trophy.

PRINCETON FOOTBALL MEN OUT

PRINCETON, N. J.—Twenty candidates for the varsity football team reported to the Princeton coaches Wednesday night for football work in the gym. Most of the men were members of last year's freshman team. Practise will be held three times each week until May 1.

GIANT RECRUITS BEGIN WORK

MARLIN, Tex.—Active practise was begun Wednesday by the New York National recruits in training here under Scout Kinsella. H. M. Palermo, the Cuban pitcher, is expected to join the squad today.

B. A. A. ENTERS N. Y. MEET

NEW YORK—The Boston Athletic Association has entered its relay team for the Fordham University games which will be held at the seventy-first regiment armory Saturday night. The team will be captained by T. J. Halpin, the great quarter-miler

FEDERAL LEAGUE AWAITS ANSWER FROM MATHEWSON

NEW YORK—President J. A. Gilmore of the Federal league is awaiting an answer from Pitcher Mathewson of the New York Giants regarding the offer of the position of manager of the Brooklyn Federals and expects to hear from him within a few days.

"We have not offered Mathewson any stipulated amount," says Mr. Gilmore. "Our telegram, sent to him early on Tuesday morning, read: 'Would you consider a proposition to manage the non-Sunday-playing Brooklyn Federal League team at your own terms?'

"However, we are willing to pay Mathewson more money than he probably considers possible."

President Gilmore announced Wednesday that all plans have been completed for the Brooklyn Federal League plant and that the club was now considering bids. He said the preliminary work had already been started, such as sounding for foundations.

Mr. Gilmore said the Federal league was after Speaker, Crawford, Magee, Wingo, Doolan and Bliss of the world's tourists. A committee of the new league will be on hand to welcome the homecomers next week. In the event that Mathewson declines the Brooklyn management, it will be offered to one of the players on the world's tour, Gilmore declared.

HARVARD MEN GET NUMERALS

The following Harvard freshmen, who played against the Yale freshmen in the last hockey game of their schedule Saturday, have been awarded their numerals.

Edwin O. Baker of Cambridge, Robert Baldwin of West Newton, Edmund S. Childs of Lexington, Thomas K. Fisher of Leominster, Jose C. Harris of Brookline, Gustav H. Kissel of Morristown, N. J., Capt. John E. P. Morgan of New York, Theodore H. Rice of Brookline, Richard D. Roquemore of West Newton, Greenough Townsend of Oyster Bay, Francis M. Weld of Readville, John I. Wylde of Boston and Manager John W. Hubbell of Des Moines, Ia.

PLAY BASEBALL IN LONDON TODAY

Special Cable to the Monitor from its European Bureau

LONDON—The first baseball exhibition game played in England for many years takes place today on Chelsea football team's ground. The teams engaged are the New York Giants and Chicago White Sox, which are now completing a world tour. Public interest in the game, to which the nearest approximation in England is the game of rounders, is increased by the fact that King George and the United States ambassador will be amongst the spectators.

CHICAGO FEDERALS INCORPORATED

SPRINGFIELD, Ill. — The Federal League Baseball Club of Chicago has been incorporated with capital stock of $250,000 by W. M. Walker, J. A. Gilmore and Charles H. Weeghman.

TUCK TO LEAD GREEN SEVEN

HANOVER, N. H.—Leon P. Tuck of Winchester, Mass., has been elected captain of the Dartmouth hockey team for next season. He is a junior, and has played center on this year's seven.

RULES CHANGED FOR FRATERNITY BY COMMISSION

Baseball Governing Body Makes Important Alterations to Comply With Players' Agreement

NEW YORK—The national baseball commission has announced several important changes in its rules—changes made to comply with the agreement recently reached with the Players Fraternity. Rule 36 has been amended to read as follows:

"A major-league player shall not be released outright or under an optional agreement to a club in Class A, or lower classification, until interleague waivers have been first obtained on him, as provided in Rule 29, and such player has been tendered to all Class AA clubs at a price not to exceed $1000; and if such release be to a club below A, to all Class A clubs at a price not to exceed $650."

The following paragraph on the same subject has been added to Rule 29:

"Interleague waivers, which may be requested at any time, shall be secured on every major league player other than a drafted or a purchased player, before he shall be released to a club of lower classification, clubs of the league, club soliciting waivers to have the preference in his allotment. Such players if claimed, may be retained by the club applying for waivers on withdrawal of its waiver request within two days after receipt of notification of such claim.

"The waiver price of a player other than a drafted player shall be fixed by negotiations between the interested clubs, or, in the event of their failure to agree, by the national commission, whose decision shall be final."

These changes, according to Secretary John A. Heydler of the National league, mean that no player can get out of one major league unless all the clubs in the other league have been given a chance to secure him; also that the player cannot be realesed to a league of low classification unless all leagues in between have been given a chance to get him.

B. A. A. WINS FIRST GAME OF SERIES WITH PILGRIMS

The Boston Athletic Association hockey seven defeated the Pilgrim A. A. at the Boston Arena Wednesday evening in the first game of the interclub championship series between the local teams by the score of 4 to 2. Lack of team work and failure to pass cost the Pilgrims the game as the B. A. A. defense was too strong to be penetrated by individual effort.

Huntington, Foster and Chadwick, coverpoint, point and goal for the winning seven, played a star game, and presented a defense that was nearly perfect and at all times was effective in stopping both long shots and hard rushes. Hicks showed fine form on several occasions and was aided in carrying the puck down the rink by Clifford.

For the Pilgrims Fynan, Sequin and Roach were the stars, playing a hard, aggressive game and making a number of fine attempts to score, while Small at goal made several good stops. The game was one of the fastest seen on the local surface this winter and aroused enthusiasm among the good sized crowd that attended. The second game of the series will be played at the Arena next Wednesday evening. The summary follows:

B. A. A.		PILGRIM A. A.
Foote, l.w.		r.w., McKinnon
Hicks, c.		c., Sequin, Roach
Clifford, r.		r., Fynan
Osgood, r.w.		l.w., Fritz, Sequin
Huntington, c.p.		c.p., Gaudet
Foster, p.		p., Whitten
Chadwick, g.		g., Small

Score, B. A. A. 4, Pilgrim A. A. 2. Goals, Clifford 2, Huntington, Fynan 2, Hicks. Referee, H. A. Foster Jr. Umpires, J. H. Foster and J. A. Foster. Timers, Wood, Brown and Murphy. Time, two 25m. periods.

CHICAGO TEAM IS STILL OWNED BY CHARLES P. TAFT

Syndicate Represented by L. J. Behan Fails to Purchase Cub Stock Although Price Is Right

CINCINNATI—As to whether or not the Chicago syndicate represented by L. J. Behan will purchase the Chicago National league club control from C. P. Taft of this city remains an open question today following the conference between Mr. Behan and Mr. Taft here Wednesday. Although the deal was not put through yesterday Mr. Behan stated before leaving for Chicago that it was still being considered and might be consummated after a conference at Chicago. Mr. Behan met Mr. Taft early Wednesday and then said that Mr. Taft had refused his offer for the stock. Behan later conversed with members of the syndicate over the long distance telephone.

He stated that he offered Mr. Taft $750,000 for his Chicago stock, and had a certified check for $100,000 to bind the bargain. However, he said, the syndicate would not pay the rest until the players' reserve rule had been tested in court, or the Federal league had withdrawn its team from Chicago.

He also asked that Mr. Taft guarantee that infielder Sweeney and pitcher Perdue of the Boston team would be transferred to Chicago.

Mr. Taft said that these conditions were impossible and that he would not sell, although the price offered was satisfactory. Thereupon the conference broke up, with the understanding that Mr. Behan would have an option on the stock if the syndicate decided to withdraw its conditions.

Just before leaving for Chicago Mr. Behan said that he believed the syndicate would agree to a straight purchase of the stock without conditions of any kind.

SIXTEEN CARS IN VANDERBILT CUP CONTEST TODAY

LOS ANGELES, Cal.—Sixteen cars were scheduled to start today over the famous Santa Monica race course in the race for the Vanderbilt automobile trophy and with the fastest drivers in the country taking part over the course which has been pronounced as the fastest in the United States, it is expected that a new record will be established for this event.

Practise work was held Wednesday and some remarkable time was registered. Laps were made at the average speed of between 80 and 100 miles an hour. The distance to be covered in the big race is 294 miles.

The official revised list of the entries follows: Harry Grant, Spencer Wishart, Gil Anderson, Edwin Fullen, David Lewis, Barney Oldfield, Earl Cooper, Frank Verbeck, W. Carlson, Frank Goode, Ralph de Palma, J. B. Marquis, Guy Ball, George Joerimann and A. Kanette.

PROGRAM OF NEW LONDON REGATTA

The program of the Harvard-Yale regatta on the Thames river at New London, June 18 and 19, announced by the Crimson management Wednesday, includes the usual race of varsity fours as the opening feature of the second day. A proposal that this race be eliminated was advanced recently, but apparently did not find favor.

After the fours finish the freshman eight-oared race will be rowed in the morning. The big race of varsity eights will be held in the afternoon.

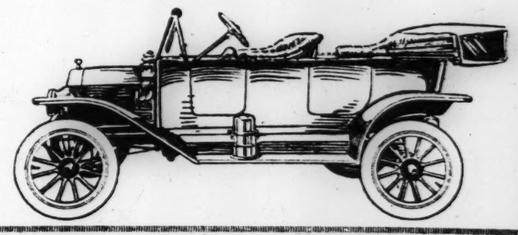
An afternoon race of freshman fours is the only event announced for the first day.

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THE HOME FORUM

WHAT IT MEANS TO KNOW THE TRUTH

WRITTEN FOR THE CHRISTIAN SCIENCE MONITOR

EVERY Christian Scientist when he thinks of truth seeks to do two things—to get the clearest possible conception of what it is and to demonstrate it in life and practise. He is not concerned about the academical, philosophical definitions. He remembers that modern philosophers are divided into hostile camps in regard to the nature of truth, and hence they fail to help him in solving everyday problems.

Mrs. Eddy, the Discoverer and Founder of Christian Science, has given to the world an interpretation of truth which is revolutionizing human thought. Truth to her was never dissociated from God, divine Principle, and in her exposition of the Science of Christianity she boldly asserts that it is possible for every one to know the truth and that this knowledge by its very nature will have a wonderful regenerating and purifying effect upon mankind. She uses "Truth" as a synonym for God, and explains that the only truth that is worth learning—for it is the only truth there is—is that which is the reflection of God, Truth. A study of the Christian Science text-book "Science and Health with Key to the Scriptures," is having the effect of clearing the mental fogs that have been cast around this great subject and opening up avenues of light and guidance in which countless numbers are now finding surcease from trouble, want and woe.

In a passage beginning on page 84 of this text-book, Mrs. Eddy asserts that "if this Science has been thoroughly learned and properly digested, we can know the truth more accurately than the astronomers can read the stars or calculate an eclipse." The writer remembers the time, when he, like many others thought this an extreme statement; he has come to admit that he was mistaken. How, it may be asked, was the change brought about? By simply putting into practise some of the teachings to be found in this book. If a thing is true, then it must be possible to prove its truth, and when a process of right reasoning was entered upon, based upon the recognition of God, infinite good, as the source of all that it is right man should know, it was seen that Mrs. Eddy had found the "Key" that unlocked inexhaustible treasures of Truth and Love.

In seeking to prove the truth of Christian Science and to ascertain what it means as a practical help to man one is led step by step as difficulties are removed and objections overcome. One learns, for instance, to distinguish between what sense testimony asserts to be true and truth itself. If one persists in believing that the corporeal senses are reliable witnesses to one's real condition, then there will be no progress physically or spiritually. In this respect we are sustained by the explicit words of Jesus, "Judge not according to the appearance, but judge righteous judgment." We can only do this by accepting and living in harmony with the fundamentals of the Christian faith. We must abandon all circumscribed conceptions of God and His creation and dwell in thought upon His allness. We must know that He is absolute good and therefore can only create and bestow good, and that the universe, including spiritual man, can only be the perfect reflection of this perfect God.

It may be that at first our incentive is due largely to self-interest. One may be a great physical sufferer, burdened under a mortal sentence of death, or the slave of some special form of sin; one may be in distress in business or in the domestic circle, or perhaps may be theologically perplexed and in doubt and fear as to his spiritual condition. But whatever the inharmony may be the infallible test by which spiritual truth can be known is the illuminating redemptive power which it manifests in the lives of those who seek it.

Let us remember that there is nothing really difficult about gaining a knowledge of the truth. What difficulties or obstructions there are have their genesis in mortal thought. They are alien to the truth of being. There is nothing so cosmopolitan as truth; inherently it has no limitation, no prejudice; it knows nothing of creed or race. It is beneficent in its operations; it establishes man's identity with his Maker and in its presence nothing can live that is not pure and holy and good—the reflection indeed of infinite Love. We can therefore understand why Christian Science, which is Christianity in its highest and purest sense, lays the emphasis just where the Master did. Freedom from mortal burdens can only come with true knowledge—that scientific knowledge of God which it is the privilege of every man to gain. Truth thus comes clothed in power—a very Samson making its appeal to suffering humanity in every land.

And when we are honest and sincere, ready to welcome spiritual light, even if we are tried and tempted seemingly beyond endurance, even if the way seems dark and no help near, we have but to turn our thought Godwards to find that Christ, Truth, the spiritual idea of God, comes to us with sure healing, quickening the spiritual senses and thus destroying every error that holds sway over us. "From the falling leaves of old-time faiths men learn a parable of the period, that all error, physical, moral or religious, will fall before Truth demonstrated, even as dry leaves fall to enrich the soil for fruitage" (Mrs. Eddy's Miscellaneous Writings, p. 251).

Sir William Ramsay on Johnson's Etymology

SIR WILLIAM RAMSAY'S accusation against Dr. Johnson, made at the meeting of the Simplified Spelling Society, that his ignorance of derivations led him to absurdities of spelling, was admitted even by Boswell. Dr. Johnson's methods in tracing etymologies were of the simplest. "This is a great work, sir," said Dr. Adams to him. "How are you to get all the etymologies?" "Why, sir," replied Johnson, "here is a shelf with Junius and Skinner and others, and there is a Welsh gentleman who has published a collection of Welsh proverbs who will help me with the Welsh." And so the thing was done, says the London Daily Chronicle, with little assistance from the learned, as the dictionary maker himself complained. That little came from a man who sent him a list of 30 derivations.

Even in definitions, however, as we all know, the doctor sometimes tripped and remained on the ground. Thus he never altered his definition of "leeward" and "windward," which to him meant precisely the same thing, although he did consent to put right the word "pastern," the occasion of his bold reply to the critical lady who invited him to explain how he could have thought it to be the knee of a horse. "Ignorance, madam, pure ignorance." For such lapses the doctor made ample atonement in his definitions of "oats" and "patriotism." If he had done no more than describe the man who lived in Grub street as a "lexicographer, a harmless drudge," he would have earned our gratitude and forgiveness.

A Prayer

Oh, Master of the World of men
And Ruler of Eternity,
Neither with voice nor flowing pen
Have I asked many things from Thee;
I have not begged for wealth or fame
With selfish prayers of little worth,
Nor have I called upon Thy name
To smite my enemies to earth.

Yet now to Thee I raise my eyes
And lift my voice for Thee to hear;
No rich and sordid gift I prize,
No plethora of gold and gear;
Only this single boon I pray,
That in a busy world and wide,
Whether my life be grave or gay,
I may not grow self-satisfied.

—Berton Braley.

Her First Song

Clara Louise Kellogg tells, in her reminiscences, a pretty story of how she learned to sing in her babyhood by listening to the lullaby melody of her loved nurse.

"She used to hold me in her arms and rock me back and forth, and as she rocked she sang. I don't know the name of the song she crooned, but I still know the melody, and have an impression that the words were:

"'Hey Jim along, Jim along Josy;
Hey Jim along, Jim along Joe.'

"She used to sing these two lines over and over, so that I slept and waked to them; and my first musical efforts, when I was just 10 months old, were to try to sing this ditty in imitation of my negro mammy. When my mother first heard me she became apprehensive, yet I kept at it, and by the time I was a year old I could sing it so that it was quite recognizable."

Public Happiness

The public happiness is to be the aggregate of the happiness of individuals.—Daniel Webster.

Composed Upon Westminster Bridge

Earth has not anything to show more fair;
Dull would he be of soul who could pass by
A sight so touching in its majesty;
This city now doth, like a garment, wear
The beauty of the morning; silent, bare,
Ships, towers, domes, theaters, and temples lie
Open unto the fields, and to the sky;
All bright and glittering in the smokeless air,
Never did sun more beautifully steep
In his first splendor, valley, rock, or hill;
Ne'er saw I, never felt, a calm so deep!

(Written on the roof of a coach, on my way to France).—Wordsworth.

Oregon Dairy Farm Wages

According to the agricultural survey of Oregon, dairy farm wages are fairly uniform throughout the state. They are lowest in southern Oregon, where the average rate is $34.65 a month, and highest in the coast strip, where it is $38.80. Since this rate includes board and lodging it is higher than it appears.

Kitchen in Old Senate House, Kingston, N.Y.



KINGSTON, New York, has many memorials of old Dutch times, the Esopus region, in which it lies, having been settled by the Dutch as early as 1614. When in 1661 the settlement was granted a municipal charter by Director General Stuyvesant it was named Wiltwyck, and when New Netherland became New York, it was renamed Kingston. Here in 1777 in an old stone house the first constitution of the state of New York was adopted, its laws mainly founded upon those of the Dutch republic. The illustration shows the kitchen of this historic house, where have been gathered together for preservation various relics of New Netherland days, the dresser and wooden cradle being especially characteristic. The house was built about 1676.

IN AN ARMENIAN STRONGHOLD

I HAVE just finished a journey to the highlands of Lesser Armenia, that is, the southeastern vilayets of Asia Minor, says M. Philips Price, who has lately been traveling in the near east, in an article in the Manchester Guardian. The wild character of this country and the constant state of warfare have produced among the highland Armenians a type of humanity to which it is hard to find an equal even among the wild tribes of the Caucasus. For two days I passed through the most gorgeous alpine scenery, precipitous valley sides and deep gorges, forested with pine and cedar of Lebanon, above which towered the peaks of the Beirut Dagh. At a point beyond which a mountain torrent passes through a deep gorge I came upon a rocky slope above which towered a precipice. On this slope were piled heaps, like packs of cards, the houses of the well-populated town of Zeitun. The town is one of the most remarkable in the whole of Asia Minor. The present position in Zeitun is almost inconceivable even for Turkey in the twentieth century. Although nominally the Crescent flies over the Kaimakam's office in the town, the government is practically in the hands of a couple of noble Armenian families, whose ancestors have ruled Zeitun for centuries, and the Armenian Gregorian bishop.

The day after my arrival in the town I was commanded to come and see the Armenian bishop, who promptly made me stay in his "palace" which was like a disused cattle shed. In the course of that day I went to visit one of the noble families of Zeitun, who lived in a real medieval castle perched at the top of a precipice, from the windows of which one looked down 200 feet right into a gorge. The noble aristocrat wore quaint Armenian costume, and was armed to the teeth with knives, rifles and revolvers, many of which were actually manufactured by the Zeitunlies themselves.

Virginia's Paul Revere

Virginia boasts many of the famous names of United States history, but Jack Jowett, memorialized in the little city of Charlottesville, is said by the Youths Companion to be little known beyond that region. He kept the Swan tavern there in the days of the revolution. Cornwallis was then in possession of tidewater Virginia and Tarleton was raiding the country inland. When the Virginia Assembly abandoned Richmond in June, 1781, and came to Charlottesville, among its members were such men as Patrick Henry, Richard Henry Lee and Benjamin Harrison. The Governor of the new state was Thomas Jefferson. Young Jack Jowett won his claim to fame along with these men. Riding about the country roads Jowett came upon one of Tarleton's troopers. He took his clothes away from him and dressed himself in the uniform. In this guise Jowett went about the country until that night he discovered that Tarleton was planning an attack on the Assembly at Charlottesville. In the early dawn he rode to Monticello and warned Jefferson and then dashed back to the Assembly hall at Charlottesville and shouted to the men there to flee. In a few moments the members were on their way across the mountains to Staunton. By 10 o'clock on this momentous morning the town was in the possession of Tarleton and Jowett's tavern was burned to the ground. Thus narrowly some of the leaders in the revolution escaped arrest and trial for treason. Charlottesville is proud to keep Jowett's memory alive by a tablet on the building that now stands where his tavern did.

Domesticated Ostriches

When first hatched, young ostriches are about the size of a domestic hen and have a mottled appearance. They grow rapidly and in six months are almost as large as their parents. Old and young are fed on green plants, broken bone, pebbles and sometimes corn and other grain. At one Arizona farm 14 tons of dry alfalfa and millo maize are required each day for the ostrich population. This means more than nine pounds per bird.—Craftsman.

Library Around the Corner

One of the new plans for aiding the immigrant in American cities is to establish small branch libraries in the districts where the different peoples are found. Here in a single room, perhaps, with a friendly attendant, these newcomers may find books in their own language or make their beginning in English reading. They are not always brave enough to go to the big city library, as Mary Antin learned so early to do; but if the library is brought to them in this form it is found that they gladly learn the way to it. After all, it is the books and papers the visitor wants, not the big palace of marble and stone. The simpler and humbler the place the more likely these immigrants are to frequent it, and to realize that this is really their privilege in their new land. In time, of course, they learn the use of the central library, with its larger selection of books.

During Menelek's Reign

During Menelek's reign of 20 years the extremely primitive civilization of Abyssinia has been overlaid with a western veneer, though it has not lost its original characteristics. The country has telegraphs and telephones, and a railway, which stops short at a point near Harrar. It has a limited but increasing trade in which India shares. The main industries of Abyssinia are, however, pastoral and agricultural, and it was toward the development of these that the main efforts of Menelek were directed. Though progressive and enlightened, remarkably quick in perception, and eager to gain fresh knowledge of European methods and discoveries, says the London Times, he still retained a not unnatural pride in the ancient and remarkable history of the Switzerland of Africa. He held to the tradition of his descent from Solomon and the Queen of Sheba, and cherished a rather inflated conception of the military strength of his nation.

He had a natural aptitude for, and showed really intelligent interest in machinery and architecture, and he thought that by spending a whole day watching a mechanical stone-cutter shaping stones for a new residence for himself he was guiding his country into the road of civilization. He towered above his compatriots; he had many of the elements of real greatness, united to a natural kindliness of disposition and charm of manner such as is rare in the whole world and probably unique in Africa.

Man Must Think for Himself

He who lets the world, or his own portion of it, choose his plan of life for him, has no need of any other faculty than the ape-like one of imitation. He who chooses his plan for himself, employs all his faculties. He must use observation to see, reasoning and judgment to foresee, activity to gather materials for decision, discrimination to decide, and when he has decided, firmness and self-control to hold to his deliberate decision. And these qualities he requires and exercises exactly in proportion as the part of his conduct which he determines according to his own judgment and feelings is a large one. It is possible that he might be guided in some good path, and kept out of harm's way, without any of these things. But what will be his comparative worth as a human being? It really is of importance, not only what men do, but also what manner of men they are that do it. . . . Human nature is not a machine to be built after a model, and set to do exactly the work prescribed for it, but a tree, which requires to grow and develop itself on all sides, according to the tendency of the inward forces which make it a living thing.—John Stuart Mill.

Correcting the Compass

It is a most extraordinary fact that the steel hull of a vessel is rendered magnetic during construction by the hammering of the metal. It follows, therefore, says the Independent, that every steel vessel should have its compass corrected to counteract its own magnetic lines of force.

This magnetic influence is further complicated by the cargo carried by the vessel, if this cargo is magnetic or capable of being magnetized. The ore-carrying vessels of the Great lakes experience great difficulties on this account, and, it is reported, the hydrographic authorities have been endeavoring to teach pilots and captains of these vessels how to check their course by using the pelorus.

This is an instrument similar in appearance to the sundial, being provided with a gnomon and a graduated arc on which a shadow of the gnomon is cast. The pelorus is set in a north and south direction, as indicated by the compass, and then, by noting the shadow on the graduated arc, it is possible to tell by comparison with tables just how far from the north and south position the gnomon really is, thus showing the compass error.

HOUSE TO BE BUILT OF PORCELAIN

UNTIL comparatively recent times houses were built either of wood or brick. Buildings in the suburbs and rural districts were of frame and those in the city brick. Stucco was introduced a few years ago and on the heels of that came concrete, reinforced concrete, hollow tile and concrete blocks. If a scheme that has had the attention of a man for many years materializes, and he says it will, houses built of porcelain will be the next seen in the suburbs of New York. This man, says the New York Sun, is in the porcelain business and is of a family of porcelain makers and has contemplated such a building for 40 years.

After years of experimenting he succeeded in making a porcelain tile strong enough for building purposes and soon will erect a house of porcelain. The tile will be built around the skeleton frame of a skyscraper. In other words, the house will have a skeleton frame of steel and the tile will be nothing more than a finish. The tile will be an inch thick and of strength not expected of such brittle material as porcelain. The porcelain house will be waterproof and steam proof. Except for the steel frame it will be porcelain. The walls, floors, ceilings, halls, stairs and everything else found in a well constructed dwelling will be porcelain.

With the Chicken Farmer

"As if treading on eggs" is one of the phrases for handing a delicate situation. And now a farmer tells you that you cannot count on more than $1 a year profit from each hen, if you calculate all the expenses fairly, including loss, repairs, etc., besides food and labor. Another man is found saying that a woman in a city suburb makes a good living off 400 hens. Perhaps she owns what we may properly call the egg plant, that is, the house and lot and so forth, so that her $400 profit, if that is a correct estimate, means $8 a week clear for food and current expenses, not rent.

We are told that any one who wants to can induce his egg plant to produce large, rich, well-flavored, and durable eggs. For there is a difference in the lasting quality of eggs and a study of ways and means and attention to rules makes a vast difference between a good product and mediocre not to say bad eggs. In fact the mere gathering of eggs is a matter for method. Many farmers take the eggs wherever they come on them, mixing fresh and others without discrimination. Where the eggs are looked after so that the farmer really knows which are fresh and which of second grade, he can sell the best at a high price. When he mixes the grades he gets only an average price for it is expected that some of them will not be first grade.

A man at Chehalis, Wash., is said to clear $1000 a year from a chicken farm within the city limits. He knows how to do it. This is the secret of modern farming: all is done by rule and a method that comprises what is best in the ways of all farmers. Formerly every man was his own farmer and knew only what experience taught, and not always that. Now he may have expert advice and may learn how to produce the very best of every crop, whether it be milk, eggs, wheat or hay.

Esse Quam Videri

The knightly legend of thy shield betrays
The moral of thy life: a forecast wise
And that large honor that deceit defies,
Inspired thy fathers in the elder days,
Who decked thy scutcheon with that sturdy phrase,
To be rather than seem.

—John Hay.

WAGNER THE LITERARY MUSICIAN

WAGNER was the literary musician par excellence, says Bernard Shaw, who continues: He could not, like Mozart and Beethoven, produce decorative tone structures independently of any dramatic or poetic subject matter, because that craft being no longer necessary for his purpose, he did not cultivate it. As Shakespeare, compared with Tennyson, appears to have an exclusively dramatic talent, so exactly does Wagner compared with Mendelssohn. On the other hand, he had not to go to third-rate literary hacks for "librettos" to set to music; he produced his own dramatic poems, thus giving dramatic integrity to opera and making symphony articulate. A Beethoven symphony (except the articulate part of the ninth) expresses noble feeling, but not thought: it has moods, but no ideas. Wagner added thought and produced the music drama. Mozart's loftiest opera, his "Ring," so to speak, "The Magic Flute," has a libretto which, though none the worse for seeming, like "The Rhinegold," the merest Christmas tomfoolery to shallow spectators, is the product of a talent immeasurably inferior to Mozart's own. The libretto of "Don Giovanni" is coarse and trivial: its transfiguration by Mozart's music may be a marvel: but nobody will venture to contend that such transfigurations, however seductive, can be as satisfactory as tone poetry or drama in which the musician and the poet are at the same level. Here, then, we have the simple secret of Wagner's preeminence as a dramatic musician. He wrote the poems as well as composed the music of his "stage festival plays," as he called them.

Americans From Elsewhere

In 16 of the United States the population called "foreign born" is in the majority. North Dakota has the most, with nearly 79 per cent. North Carolina on the other hand has only 1 per cent. The figures, however, do not count for much, as some of the immigrant populations are so much more readily assimilated than others. In an incredibly short time they seem to have become thoroughly Americanized. Others again are so slow that even the second generation do not seem wholly like Americans, though the children are of course much more ready to take on the customs and manners and trend of thought of the adopted country. New York and Massachusetts both have over 60 per cent "foreign born" people, and Minnesota comes next to North Dakota both in place and in foreign population with 75 per cent. Yet for all this it is said that nearly three quarters of the white people of the country are of British origin.

TILDEN A POLITICIAN IN YOUTH

SAMUEL J. TILDEN, whose centenary fell on Feb. 9 this year, has become famous in American history as the man who was elected President of the United States in 1876, but who did not occupy the office because of a contest decided by the electoral commission in favor of Rutherford B. Hayes. He was brought up in the atmosphere of statesmanship, we are told by the Kansas City Star. As a small boy in New Lebanon, N. Y., he had a great companion in his father, a farmer and storekeeper of wealth and influence. William Cullen Bryant used to tell humorously of a visit Tilden and his father paid the New York Evening Post when Bryant was editor, and of the deference with which the elder Tilden asked his small son's opinions about things.

The father was an intimate friend of Martin Van Buren and Samuel heard much talk of politics in his home. At 18 he wrote a manifesto which was adopted by the leading Democrats of his neighborhood and praised by Van Buren himself.

Tilden's fortune of $5,000,000 was nearly all left to the New York public library. The will was contested, however, and the library obtained only about $2,000,000.

Chess Probably Came From Persia or China

THE invention of the game of chess has been credited to Palamede, a Greek, who is said to have invented it during the siege of Troy, to entertain the warriors during the truce and in times of inaction; but it is more likely that the game came from the Persians or the Chinese. It probably passed to the Arabs and was introduced into Europe as a result of the Crusades. The story is told that the inventor was once presented to the King, and the latter, impressed by his cleverness, offered him anything he wished as a reward for his genius. Whereupon the man asked for a grain of wheat for the first square of his chess board, two for the second, four for the third, and so on, doubling the number every time up to the sixty-fourth and last square. The sovereign ordered his minister to execute such an apparently moderate request, but it was found after calculation that all the granaries of the vast empire were insufficient to supply it.

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THE CHRISTIAN SCIENCE MONITOR

"First the blade, then the ear, then the full grain in the ear"

EDITORIAL

Boston, Mass., Thursday, February 26, 1914

Why the Mother Tongue Gives Way

BULLETINS based on the United States census for 1910 vary much in interest according as they have to do with the particular or universal aspects of experience. One recently issued, showing the linguistic preferences of inhabitants of the United States in 1909 is more than ordinarily attractive to a person understanding what it means to have a native and also an acquired tongue, to know two or more languages and literatures, and to contend resolutely lest the speech of childhood or youth be forgotten when not heard from day to day, week to week, and year to year. The incessant subjection of a great variety of European immigrants to the anglicizing influence of life in the American schools, shops, trade unions and centers of recreation to which they resort is a remarkable process. Whatever their mother tongue may have been, English speech is used by representatives of the second if not the first generation of newcomers. Nowhere else in the world, on anything like the same scale, is this process of readjustment of language carried along on any such scale of cost. Thus of the 3,747,844 persons in New York city, white by race and of alien stock, 19 per cent in 1909 credited Yiddish or Hebrew, 18 per cent German and 12 per cent Italian as being their mother tongue. But investigation shows that of this unprecedented amalgam of races, visible in the metropolis and partially fused into a type of citizen differing much from the Bostonian or Philadelphian, relatively few of the individuals that make up the racial groups long resist use of English.

Conventions of society, modes of dress, rules of personal conduct, standards of faith, resist longer the effect of new environment. Journals in Yiddish, Greek, Italian, German and French encourage knowledge of the mother tongue. But to profit by a school, to do business as employee or as owner, to enter into the thought of the community on its higher sides as expressed by its educators, public officials and civic reformers, requires knowledge of English. First heard and understood in its colloquial forms, in due time it comes to be studied by the alien pupils in day or night schools. The newspaper printed in English supplements the school. So does the political speaker, the actor and the native fellow workman. In a very short time a new tongue is mastered, and then, for the person from over seas, comes the fascination of exploring a vast domain of literature explaining political life from the republican standpoint, and telling of the functions of home, school and church in conserving democracy.

A GREAT deal is being made of the fact that $445,000,000 worth of gold was taken from the ground in 1913, generally regarded as a rather dull year. Compared with other things taken from the ground in 1913, however, the gold output seems insignificant.

A SUFFRAGE slogan announced from the upper Southwest is said to run: "Give us liberty in Missouri, or carfare to Illinois or Kansas." It is possible that some of those using this slogan add, under their breath, "and back."

Baseball in Sentiment and Business

IN THE beginning—that is in the late 50s and early 60s—baseball clubs were made up of local talent, but so far as personnel is concerned organized baseball has long since eliminated the local flavor. A league baseball club of any given city in these times may not have a single player of local origin or training. As a matter of fact, the average professional baseball team is cosmopolitan as regards the nativity and descent of its membership. Nevertheless, a very large percentage of regular attendants upon league games cherish the local-sentiment fiction and entertain an exceptional regard for the home team.

Those who are really fond of the game for its own sake seldom inquire whence the players come, who owns the stock in the local team, or where the control is held. They are interested too deeply in results. They are too much occupied with the score cards, the bulletin boards, and the percentage columns. Yet it should be said that during the trading season they take a deep interest in transfers, and they are pleased or displeased, as the case may be, when the home team gains or loses a noted or favorite player. There are good friends of baseball who sometimes wish that in the trading season less were said about buying and selling. The commercialism involved in transactions between the clubs and between the leagues may be entirely necessary, but it is often, some think, unnecessarily conspicuous.

The commercial note in baseball has recently been accentuated by the open transfer of control of a Chicago team to Cincinnati interests. There is nothing strikingly new in this, yet if the baseball public were sensitive to changes in baseball business such a transfer might have the effect of still further undermining the cherished local-sentiment fiction. There will probably be a retransfer of the Chicago club referred to as nearly all the clubs are owned, or, at least controlled, in the cities from which they take their names. But even if they were not, it is hardly to be doubted that the general interest in the game would be as strong. This could hardly be said of any other line of semi-sentimental, semi-commercial enterprises. It would be difficult to name an interest so closely allied at once with business and with sentiment as is organized baseball that could so easily divert public thought from the consideration of personality and affairs to performance and results. The baseball patron appears to be more deeply concerned in the game itself than in anything or in anybody connected with it.

THERE are those who believe that the income tax schedule in the United States will, for a considerable number of people at least, make solutions of ordinary puzzles appear too simple to deserve attention.

THE assertion of a New York educator that there are too many stenographers is, of course, subject to qualification. There are not too many stenographers of the first class.

Farm Study in City Schools

RURAL districts and communities have long been recruiting urban population. The success attending farm study in city schools of late and notably in Chicago, would seem to supply ground for the belief that the centers of population may in turn and in time recruit the rural population. While there are no trustworthy indications of a change from the cityward trend, the experience of Chicago and other cities in the impartation of agricultural knowledge through the medium of the public schools justifies the hope that while this trend may not be reversed or even seriously checked in the future, it may be compensated for.

Is there not encouragement for this hope in the fact that the evening classes of the Wendell Phillips high school in Chicago include fifty-five men and women who are studying farm work, and in the additional fact that among these are clerks, stenographers and bookkeepers as well as laborers? These people have come together practically upon their own initiative. They sought instruction in agriculture before the school authorities were ready to take up the study. They practically forced agriculture into the curriculum of the evening public schools. Importance attaches to these statements because they show that the fifty-five men and women are not moved by fad or fashion, but by an earnest purpose, to learn how to farm.

Testimony of the principal of the school, Professor Morse, as given in the Monitor's news columns, is to the effect that a considerable percentage of these people had already taken preliminary steps by acquiring land to become farmers before they looked for instruction.

There is other testimony from Chicago and from other cities tending to reveal an unmistakable movement in populous and commercial centers toward rural occupations. It is not a great movement in the ordinary sense; but it is an expression more tangible than what has been common in recent years of the desire among many city-bred men and women to cultivate the soil. This desire finds an outlet often, it is true, in city home gardening and in country summer-home gardening, but those who long for the open and an opportunity to dig and plant and gather, and who have neither the city lot nor the summer home to look to, should be taken into account. Surely the least that can be done is to stimulate through the instrumentality of the public schools whatever popular desire for farm life may become manifest in the crowded towns and cities.

Alumni Bent on Serious Errand

MANY Yale University alumni of the eastern United States spent the recent holiday season in New Haven. They went early enough and stayed long enough to see the university at work. Feasting and fraternizing after the manner of alumni unions were not on the working program this time. It was a time for inspection of academic machinery. To be sure university officials spoke formally on problems of the time and intelligent guides went about with the former students; but the alumni came primarily to see for themselves, and reports indicate that they saw and heard. To argue why a process of investigation of this kind will do more for any institution that has to undergo it than all the commencement season rhetoric and alumni day dining, is not necessary. Yet in how many institutions is there anything like rational supervision by loyal graduates and generous friends of the actual life of the college or the university? On the side of systematic appeal to graduates for pecuniary aid, few contemporary uplift agencies are in the same class with educational institutions. But donors hitherto have trusted to impulses of affection and to official reports as grounds for their generosity. Now a more inquisitive attitude seems to be developing. Alumni and undergraduates are to get nearer, and this without official surveillance. Parents, perchance, propose to visit their children during term time and see classrooms and laboratories as well as dormitories.

In short, even alumni loyalty is to be rationalized and made less sentimental. Colleges are to undergo the tests of efficiency and of correspondence of results with advertisements. Before alumni send their own children or induce the children of others to any given center of education they must be convinced that their investment will bear interest at the required rate of ethical and intellectual development.

Yale seems to have blazed a short cut to better things in the university world.

Place of the Spoken Word

CORRECT enunciation and pronunciation of a language, native or acquired, give distinction to any person so fortunate as to have had correct instruction and discipline in youth. When man gained more of his knowledge and inspiration through the spoken word and less through the written word than he does now, more care was taken with ear training, oral expression and the niceties of speech that betoken culture. When there were wandering minstrels and bards speaking poetry to the people there were more persons proportionately who not only cared for the content of verse but also for its form. When persons spoke less frequently in public than they do now, and when the pace of living was slower, the orator found it possible to please his hearers and at the same time to consider both the form of his speech and the manner of its delivery. Much of contemporary speechmaking is naught but somewhat slovenly thinking out loud. It lacks all distinction of manner whatever worth it may have as an argument or as a statement of facts.

This being so, it is most reassuring to notice the emphasis that is now being put upon correct oral expression in many of the schools and colleges of the United States. The searching criticism passed upon his compatriots by Henry James, when studying altered conditions noted by him after many years of self-imposed exile, has had its effect. Universal jest and jibe at the nasal voice tones of so many women has begun to count. Multiplying visitors from abroad, who often use English with so much better inflection and more accuracy than Americans do, eventually stimulate imitation. Debate of the project to render operas in English compels querying whether it not only would make operas better known but also compel audiences to more critical standards of enunciation and pronunciation.

Last but not least, educators themselves are busy considering whether the schools do all that might be done to cultivate rhythmic speech and accurate use of language, accurate not only grammatically and rhetorically but also euphonically considered. Through ampler instruction by teachers chosen because of their mastery of oral expression and because of freer opportunity for youth to hear fine eloquence, to listen to noble verse and to voice their own emotions in terms of thought, the change will come. Today there is too much teaching of poetry through the eye and not by the way of the ear. There are too many youth trying to understand poetry through editors' "notes" of standard poems and too few coming to appreciation of them by hearing the verse read by persons with interpretative capacity.

The United Kingdom and Her Colonies

QUITE apart from the merits or demerits of the case, which is still to a certain extent sub judice, the recent action of the Cape government in deporting ten of the more prominent leaders in the recent struggle, raises an important political issue. For many years past efforts have been made in many countries to bring about some form of arbitration between nations in the event of differences so as to avoid the barbarous expedient of a resort to the arbitrament of war. Within the last two years this ideal has come nearer than ever to accomplishment, in spite of the great show of vitality manifested by the armament interests. There can be no doubt as to the fundamental wrongness of the war expedient. It is both logically and morally indefensible. Still if war is to be abolished something else must be set up in its place. The international clearing house cannot be left empty, swept and garnished. The ultimate fate of such voids was made plain 2000 years ago.

In regard to the relations which obtain between Great Britain and her colonies, it is becoming daily clearer that such a void does exist, and that it cannot with any safety be allowed to remain. A well-known publicist pointed out several years ago that one of the outstanding features of the United Kingdom's "ownership" of her colonies was the fact that in the event of serious difference she was absolutely helpless. Constitutionally she could not even remonstrate. Much less could she back up her remonstrance with a threat of armed intervention, unless she was prepared to engage in something very nearly approaching civil war. In the somewhat loose confederacy in which the huge bulk of the British empire is bound together, there is no provision for arbitration in the event of serious difference. War is recognized as unthinkable, hence the sense of utter helplessness which pervades alike Downing Street and the rest of the country when a colony, rightly or wrongly, decides to deal with a situation after a new or rather after a very unusual fashion. If recent events in South Africa serve to bring this serious defect into notice and thus secure its rectification, some good will have been wrested from a situation about which there is otherwise but little good that can be said.

United States Senate and Arbitration

UNAMENDED the arbitration treaties between the United States on the one hand and Great Britain, Japan, Italy, Spain, Norway, Sweden, Portugal and Switzerland on the other, have been ratified by the United States Senate. These treaties lapsed in June, 1913, and are now extended five years from that date. With the causes for the hiatus it is not necessary now to deal. Suffice it to say that, once the United States executive department made the issue clear to the people of the country, the ratifying machinery of the Senate began to move, especially since both policy and principle dictated conforming action.

Prolonged refusal to renew these treaties in substantially their original form, or final rejection of them, would have committed the United States to what would have doubtless become memorable as a betrayal of national ideals. Primacy, nobly won and splendidly practised, in a great field of international betterment, would have been lost; such a retreat would have been agreed upon as would have tended to discourage idealists throughout the world. Fortunately the Senate, with its altered and reconstructed personnel, remained constant to the best national traditions, and placed no obstacles in the way of the President and the secretary of state. It is assumed by persons conversant with affairs that renewal of these treaties will have the desirable result of lessening the tension existing between the United States and at least two powers, and will give the department of state a freer hand henceforth.

If it be recalled that, supplementing these renewed treaties relative to appeal to the Hague tribunal, there are now a respectable series of new compacts negotiated by Secretary Bryan, which, when made effective, will delay declaration of war for a season pending negotiations, it will be seen that the United States is not really becoming a more militant power. Were she really so, or eager for a chance to join combat and to loot territory, her policy toward Mexico would be other than it is.

THE Democrats of Kansas who met at Topeka on Monday, after recognizing the rights of women in respect to legislation, invited them as a body to come into the Democratic fold. This offer of hospitality can hardly be misunderstood. It implies for one thing that Kansas Democrats will be favorable to an equal suffrage platform plank in 1916. Coming so early, or following so closely upon President Wilson's statement of attitude, it may have the effect of swinging many other Democratic state conventions into line this year; it is even possible that enough of them may swing into line to constitute what the head of the party may regard, before the year is over, as a mandate on suffrage. At all events Kansas has struck the key.

THE rice crop of the Philippines for the past year was the largest recently gathered in the archipelago, being 100 per cent greater than that recorded for 1912. Incidentally much more rice is being consumed and by a much greater number of people than formerly. When in doubt a very large percentage of restaurant patrons order rice pudding if they overlook apple pie.

A GREAT deal is said about the immense amount of money Americans spend in Europe annually. But Europe spent last year $1,499,572,363 with one of the American nations, the United States.

IT IS a little bit strange, everything considered, that so much stress should be laid upon July 1 as the date for opening the Panama canal, with July 4 so near.